

=> file registry  
FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:01:44 ON 05 SEP 2007  
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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 4 SEP 2007 HIGHEST RN 946048-22-2  
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 4 SEP 2007 HIGHEST RN 946048-22-2

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH June 29, 2007

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<http://www.cas.org/support/stngen/stndoc/properties.html>

=> file zcaplus  
FILE 'ZCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:01:49 ON 05 SEP 2007  
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FILE COVERS 1907 - 5 Sep 2007 VOL 147 ISS 11  
FILE LAST UPDATED: 4 Sep 2007 (20070904/ED)

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.  
'OBI' IS DEFAULT SEARCH FIELD FOR 'ZCAPLUS' FILE

=> d stat que L83  
L77 62 SEA FILE=ZCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON DAL FARRA C?/AU  
L78 59 SEA FILE=ZCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON DOMLOGE N?/AU  
L79 31 SEA FILE=ZCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON BOTTO J?/AU  
L80 57 SEA FILE=ZCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L77 AND (L78 OR L79)  
L81 7 SEA FILE=ZCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L78 AND L79  
L83 6 SEA FILE=ZCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L80 AND L81

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=> d stat que L86
L2      1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON 158734-09-9
L5      10 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L2
L77     62 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON DAL FARRA C?/AU
L78     59 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON DOMLOGE N?/AU
L79     31 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON BOTTO J?/AU
L86     3 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L5 AND (L77 OR L78 OR L79)

=> d stat que L88
L2      1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON 158734-09-9
L5      10 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L2
L6      186 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON ^.{0-3}RGS.{0-3}^/SQSP
L15     257 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L6
L16     141667 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON COSMET?/CC
L17     0 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L15 AND L16
L18     175128 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON ?COSMET?/SC, SX
L19     2257205 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON PHARM?/CC, SX, SC
L26     1741414 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON (THU OR BAC OR PKT OR PAC OR
DMA) /RL
L30     85846 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON ?COSMET?/BI
L31     215552 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON ?DERM?/BI
L32     315606 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON ?SKIN?/BI
L33     907 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON ?CELLULIT?/BI
L34     206046 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON AGING?/BI OR ANTIAGING?/BI
L40     65 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L15 (L) L26
L47     1375243 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON GROWTH/BI
L58     4163 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON BONE GROWTH?/BI
L59     1630 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON BODY GROWTH?/BI
L61     218210 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON BONE#/BI
L73     1138160 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON GROWTH/AB
L77     62 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON DAL FARRA C?/AU
L78     59 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON DOMLOGE N?/AU
L79     31 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON BOTTO J?/AU
L87     6 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L5 AND ((L16 OR L17 OR L18 OR
L19) OR L30 OR L40 OR (L31 OR L32 OR L33 OR L34) OR L47 OR
(L58 OR L59) OR L61 OR L73)
L88     3 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L87 AND (L77 OR L78 OR L79)

=> s L77-L79 and L15
L93     0 (L77 OR L78 OR L79) AND L15

=> s L83 or L86 or L88
L94     7 L83 OR L86 OR L88

=> d ibib abs hitind hitstr L94 1-7

L94 ANSWER 1 OF 7 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:1036509 ZCPLUS Full-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:404166
TITLE: Use of compounds inducing synthesis of SIRT proteins
in or for preparing a cosmetic or pharmaceutical
composition
INVENTOR(S): Dal Farra, Claude; Domloge, Nouha;
Botto, Jean-Marie
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Societe D'Extraction Des Principes Actifs Sa
(Vincience), Fr.
```

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 20pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: French

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2006103356	A2	20061005	WO 2006-FR699	20060330
WO 2006103356	A3	20070322		
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
FR 2883751	A1	20061006	FR 2005-3198	20050401

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: FR 2005-3198 A 20050401

AB The invention concerns a cosmetic or dermatopharmaceutical or dermatol. composition comprising, as active principle, in a cosmetically or pharmaceutically acceptable medium, at least one compound capable of activating the synthesis of SIRT proteins in the skin cells. The invention also concerns the use of said compns. A pharmaceutical cream contained cetearyl alc. and cetearyl glucoside 6.00, squalane 3.00, Cetiol SB-45 2.00, cetearyl ethylhexanoate 3.00, mineral oil and lanolin alc. 2.00, dimethicone 1.50, BHT 0.01, butylene glycol 2.00, Gucam E10 1.00, allantoin 0.15, carbomer 0.20, avocado oil 1.25, phenonip 0.75, triethanolamine 0.18, fragrance, dyes and water q.s. 100%, and a hexapeptide of the invention 2 ppm.

IC ICM A61K

CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)

Section cross-reference(s): 62

L94 ANSWER 2 OF 7 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:1036508 ZCPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:404165

TITLE: Dermatological and/or cosmetic composition containing polypeptides

INVENTOR(S): *Dal Farra, Claude; Domloge, Nouha; Botto, Jean-Marie*

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Societe D'Extraction Des Principes Actifs Sa (Vincience), Fr.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 21pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: French

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2006103354	A2	20061005	WO 2006-FR697	20060330
WO 2006103354	A3	20070607		
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,				

CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,  
GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR,  
KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX,  
MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE,  
SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC,  
VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW

RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,  
IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ,  
CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH,  
GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,  
KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AP, EA, EP, OA

FR 2883753 A1 20061006 FR 2005-3205 20050401

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: FR 2005-3205 A 20050401

AB The invention concerns the use of proteins of the SIRT family or polypeptide or peptide fragments of SIRT5 proteins as active principle, alone or in combination with another active principle, in or for preparing a pharmaceutical and/or dermatol. and/or cosmetic composition. The invention also concerns all composition containing said active principle. A pharmaceutical cream contained cetearyl alc. and cetearyl glucoside 6.00, squalane 3.00, Cetiol SB-45 2.00, cetearyl ethylhexanoate 3.00, mineral oil and lanolin alc. 2.00, dimethicone 1.50, BHT 0.01, butylene glycol 2.00, Gucam E10 1.00, allantoin 0.15, carbomer 0.20, avocado oil 1.25, phenonip 0.75, triethanolamine 0.18, fragrance, dyes and water q.s. 100%, and a hexapeptide of the invention 2 ppm.

IC ICM A61K

CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)

Section cross-reference(s): 62

L94 ANSWER 3 OF 7 ZCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:1034147 ZCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:383537

TITLE: Use of compounds inducing the synthesis of SIRT proteins in or for the preparation of a cosmetic or pharmaceutical composition

INVENTOR(S): *Dal Farra, Claude; Domloge, Nouha;  
Botto, Jean-Marie*

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Societe D'Extraction Des Principes Actifs Sa (Vincience), Fr.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 20pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2006103110	A1	20061005	WO 2006-EP3190	20060330
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				

FR 2883752 A1 20061006 FR 2005-3202 20050401  
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: FR 2005-3202 A 20050401  
 AB The present invention concerns a cosmetic, or dermo-pharmaceutical, or dermatol. composition comprising, as an active agent in an acceptable cosmetic or pharmaceutical medium, at least one compound able to activate the synthesis of SIRT proteins in skin cells. The present invention also relates to the use of said composition  
 CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)  
 Section cross-reference(s): 1, 62  
 REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L94 ANSWER 4 OF 7 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:1031664 ZCPLUS Full-text  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:403492  
 TITLE: Use of compounds inducing synthesis of SIRT proteins in or for preparing a cosmetic or pharmaceutical compositions  
 INVENTOR(S): *Dal Farra, Claude; Domloge, Nouha; Botto, Jean-Marie*  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Societe D'Extraction Des Principes Actifs Sa (Vincience), Fr.  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 27pp.  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: French  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2006103352	A1	20061005	WO 2006-FR695	20060330
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				

FR 2883754 A1 20061006 FR 2005-3206 20050401  
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: FR 2005-3206 A 20050401  
 AB The invention concerns a cosmetic or dermopharmaceutical or dermatol. composition comprising, as active principle, in a cosmetically or pharmaceutically acceptable medium, at least one compound capable of activating the synthesis of SIRT proteins in the skin cells. The invention also concerns the use of said composition. An antiwrinkle cream contained cetearyl alc. and cetearyl glucoside 6.00, squalane 3.00, shea butter 2.00, cetyl ethylhexanoate 3.00, mineral oil and lanolin alc. 2.00, dimethicone 1.50, BHT 0.01, butylene glycol 2.00, Me gluceth-10 1.00, allantoin 0.15, carbomer 0:20, avocado oil 1.25, Phenonip 0.75, triethanolamine 0.18, fragrance, dyes, and water q.s. 100% and peptide of the invention 2 ppm.  
 CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)  
 Section cross-reference(s): 63

REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L94 ANSWER 5 OF 7 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:634638 ZCPLUS Full-text  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:109763  
 TITLE: Slimming *cosmetic* composition  
 INVENTOR(S): *Dal Farra, Claude; Domloge, Nouha*  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Societe D'Extraction des Principes Actifs, Fr.  
 SOURCE: Fr. Demande, 20 pp.  
 CODEN: FRXXBL  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: French  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
FR 2879925	A1	20060630	FR 2004-13792	20041223
FR 2879925	B1	20070615		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			FR 2004-13792	20041223

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 145:109763

AB A *cosmetic* and/or *dermatol.* and/or pharmaceutical composition comprises combination of a peptide and a xanthan base. The composition is used for the treatment of the *cellulite* and/or decrease, eliminate, or prevent s.c. extra lipids. A cream contained Montanov-68 5.00, squalane 2.50, iso-Pr palmitate 3.50, octyldodecanol 1.50, phenonip 0.50, glycerin 3.00, butylene glycol 3.00, Simulgel EG 0.60, Arg-Gly-Ser 1.25 ppm, caffeine 1.00, fragrance and water q.s. 100%.

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and *Cosmetics*)

ST slimming *cosmetic* cream peptide xanthan lipid

IT Skin  
 (cellulite; slimming *cosmetic* composition comprising combination of peptide and xanthan base)

IT Inflammation  
 (cellulitis; slimming *cosmetic* composition comprising combination of peptide and xanthan base)

IT Cosmetics  
 (creams; slimming *cosmetic* composition comprising combination of peptide and xanthan base)

IT Glycols, biological studies  
 RL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (ethoxylated propoxylated; slimming *cosmetic* composition comprising combination of peptide and xanthan base)

IT Cosmetics  
 (gels; slimming *cosmetic* composition comprising combination of peptide and xanthan base)

IT Alcohols, biological studies  
 RL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (polyhydric; slimming *cosmetic* composition comprising combination of peptide and xanthan base)

IT Cosmetics  
 Liposomes  
 Solvents  
 (slimming *cosmetic* composition comprising combination of peptide and xanthan base)

IT Lipids, biological studies  
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)  
 (slimming *cosmetic* composition comprising combination of peptide and xanthan base)

IT Bentonite, biological studies  
 RL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(slimming cosmetic composition comprising combination of peptide and xanthan base)

IT Peptides, biological studies  
 RL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (slimming cosmetic composition comprising combination of peptide and xanthan base)

IT Petrolatum  
 RL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (slimming cosmetic composition comprising combination of peptide and xanthan base)

IT Cosmetics  
 (sprays; slimming cosmetic composition comprising combination of peptide and xanthan base)

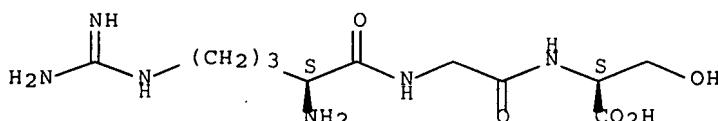
IT Fats and Glyceridic oils, biological studies  
 RL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (vegetable; slimming cosmetic composition comprising combination of peptide and xanthan base)

IT 57-55-6, Propylene glycol, biological studies 58-08-2, Caffeine, biological studies 58-55-9, Theophylline, biological studies 64-17-5, Ethanol, biological studies 67-63-0, Isopropanol, biological studies 71-23-8, Propanol, biological studies 83-67-0, Theobromine 110-63-4, Butylene glycol, biological studies 314-35-2, ETamiphylline 437-74-1, Xanthinol nicotinate 479-18-5, Diprophylline 519-37-9, Etophylline 603-00-9, Proxyphylline 652-37-9, Acefylline 2016-63-9, Bamiphylline 6493-05-6, Pentoxiphylline 11138-66-2, Xanthan 14807-96-6, Talcs, biological studies 17692-30-7 25265-71-8, Dipropylene glycol 53403-97-7, Pyridofylline 55242-55-2, Propentophylline 158734-09-9  
 RL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (slimming cosmetic composition comprising combination of peptide and xanthan base)

IT 158734-09-9  
 RL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (slimming cosmetic composition comprising combination of peptide and xanthan base)

RN 158734-09-9 ZCPLUS  
 CN L-Serine, L-arginylglycyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



REFERENCE COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L94 ANSWER 6 OF 7 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:430757 ZCPLUS Full-text  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:428695  
 TITLE: Cosmetic or pharmaceutical composition comprising peptides with the sequence Arg-Gly-Ser  
 INVENTOR(S): *Dal Farra, Claude; Domloge, Nouha; Botto, Jean-Marie*  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Societe d'Extraction des Principes Actifs (Vincience), Fr.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 35 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: French

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004043482	A1	20040527	WO 2003-FR3280	20031104
W: AU, BR, CA, CN, CO, DZ, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KR, MA, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, SG, UA, US, UZ, ZA				
RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
FR 2846883	A1	20040514	FR 2002-14012	20021108
FR 2846883	B1	20041224		
FR 2858769	A1	20050218	FR 2003-9889	20030813
FR 2858769	B1	20060210		
AU 2003292326	A1	20040603	AU 2003-292326	20031104
EP 1575605	A1	20050921	EP 2003-767892	20031104
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK				
US 2006013794	A1	20060119	US 2005-534355	20050509
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			FR 2002-14012	A 20021108
			FR 2003-9889	A 20030813
			WO 2003-FR3280	W 20031104

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 140:428695

AB The invention relates to the use of at least one peptide, with the sequence (AA)<sub>n</sub>-Arg-Gly-Ser-(AA)<sub>n</sub>, where (AA) is any amino acid or a derivative thereof and n = 0 to 3, as an active ingredient in or for the preparation of a cosmetic and/or dermatol. and/or pharmaceutical preparation. The invention also relates to the use thereof for the treatment, amongst others, of the effects of cutaneous aging and/or the use thereof against cellulite, to a composition comprising the same and to a cosmetic method for the treatment of the skin using said peptide or said composition. The amount of interacellular ATP in cultured fibroblasts and adipocytes was increased when treated with a solution of 1% Arg-Gly-Ser. Formulation of an oil-in-water preps. containing 1.5 ppm of above peptide is disclosed.

IC ICM A61K038-06  
ICS A61K038-07; A61K038-08; A61K007-40; A61K007-48; A61P017-00

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)  
Section cross-reference(s): 1, 63

ST cosmetic pharmaceutical peptide arginine glycine serine

IT Cosmetics  
(antiaging; cosmetic or pharmaceutical composition comprising peptides with sequence Arg-Gly-Ser)

IT Skin  
(cellulite; cosmetic or pharmaceutical composition comprising peptides with sequence Arg-Gly-Ser)

IT Peptides, biological studies  
RL: COS (Cosmetic use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(cosmetic or pharmaceutical composition comprising peptides with sequence Arg-Gly-Ser)

IT Cosmetics  
(creams; cosmetic or pharmaceutical composition comprising peptides with sequence Arg-Gly-Ser)

IT Cosmetics

(emulsions; *cosmetic* or pharmaceutical composition comprising peptides with sequence Arg-Gly-Ser)

IT *Cosmetics*

(gels; *cosmetic* or pharmaceutical composition comprising peptides with sequence Arg-Gly-Ser)

IT *Cosmetics*

(lotions; *cosmetic* or pharmaceutical composition comprising peptides with sequence Arg-Gly-Ser)

IT *Cosmetics*

(sprays; *cosmetic* or pharmaceutical composition comprising peptides with sequence Arg-Gly-Ser)

IT 158734-09-9

RL: COS (Cosmetic use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(*cosmetic* or pharmaceutical composition comprising peptides with sequence Arg-Gly-Ser)

IT 158734-09-9

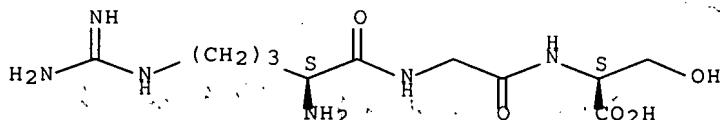
RL: COS (Cosmetic use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(*cosmetic* or pharmaceutical composition comprising peptides with sequence Arg-Gly-Ser)

RN 158734-09-9 ZCPLUS

CN L-Serine, L-arginylglycyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L94 ANSWER 7 OF 7 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:390946 ZCPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:395243

TITLE: Cosmetic composition comprising as active ingredient at least a peptide

INVENTOR(S): Dal Farra, Claude; Domloge, Nouha; Botto, Jean Marie

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Vincience, Fr.

SOURCE: Fr. Demande, 25 pp.

CODEN: FRXXBL

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: French

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
FR 2846883	A1	20040514	FR 2002-14012	20021108
FR 2846883	B1	20041224		
WO 2004043482	A1	20040527	WO 2003-FR3280	20031104
			W: AU, BR, CA, CN, CO, DZ, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KR, MA, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, SG, UA, US, UZ, ZA	
			RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ,	

BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
AU 2003292326	A1	20040603	AU 2003-292326	20031104
EP 1575605	A1	20050921	EP 2003-767892	20031104
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK				
US 2006013794	A1	20060119	US 2005-534355	20050509
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				
			FR 2002-14012	A 20021108
			FR 2003-9889	A 20030813
			WO 2003-FR3280	W 20031104

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 140:395243

AB A cosmetic, dermatol., and/or pharmaceutical composition comprises a peptide (AA)n-Arg-Gly-Ser-(AA)n, in which (AA) is unspecified amino acid or one of its derivs., and N is between 0 and 3. The peptide is for treating the manifestations of cutaneous ageing and to protect the skin against the external aggressions. Efficacy of Arg-Gly-Ser in enhancement of ATP production in cultured fibroblast is shown. A lotion contained Arg-Gly-Ser 0.1 ppm, propylene glycol 1.00, allantoin 0.30, glycerin 1.00, Cetiol HE (PEG-7 glyceryl cocoate) 1.00, preservatives 0.20, perfume 0.50, and water q.s. 100%.

IC ICM A61K007-48  
ICS A61K007-40; A61K038-06; A61K038-08; A61K038-07; A61P017-00

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)  
Section cross-reference(s): 1, 63

ST antiaging cosmetic peptide

IT Cosmetics  
(antiaging; cosmetic composition comprising as active ingredient at least peptide)

IT Cell differentiation  
Cosmetics

Liposomes

Solvents  
(cosmetic composition comprising as active ingredient at least peptide)

IT Petrolatum  
RL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(cosmetic composition comprising as active ingredient at least peptide)

IT Cosmetics  
(creams; cosmetic composition comprising as active ingredient at least peptide)

IT Cosmetics  
(emulsions; cosmetic composition comprising as active ingredient at least peptide)

IT Cosmetics  
(gels; cosmetic composition comprising as active ingredient at least peptide)

IT Drug delivery systems  
(liposomes; cosmetic composition comprising as active ingredient at least peptide)

IT Cosmetics  
(lotions; cosmetic composition comprising as active ingredient at least peptide)

IT Alcohols, biological studies  
RL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(polyhydric; cosmetic composition comprising as active ingredient at least peptide)

IT Cosmetics  
(powders; cosmetic composition comprising as active ingredient at

least peptide)

IT Cosmetics  
 (sticks; cosmetic composition comprising as active ingredient at least peptide)

IT Fats and Glyceridic oils, biological studies  
 RL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (vegetable; cosmetic composition comprising as active ingredient at least peptide)

IT 56-65-5, Atp, biological studies  
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)  
 (cosmetic composition comprising as active ingredient at least peptide)

IT 57-55-6, Propylene glycol, biological studies 64-17-5, Ethanol,  
 biological studies 67-63-0, Isopropanol, biological studies 71-23-8,  
 Propanol, biological studies 9003-11-6, Polyoxyethylene polyoxypropylene  
 glycol 25265-71-8, Dipropylene glycol 25265-75-2, Butylene glycol  
 RL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (cosmetic composition comprising as active ingredient at least peptide)

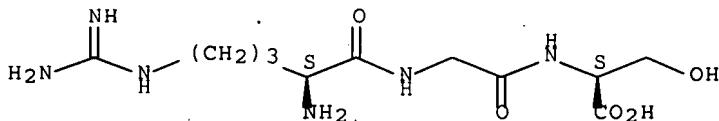
IT 158734-09-9  
 RL: COS (Cosmetic use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study);  
 USES (Uses)  
 (cosmetic composition comprising as active ingredient at least peptide)

IT 7440-70-2, Calcium, biological studies  
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)  
 (intracellular; cosmetic composition comprising as active ingredient at least peptide)

IT 158734-09-9  
 RL: COS (Cosmetic use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study);  
 USES (Uses)  
 (cosmetic composition comprising as active ingredient at least peptide)

RN 158734-09-9 ZCAPLUS  
 CN L-Serine, L-arginylglycyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:03:47 ON 05 SEP 2007  
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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 4 SEP 2007 HIGHEST RN 946048-22-2  
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 4 SEP 2007 HIGHEST RN 946048-22-2

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TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH June 29, 2007

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 5 Sep 2007 VOL 147 ISS 11  
FILE LAST UPDATED: 4 Sep 2007 (20070904/ED)

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This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

'OBI' IS DEFAULT SEARCH FIELD FOR 'ZCAPLUS' FILE

=> d stat que L25  
L2 1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON 158734-09-9  
L16 141667 SEA FILE=ZCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON COSMET?/CC  
L18 175128 SEA FILE=ZCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON ?COSMET?/SC, SX  
L19 2257205 SEA FILE=ZCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON PHARM?/CC, SX, SC  
L21 10 SEA FILE=ZCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L2

L22	3 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L21 AND L16
L23	3 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L21 AND L18
L24	5 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L21 AND L19
L25	6 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	(L22 OR L23 OR L24)

=> d stat que L27

L2	1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON	PLU=ON	158734-09-9
L26	1741414 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	(THU OR BAC OR PKT OR PAC OR DMA) /RL
L27	4 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L2 (L) L26

=> d stat que L5

L2	1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON	PLU=ON	158734-09-9
L5	10 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L2

=> d stat que L87

L2	1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON	PLU=ON	158734-09-9
L5	10 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L2
L6	186 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON	PLU=ON	^.{0-3}RGS.{0-3}^/SQSP
L15	257 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L6
L16	141667 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	COSMET?/CC
L17	0 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 AND L16
L18	175128 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	?COSMET?/SC, SX
L19	2257205 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	PHARM?/CC, SX, SC
L26	1741414 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	(THU OR BAC OR PKT OR PAC OR DMA) /RL
L30	85846 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	?COSMET?/BI
L31	215552 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	?DERM?/BI
L32	315606 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	?SKIN?/BI
L33	907 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	?CELLULIT?/BI
L34	206046 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	AGING?/BI OR ANTIAGING?/BI
L40	65 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 (L) L26
L47	1375243 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	GROWTH/BI
L58	4163 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	BONE GROWTH?/BI
L59	1630 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	BODY GROWTH?/BI
L61	218210 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	BONE#/BI
L73	1138160 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	GROWTH/AB
L87	6 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L5 AND ((L16 OR L17 OR L18 OR L19) OR L30 OR L40 OR (L31 OR L32 OR L33 OR L34) OR L47 OR (L58 OR L59) OR L61 OR L73)

=> d stat que L35

L6	186 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON	PLU=ON	^.{0-3}RGS.{0-3}^/SQSP
L15	257 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L6
L30	85846 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	?COSMET?/BI
L35	1 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 AND L30

=> d stat que L41

L6	186 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON	PLU=ON	^.{0-3}RGS.{0-3}^/SQSP
L15	257 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L6
L26	1741414 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	(THU OR BAC OR PKT OR PAC OR DMA) /RL
L30	85846 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	?COSMET?/BI
L31	215552 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	?DERM?/BI
L32	315606 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	?SKIN?/BI

L33	907 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	?CELLULIT?/BI
L34	206046 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	AGING?/BI OR ANTIAGING?/BI
L40	65 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 (L) L26
L41	12 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L40 AND (L30 OR L31 OR L32 OR L33 OR L34)

=> d stat que L42			
L6	186 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON	PLU=ON	^.{0-3}RGS.{0-3}^/SQSP
L15	257 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L6
L18	175128 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	?COSMET?/SC, SX
L42	2 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 AND L18

=> d stat que L60			
L6	186 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON	PLU=ON	^.{0-3}RGS.{0-3}^/SQSP
L15	257 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L6
L49	129 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 AND PY<2003
L50	138 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 AND PRY<2003
L51	126 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 AND AY<2003
L52	166 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	(L49 OR L50 OR L51)
L58	4163 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	BONE GROWTH?/BI
L59	1630 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	BODY GROWTH?/BI
L60	2 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	(L58 OR L59) AND L52

=> d stat que L62			
L6	186 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON	PLU=ON	^.{0-3}RGS.{0-3}^/SQSP
L15	257 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L6
L49	129 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 AND PY<2003
L50	138 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 AND PRY<2003
L51	126 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 AND AY<2003
L52	166 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	(L49 OR L50 OR L51)
L61	218210 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	BONE#/BI
L62	11 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L61 AND L52

=> d stat que L63			
L6	186 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON	PLU=ON	^.{0-3}RGS.{0-3}^/SQSP
L15	257 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L6
L26	1741414 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	(THU OR BAC OR PKT OR PAC OR DMA)/RL
L40	65 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 (L) L26
L49	129 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 AND PY<2003
L50	138 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 AND PRY<2003
L51	126 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 AND AY<2003
L52	166 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	(L49 OR L50 OR L51)
L61	218210 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	BONE#/BI
L62	11 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L61 AND L52
L63	3 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L40 AND L62

=> d stat que L53			
L6	186 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON	PLU=ON	^.{0-3}RGS.{0-3}^/SQSP
L15	257 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L6
L30	85846 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	?COSMET?/BI
L31	215552 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	?DERM?/BI
L32	315606 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	?SKIN?/BI
L33	907 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	?CELLULIT?/BI
L34	206046 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	AGING?/BI OR ANTIAGING?/BI

L35	1 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 AND L30
L36	16 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 AND L31
L37	22 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 AND L32
L38	0 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 AND L33
L39	1 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 AND L34
L49	129 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 AND PY<2003
L50	138 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 AND PRY<2003
L51	126 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 AND AY<2003
L52	166 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	(L49 OR L50 OR L51)
L53	20 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L52 AND (L35 OR L36 OR L37 OR L38 OR L39)

=> d stat que L64

L6	186 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON	PLU=ON	^.{0-3}RGS.{0-3}^/SQSP
L15	257 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L6
L26	1741414 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	(THU OR BAC OR PKT OR PAC OR DMA)/RL
L30	85846 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	?COSMET?/BI
L31	215552 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	?DERM?/BI
L32	315606 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	?SKIN?/BI
L33	907 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	?CELLULIT?/BI
L34	206046 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	AGING?/BI OR ANTIAGING?/BI
L35	1 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 AND L30
L36	16 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 AND L31
L37	22 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 AND L32
L38	0 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 AND L33
L39	1 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 AND L34
L40	65 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 (L) L26
L49	129 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 AND PY<2003
L50	138 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 AND PRY<2003
L51	126 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 AND AY<2003
L52	166 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	(L49 OR L50 OR L51)
L53	20 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L52 AND (L35 OR L36 OR L37 OR L38 OR L39)
L64	9 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L53 AND L40

=> d stat que L68

L6	186 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON	PLU=ON	^.{0-3}RGS.{0-3}^/SQSP
L15	257 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L6
L26	1741414 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	(THU OR BAC OR PKT OR PAC OR DMA)/RL
L40	65 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 (L) L26
L47	1375243 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	GROWTH/BI
L49	129 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 AND PY<2003
L50	138 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 AND PRY<2003
L51	126 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 AND AY<2003
L52	166 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	(L49 OR L50 OR L51)
L67	52 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L40 AND L52
L68	10 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L67 AND L47

=> d stat que L70

L6	186 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON	PLU=ON	^.{0-3}RGS.{0-3}^/SQSP
L15	257 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L6
L26	1741414 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	(THU OR BAC OR PKT OR PAC OR DMA)/RL
L30	85846 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	?COSMET?/BI
L31	215552 SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	?DERM?/BI

L32	315606	SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	?SKIN?/BI
L33	907	SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	?CELLULIT?/BI
L34	206046	SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	AGING?/BI OR ANTIAGING?/BI
L35	1	SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 AND L30
L36	16	SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 AND L31
L37	22	SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 AND L32
L38	0	SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 AND L33
L39	1	SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 AND L34
L40	65	SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 (L) L26
L49	129	SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 AND PY<2003
L50	138	SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 AND PRY<2003
L51	126	SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 AND AY<2003
L52	166	SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	(L49 OR L50 OR L51)
L53	20	SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L52 AND (L35 OR L36 OR L37 OR L38 OR L39)
L70	9	SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L53 AND L40

=> d stat que L74

L6	186	SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON	PLU=ON	^.{0-3}RGS.{0-3}^/SQSP
L15	257	SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L6
L49	129	SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 AND PY<2003
L50	138	SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 AND PRY<2003
L51	126	SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 AND AY<2003
L52	166	SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	(L49 OR L50 OR L51)
L73	1138160	SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	GROWTH/AB
L74	13	SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L73 AND L52

=> d stat que L91

L6	186	SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON	PLU=ON	^.{0-3}RGS.{0-3}^/SQSP
L15	257	SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L6
L89	26504	SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	CUTANEOUS/BI
L91	1	SEA FILE=ZCPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 AND L89

=> s (L25 or L27 or L5 or L87 or L35 or L41 or L42 or L60 or L62 or L63 or L53 or

L64 or L68 or L70 or L74 or L91) not L94

L95	51	(L25 OR L27 OR L5 OR L87 OR L35 OR L41 OR L42 OR L60 OR L62 OR L63 OR L53 OR L64 OR L68 OR L70 OR L74 OR L91)	NOT L94
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=> d ibib abs hitind hitstr L95 1-51

L95	ANSWER 1 OF 51	ZCPLUS	COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:	2007:793674	ZCPLUS	<u>Full-text</u>
DOCUMENT NUMBER:	147:159832		
TITLE:	Self-activating Clostridium neurotoxins with a modified cleavage site in the di-chain loop region		
INVENTOR(S):	Steward, Lance E.; Oka, Melvin S.		
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):	Allergan, Inc., USA		
SOURCE:	U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 294pp.		
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Patent		
LANGUAGE:	English		
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:	1		
PATENT INFORMATION:			

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
US 2007166332	A1	20070719	US 2006-533223	20060919

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 2005-718616P P 20050919

AB Variants of Clostridial neurotoxins that can activate themselves by cleavage to the active di-chain form are described. This is achieved by replacing the cleavage site in the di-chain loop recognized by the endogenous activating proteinase with the cleavage site recognized by the toxin.

INCL 424239100; 530350000; 435069100; 435252300; 435471000

CC 4-5 (Toxicology)

Section cross-reference(s): 1, 7, 10, 62

IT 2543-43-3 54017-28-6 64134-30-1 71823-88-6 91859-00-6 92000-76-5  
98849-88-8 103425-05-4 124388-42-7 141074-86-4 145646-22-6  
158734-08-8 158760-86-2 164215-03-6 174144-06-0  
188591-98-2 188591-99-3 188592-00-9 188592-01-0 188592-03-2  
188592-04-3 188592-11-2 188592-13-4 188592-15-6 188592-17-8  
188592-18-9 292140-90-0 305362-45-2 339988-14-6 345643-16-5  
481710-68-3 500995-42-6 500995-43-7 501431-60-3 501431-62-5  
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878546-89-5 878546-90-8 878546-92-0 878546-93-1 878546-94-2  
878546-95-3 878546-96-4 878546-97-5 878546-98-6 878546-99-7  
878547-00-3 878547-01-4 878547-02-5 878547-03-6 878547-04-7  
878547-05-8 878547-06-9 943965-31-9 943965-32-0 943965-33-1  
943965-34-2 943965-35-3 943965-36-4 943965-37-5 943965-38-6  
943965-39-7 943965-40-0 943965-41-1 943965-42-2 943965-43-3  
943965-44-4 943965-45-5 943965-46-6 943965-47-7 943965-48-8  
943965-49-9 943965-50-2 943965-51-3 944017-34-9

RL: PRP (Properties)

(unclaimed sequence; self-activating Clostridium neurotoxins with modified cleavage site in di-chain loop region)

IT 158734-08-8

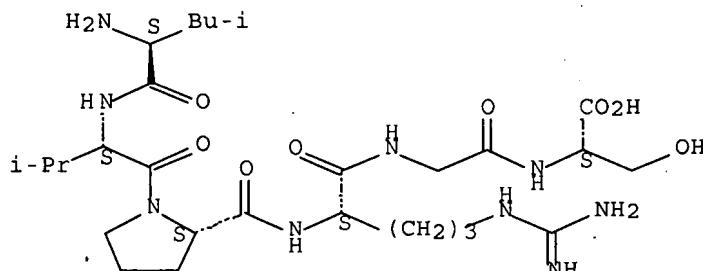
RL: PRP (Properties)

(unclaimed sequence; self-activating Clostridium neurotoxins with modified cleavage site in di-chain loop region)

RN 158734-08-8 ZCPLUS

CN L-Serine, L-leucyl-L-valyl-L-prolyl-L-arginylglycyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L95 ANSWER 2 OF 51 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:1228896 ZCPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:6347

TITLE: Improved nanobodies (single-domain VHH antibodies) against tumor necrosis factor-alpha, and therapeutic and diagnostic uses thereof

INVENTOR(S): Beirnaert, Els

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ablynx NV, Belg.  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 530pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2006122786	A2	20061123	WO 2006-EP4678	20060517
WO 2006122786	A3	20070322		
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2005-682332P P 20050518

AB The present invention relates to improved Nanobodies<sup>TM</sup> (Trademark of Ablynx) against Tumor necrosis factor-alpha (TNF- $\alpha$ ), as well as to polypeptides comprising or essentially consisting of one or more of such Nanobodies. Nanobodies are the smallest functional VHH fragments of naturally occurring heavy chain single-domain antibodies. Anti-TNF and anti-serum albumin nanobodies were identified using llamas (*Lama glama*) immunized with human TNF $\alpha$  and serum albumin. In one embodiment anti-TNF nanobody linked to anti-serum albumin nanobody via peptide linker. The invention also relates to nucleic acids encoding such Nanobodies and polypeptides; to methods for preparing such Nanobodies and polypeptides; to host cells expressing or capable of expressing such Nanobodies or polypeptides; to compns. comprising such Nanobodies, polypeptides, nucleic acids or host cells; and to uses of such Nanobodies, such polypeptides, such nucleic acids, such host cells or such compns., in particular for prophylactic, therapeutic or diagnostic purposes, such as the prophylactic, therapeutic or diagnostic purposes.

IC ICM C12N

CC 15-3 (Immunochemistry)

Section cross-reference(s): 63

IT Skin, disease

(pemphigus; improved nanobodies (single-domain VHH antibodies) against tumor necrosis factor-alpha, and therapeutic and diagnostic uses thereof)

IT Connective tissue, disease

(scleroderma; improved nanobodies (single-domain VHH antibodies) against tumor necrosis factor-alpha, and therapeutic and diagnostic uses thereof)

IT 145061-00-3	155177-31-4	883969-56-0	883969-57-1	883969-58-2
883969-59-3	883969-60-6	883969-61-7	883969-62-8	883969-63-9
883969-64-0	883969-65-1	883969-66-2	883969-67-3	883969-68-4
883969-69-5	883969-70-8	883969-71-9	883969-72-0	883969-73-1
883969-74-2	883969-75-3	883969-76-4	883969-78-6	
915382-65-9	915382-66-0	915382-67-1	915382-68-2	915382-69-3
915382-70-6	915382-71-7	915382-72-8	915382-73-9	915382-74-0
915382-75-1	915382-76-2	915382-77-3	915382-78-4	915382-79-5
915382-80-8	915382-81-9	915382-82-0	915382-83-1	915382-84-2



US	1998-79640	B2	19980515	<--
US	2001-263473P	P	20010123	<--
US	2001-263668P	P	20010123	<--
US	2001-807742	B1	20010418	<--
US	2005-230299	A2	20050919	
US	1988-249616	B1	19880926	<--
US	1994-215020	B1	19940318	<--
US	1996-591407	A2	19960125	<--
US	2000-185987P	P	20000301	<--
US	2001-263424P	P	20010123	<--
	WO 2001-US6288	W	20010228	<--

AB The present invention provides methods for cloning and synthesis of human serum albumin, insulin-like growth factor 1 and interferon  $\alpha$ 2 and 5 in tobacco plastids. Transgenic chloroplast technol. provides a viable solution to the production of human serum albumin because of hyper-expression capabilities and the ability to fold and process eukaryotic proteins with disulfide bridges, thereby eliminating the need for expensive post-purification processing. Tobacco is an ideal choice because of its large biomass, ease of scale-up (million seeds per plant), genetic manipulation and impending need to explore alternate uses for this hazardous crop.

INCL 800288000; 800317300; 536023600; 435419000; 435468000

CC 3-2 (Biochemical Genetics)

Section cross-reference(s): 1, 6, 11

IT 20296-74-6 64134-30-1 77391-11-8 101992-06-7 123924-38-9  
158734-08-8 158760-86-2 183561-63-9 911020-11-6  
913863-77-1

RL: PRP (Properties)

(unclaimed sequence; methods for cloning and synthesis of human serum albumin, insulin-like growth factor 1 and interferon  $\alpha$ 2 and 5 in tobacco plastids)

IT 158734-08-8

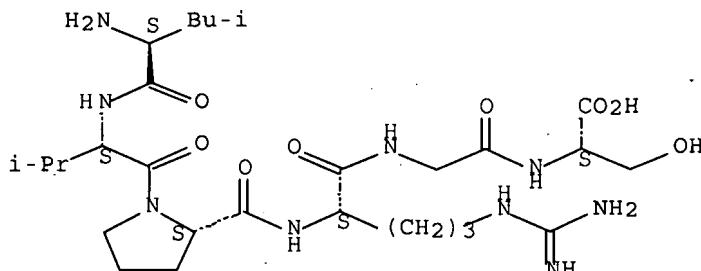
RL: PRP (Properties)

(unclaimed sequence; methods for cloning and synthesis of human serum albumin, insulin-like growth factor 1 and interferon  $\alpha$ 2 and 5 in tobacco plastids)

RN 158734-08-8 ZCPLUS

CN L-Serine, L-leucyl-L-valyl-L-prolyl-L-arginylglycyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L95 ANSWER 4 OF 51 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:1096719 ZCPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:443762

TITLE: Peptides of von Willebrand factor A-related protein for disease treatment

INVENTOR(S): Bateman, John; Fitzgerald, David James  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): The Murdoch Childrens Research Institute, Australia  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 48pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2006108211	A1	20061019	WO 2006-AU234	20060224
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: AU 2005-900888 A 20050225

AB The present invention relates generally to bioactive mols. More particularly, the present invention provides fragments of, or fractions comprising fragments of, von Willebrand Factor A-Related Protein (WARP) or a homolog, analog, derivative, mimetic or functional equivalent thereof. The fragments or fractions have a range of biochem., physiol. and/or pharmacol. activities including, inter alia, activities associated with stem cell proliferation, differentiation and self-renewal, coagulation, homeostasis, control of cancer growth and angiogenesis. The present invention further provides pharmaceutical compns. comprising the bioactive mols. or homologs, analogs, derivs., mimetics or functional equivalent thereof. The present invention still further provides methods for preventing and/or treating a range of diseases and conditions in a subject by the administration of the bioactive mols. or homologs, analogs, derivs., mimetics or functional equivalent thereof.

CC 63-3 (Pharmaceuticals)

IT	837-83-2	2441-63-6	2543-37-5	2650-69-3	4158-90-1	5513-86-0
	5513-88-2	5874-90-8	6377-24-8	6491-25-4	6511-06-4	6514-26-7
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	34198-54-4	36301-96-9	37058-27-8	39534-89-9	42418-38-2	
	45297-39-0	46823-66-9	47066-32-0	47295-77-2	47308-33-8	
	47594-31-0	47688-59-5	48074-48-2	53843-93-9	54865-20-2	
	54865-21-3	54907-74-3	55033-47-1	56243-95-9	56610-49-2	
	57013-05-5	57694-90-3	58337-00-1	58705-26-3	58872-41-6	
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98985-51-4	101059-48-7	103429-51-2	105052-44-6	105219-98-5
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321872-37-1	321878-21-1	325962-97-8	327989-84-4	

RL: PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(peptides of WARP (von Willebrand factor A-related protein) for disease treatment)

IT 158734-09-9

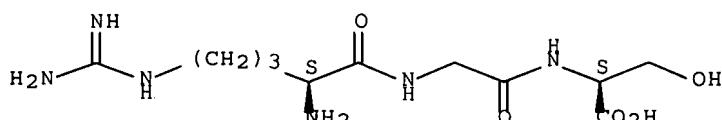
RL: PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(peptides of WARP (von Willebrand factor A-related protein) for disease treatment)

RN 158734-09-9 ZCAPLUS

CN L-Serine, L-arginylglycyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L95 ANSWER 5 OF 51 ZCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:657345 ZCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:117443

TITLE: VEGF antagonistic monomeric mini-traps comprising Ig domains of VEGF receptors for treatment of eye disorders

INVENTOR(S): Daly, Thomas J.; Fandl, James P.; Papadopoulos, Nicholas J.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA  
 SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 22 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.  
 Ser. No. 880,021.  
 CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 10  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2006148705	A1	20060706	US 2006-346008	20060202
US 2004014667	A1	20040122	US 2003-609775	20030630 <--
US 7087411	B2	20060808		
US 2005043236	A1	20050224	US 2004-880021	20040629
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				
			US 2003-609775	A2 20030630
			US 2004-880021	A2 20040629
			US 1999-138133P,	P 19990608 <--
			WO 2000-US14142	W 20000523 <--
			US 2001-9852	A2 20011206 <--

AB The invention provides nucleic acid sequences encoding fusion proteins (traps) which bind and inhibit vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF). The fusion proteins consist of an Ig-like (Ig) domain 2 of a first VEGF receptor (Flt-1) and Ig domain 3 of a second VEGF receptor (Flk-1). The invention describes VEGF-receptor-based antagonistic VEGF traps, such as Flt1D2.Flk1D3.FcΔC1(a) and VEGFR1R2-FcΔC1(a). In a particular embodiment, the fusion proteins of the invention are smaller than the full sized traps, e.g., about 50-60 kD vs. 120 kD of the parent trap, and are monomers. The VEGF mini-traps exhibit unique kinetic properties yet retain a high binding affinity to VEGF. The VEGF traps are therapeutically useful for treating VEGF-associated conditions and diseases, such as ocular diseases.

INCL 514012000; 530350000; 435069700; 435320100; 435325000; 536023500

CC 1-12 (Pharmacology)

Section cross-reference(s): 2, 3

IT Aging, animal

(eye disorder related to; VEGF antagonistic monomeric mini-traps comprising Ig domains of VEGF receptors for treatment of eye disorders)

IT 158734-08-8 160597-73-9 644994-65-0

RL: PRP (Properties)

(unclaimed sequence; vEGF antagonistic monomeric mini-traps comprising Ig domains of VEGF receptors for treatment of eye disorders)

IT 158734-08-8

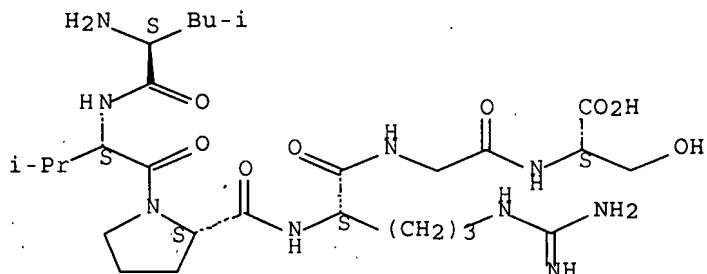
RL: PRP (Properties)

(unclaimed sequence; vEGF antagonistic monomeric mini-traps comprising Ig domains of VEGF receptors for treatment of eye disorders)

RN 158734-08-8 ZCAPLUS

CN L-Serine, L-leucyl-L-valyl-L-prolyl-L-arginylglycyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L95 ANSWER 6 OF 51 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:470311 ZCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:464099

**TITLE:** Antimicrobial peptides derived from Bac2A and screening assay

INVENTOR(S) : Hancock, Robert, E., W.; Hilpert, Kai

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): The University of British Columbia, Can.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 127 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC NUM COUNT: 1

PATENT INFO. FORM. COUNT. -

**PATENT INFORMATION:**

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2006050611	A1	20060518	WO 2005-CA1731	20051114
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
EP 1824976	A1	20070829	EP 2005-803322	20051114
R: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR				
IRITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2004-627356P	P 20041112
			WO 2005-CA1731	W 20051114

OTHER SOURCE(S) : MARPAT 144:464099

AB A novel class of peptides having antimicrobial activity is provided based on the antimicrobial peptide Bac2A (RLARIVVIRVAR-NH<sub>2</sub>), which is known to kill both Gram-pos. and Gram-neg. bacterial. Relationships between structure and activity is derived from 2165 variants created through sequence scrambling, truncations, and systematic modifications of peptide sequence. The best peptide variant, Bac020 (RRAAVVLIVIRR), had a very low MIC (7 µg/mL) against *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* and other bacteria, compared to the parent mol. Bac2A, and had no cytotoxic effect at 100 µg/Ml against a human macrophage cell line. Also provided are methods for inhibiting the growth of bacteria utilizing the peptides of the invention. A reporter system for screening antimicrobial

activity comprises bacterial luciferase inserted into the fliC gene in *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*.

CC 10-5 (Microbial, Algal, and Fungal Biochemistry)  
Section cross-reference(s): 1, 9

IT *Enterococcus faecalis*  
*Escherichia coli*  
*Eubacteria*  
*Gram-negative bacteria*  
*Gram-positive bacteria*  
*Pseudomonas aeruginosa*  
*Salmonella enterica typhimurium*  
*Staphylococcus aureus*  
*Staphylococcus epidermidis*

(inhibition of growth of; antimicrobial peptides derived from Bac2A and screening assay)

IT	886549-99-1	886550-00-1	886550-01-2	886550-02-3	886550-03-4
	886550-04-5	886550-05-6	886550-06-7	886550-07-8	886550-08-9
	886550-09-0	886550-10-3	886550-11-4	886550-12-5	886550-13-6
	886550-14-7	886550-15-8	886550-16-9	886550-17-0	886550-18-1
	886550-19-2	886550-20-5	886550-21-6	886550-22-7	886550-23-8
	886550-24-9	886550-25-0	886550-26-1	886550-27-2	886550-28-3
	886550-29-4	886550-30-7	886550-31-8	886550-32-9	886550-33-0
	886550-34-1	886550-35-2	886550-36-3	886550-37-4	886550-38-5
	886550-39-6	886550-40-9	886550-41-0	886550-42-1	886550-43-2
	886550-44-3	886550-45-4	886550-46-5	886550-47-6	886550-48-7
	886550-49-8	886550-50-1	886550-51-2	886550-52-3	886550-53-4
	886550-54-5	886550-55-6	886550-56-7	886550-57-8	886550-58-9
	886550-59-0	886550-60-3	886550-61-4	886550-62-5	886550-63-6
	886550-64-7	886550-65-8	886550-66-9	886550-67-0	886550-68-1
	886550-69-2	886550-70-5	886550-71-6	886550-72-7	886550-73-8
	886550-74-9	886550-75-0	886550-76-1	886550-77-2	886550-78-3
	886550-79-4	886550-80-7	886550-81-8	886550-82-9	886550-83-0
	886550-84-1	886550-85-2	886550-86-3	886550-87-4	886550-88-5
	886550-89-6	886550-90-9	886550-91-0	886550-92-1	886550-93-2
	886550-94-3	886550-95-4	886550-96-5	886550-97-6	886550-98-7
	886550-99-8	886551-00-4	886551-01-5	886551-02-6	886551-03-7
	886551-04-8	886551-05-9	886551-06-0	886551-07-1	886551-08-2
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	886551-44-6	886551-45-7	886551-46-8	886551-47-9	886551-48-0
	886551-49-1	886551-50-4	886551-51-5	886551-52-6	886551-53-7
	886551-54-8	886551-55-9	886551-56-0	886551-57-1	886551-58-2
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	886551-69-5	886551-70-8	886551-71-9	886551-72-0	886551-73-1
	886551-74-2	886551-75-3	886551-76-4	886551-77-5	886551-78-6
	886551-79-7	886551-80-0	886551-81-1	886551-82-2	886551-83-3
	886551-84-4	886551-85-5	886551-86-6	886551-87-7	886551-88-8
	886551-89-9	886551-90-2	886551-91-3	886551-92-4	886551-93-5
	886551-94-6	886551-95-7	886551-96-8	886551-97-9	886551-98-0
	886551-99-1	886552-00-7	886552-01-8	886552-02-9	886552-03-0
	886552-04-1	886552-05-2	886552-06-3	886552-07-4	886552-08-5
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886552-23-4 886552-24-5 886552-25-6 886552-26-7 886552-27-8  
886552-28-9 886552-29-0 886552-30-3 886552-31-4 886552-32-5  
886552-33-6 886552-34-7

RL: PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(sequence; antimicrobial peptides derived from Bac2A and screening assay)

IT 886552-09-6

RL: PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

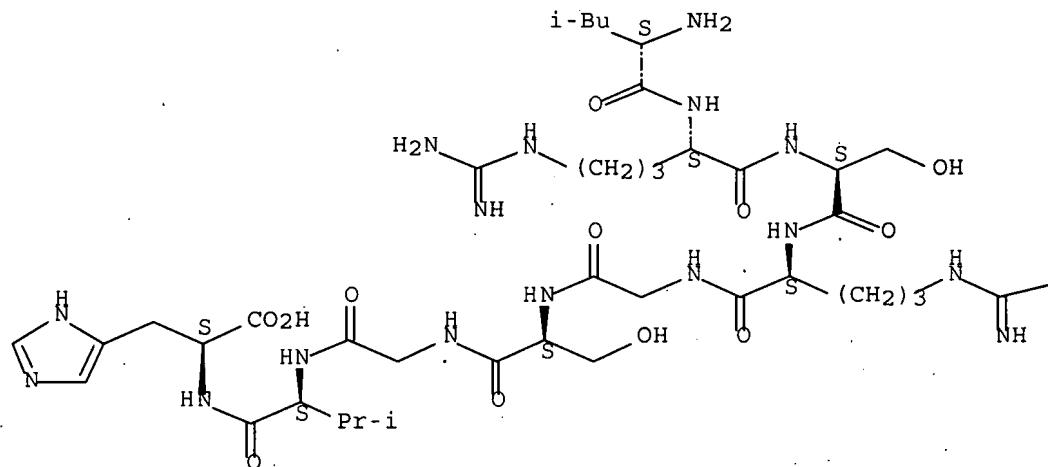
(sequence; antimicrobial peptides derived from Bac2A and screening assay)

RN 886552-09-6 ZCAPLUS

CN L-Histidine, L-leucyl-L-arginyl-L-seryl-L-arginylglycyl-L-serylglycyl-L-valyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

NH2

REFERENCE COUNT:

4

THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L95 ANSWER 7 OF 51 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:456993 ZCPLUS Full-text  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:474844  
 TITLE: Conjugates with enhanced cell uptake activity  
 INVENTOR(S): Bonny, Christophe; Coquoz, Didier; Chen, Jianhua  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Xigen S.A., Switz.  
 SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 65 pp.  
 CODEN: EPXXDW  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 1656951	A1	20060517	EP 2004-26934	20041112
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK, HR, IS, YU				
AU 2005303949	A1	20060518	AU 2005-303949	20051109
CA 2585421	A1	20060518	CA 2005-2585421	20051109
WO 2006050930	A2	20060518	WO 2005-EP11991	20051109
WO 2006050930	A3	20070426		
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AP, EA, EP, OA				
EP 1809334	A2	20070725	EP 2005-811041	20051109
R: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, AL, BA, HR, MK, YU				

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: EP 2004-26934 A 20041112  
 WO 2005-EP11991 W 20051109

AB This invention relates to a conjugate mol. comprising at least one first portion (I) comprising a carrier sequence and at least one second portion (II) comprising at least one anti-tumor drug mol. or a protease inhibitor mol., said conjugate mol. comprising D-enantiomeric amino acids in its portion (I). Furthermore, the invention relates to pharmaceutical compns. containing said conjugate mol. as well as to the use of said conjugate mol. for therapeutical treatment. Methods for improving cell permeability are disclosed as well.

CC 63-5 (Pharmaceuticals)

IT Alkylating agents, biological  
 Antitumor agents  
 Brain, neoplasm  
 Cytotoxic agents  
 Digestive tract, neoplasm  
 Hodgkin's disease  
 Lung, neoplasm  
 Melanoma  
 Molecular weight distribution  
 Neoplasm  
 Ovary, neoplasm

Permeation enhancers

Skin, neoplasm

(D-enantiomeric peptide conjugates with enhanced cell uptake activity)

IT 15663-27-1D, Cisplatin, peptide conjugates 886463-43-0 886463-44-1  
 886463-45-2 886463-46-3 886463-47-4 886463-48-5 886463-49-6  
 886463-50-9 886463-51-0 886463-52-1 886463-53-2 886463-54-3  
**886463-55-4** 886463-56-5 886463-57-6 886463-58-7  
 886463-59-8 886463-60-1 886463-61-2 886463-62-3 886463-63-4  
 886463-64-5 886463-65-6 886463-67-8 886463-68-9 886463-69-0  
 886463-70-3 886463-71-4 886463-72-5 886463-73-6 886463-74-7  
 886463-75-8 886463-76-9 886463-77-0 886463-78-1 886463-80-5

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PAC (Pharmacological activity); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

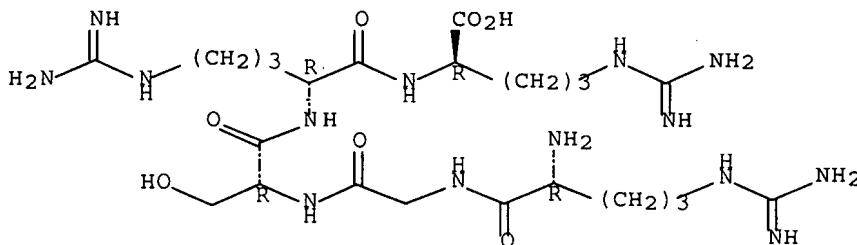
IT 886463-55-4  
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PAC (Pharmacological activity); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(D-enantiomeric peptide conjugates with enhanced cell uptake activity)

RN 886463-55-4 ZCPLUS

CN D-Arginine, D-arginylglycyl-D-seryl-D-arginyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



REFERENCE COUNT: 21 THERE ARE 21 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L95 ANSWER 8 OF 51 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:273367 ZCPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:286170

TITLE: Sulfatase domains, anti-sulfatase antibodies, and anti-sulfatase siRNAs for cancer treatment

INVENTOR(S): Naworth, Roman; Rosen, Steven

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 81 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 265,071.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2006063230	A1	20060323	US 2005-219360	20050902 <--
US 2003148920	A1	20030807	US 2001-25966	20011221 <--

US 2003147875	A1	20030807	US 2002-265071	20021003 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2000-258577P	P 20001227 <--
			US 2001-267831P	P 20010209 <--
			US 2001-25966	A2 20011221 <--
			US 2002-265071	A2 20021003 <--

AB Hydrophilic domains of human sulfatase 1 or human sulfatase 2 which lack sulfatase activity, antibodies binding to sulfatase which inhibit sulfatase activity, and nucleic acids encoding sulfatase-inhibiting siRNA are disclosed. These domains, siRNAs, and antibodies may be used to reduce tumor growth in individuals with autocrine Wnt signaling tumors. Thus, silencing of human sulfatase-2 in pancreatic adenocarcinoma cells with siRNAs reduced cell proliferation. This was accompanied by reduction in Wnt signaling.

INCL 435069100; 424094600; 435196000; 435320100; 435325000; 536023200

CC 1-6 (Pharmacology)

IT 54017-28-6 85139-13-5 91859-00-6 92000-72-1 98849-88-8  
158734-08-8 288306-37-6 288306-38-7 444311-97-1  
878545-45-0

RL: PRP (Properties)

(unclaimed protein sequence; sulfatase domains, anti-sulfatase antibodies, and anti-sulfatase siRNAs for cancer treatment)

IT 158734-08-8

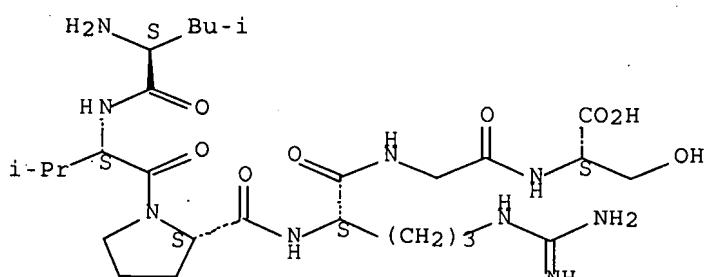
RL: PRP (Properties)

(unclaimed protein sequence; sulfatase domains, anti-sulfatase antibodies, and anti-sulfatase siRNAs for cancer treatment)

RN 158734-08-8 ZCPLUS

CN L-Serine, L-leucyl-L-valyl-L-prolyl-L-arginylglycyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L95 ANSWER 9 OF 51 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:213464 ZCPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:287792

TITLE: Degradable clostridial toxins comprising PAR ligand, enzymatic, translocation, and binding domains for therapeutic and cosmetic uses

INVENTOR(S): Li, Shengwen; Steward, Lance E.; Fernandez-Salas, Ester; Gilmore, Marcella A.; Francis, Joseph A.; Aoki, Kei Roger

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Allergan, Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 320 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2006026780	A1	20060309	WO 2005-US31613	20050901
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
AU 2005279741	A1	20060309	AU 2005-279741	20050901
CA 2578911	A1	20060309	CA 2005-2578911	20050901
EP 1784420	A1	20070516	EP 2005-795616	20050901
R: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR				
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2004-931719	A 20040901
			WO 2005-US31613	W 20050901

AB The specification discloses modified Clostridial toxins comprising a PAR ligand domain, a Clostridial toxin enzymic domain, a Clostridial toxin translocation domain and a Clostridial toxin binding domain; polynucleotide mols. encoding modified Clostridial toxins comprising a PAR ligand domain, a Clostridial toxin enzymic domain, a Clostridial toxin translocation domain and a Clostridial toxin binding domain; and method of producing modified Clostridial toxins comprising a PAR ligand domain, a Clostridial toxin enzymic domain, a Clostridial toxin translocation domain and a Clostridial toxin binding domain. The clostridial toxin is a modified BoNT/A, BoNT/B, BoNT/C, BoNT/D, BoNT/E, BoNT/F, BoNT/G or TeNT (tetanus toxin).

CC 4-5 (Toxicology)  
Section cross-reference(s): 1, 3, 15, 62

ST clostridial toxin PAR ligand enzymic translocation binding domain therapeutic; cosmetic BoNTA BoNTB BoNTC BoNTD BoNTE BoNTF BoNTG TeNT

IT Transforming growth factors  
RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); COS (Cosmetic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(1-3 derivs.; binding domain; degradable clostridial toxins comprising PAR ligand, enzymic, translocation, and binding domains for therapeutic and cosmetic uses)

IT Clostridium botulinum  
(A; degradable clostridial toxins comprising PAR ligand, enzymic, translocation, and binding domains for therapeutic and cosmetic uses)

IT Clostridium botulinum  
(B; degradable clostridial toxins comprising PAR ligand, enzymic, translocation, and binding domains for therapeutic and cosmetic uses)

IT Clostridium botulinum  
(C; degradable clostridial toxins comprising PAR ligand, enzymic, translocation, and binding domains for therapeutic and cosmetic uses)

IT Clostridium botulinum  
(D; degradable clostridial toxins comprising PAR ligand, enzymic, translocation, and binding domains for therapeutic and cosmetic

uses)

IT Clostridium botulinum  
(E; degradable clostridial toxins comprising PAR ligand, enzymic, translocation, and binding domains for therapeutic and *cosmetic* uses)

IT Clostridium botulinum  
(F; degradable clostridial toxins comprising PAR ligand, enzymic, translocation, and binding domains for therapeutic and *cosmetic* uses)

IT Clostridium botulinum  
(G; degradable clostridial toxins comprising PAR ligand, enzymic, translocation, and binding domains for therapeutic and *cosmetic* uses)

IT Human  
(PAR protein; degradable clostridial toxins comprising PAR ligand, enzymic, translocation, and binding domains for therapeutic and *cosmetic* uses)

IT Thrombin receptors  
RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); COS (Cosmetic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(PAR-1 (proteinase-activated receptor 1), ligand domain; degradable clostridial toxins comprising PAR ligand, enzymic, translocation, and binding domains for therapeutic and *cosmetic* uses)

IT Proteinase-activated receptors  
RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); COS (Cosmetic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(PAR-1, ligand domain; degradable clostridial toxins comprising PAR ligand, enzymic, translocation, and binding domains for therapeutic and *cosmetic* uses)

IT Proteinase-activated receptors  
RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); COS (Cosmetic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(PAR-2, ligand domain; degradable clostridial toxins comprising PAR ligand, enzymic, translocation, and binding domains for therapeutic and *cosmetic* uses)

IT Thrombin receptors  
RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); COS (Cosmetic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(PAR-3 (proteinase-activated receptor 3), ligand domain; degradable clostridial toxins comprising PAR ligand, enzymic, translocation, and binding domains for therapeutic and *cosmetic* uses)

IT Proteinase-activated receptors  
RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); COS (Cosmetic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(PAR-3, ligand domain; degradable clostridial toxins comprising PAR ligand, enzymic, translocation, and binding domains for therapeutic and *cosmetic* uses)

IT Thrombin receptors  
RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); COS (Cosmetic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(PAR-4 (proteinase-activated receptor 4), ligand domain; degradable clostridial toxins comprising PAR ligand, enzymic, translocation, and binding domains for therapeutic and *cosmetic* uses)

IT Proteinase-activated receptors

RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); COS (Cosmetic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(PAR-4, ligand domain; degradable clostridial toxins comprising PAR ligand, enzymic, translocation, and binding domains for therapeutic and cosmetic uses)

IT Ligands  
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)  
(PAR; degradable clostridial toxins comprising PAR ligand, enzymic, translocation, and binding domains for therapeutic and cosmetic uses)

IT Antigens  
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)  
(Thy-1; degradable clostridial toxins comprising PAR ligand, enzymic, translocation, and binding domains for therapeutic and cosmetic uses)

IT Interleukin 1  
Interleukin 8  
Tumor necrosis factors  
RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); COS (Cosmetic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(binding domain; degradable clostridial toxins comprising PAR ligand, enzymic, translocation, and binding domains for therapeutic and cosmetic uses)

IT Ciliary neurotrophic factor  
RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); COS (Cosmetic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(binding domain; derivs.; degradable clostridial toxins comprising PAR ligand, enzymic, translocation, and binding domains for therapeutic and cosmetic uses)

IT Toxoids  
RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); COS (Cosmetic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(botulin, derivs.; degradable clostridial toxins comprising PAR ligand, enzymic, translocation, and binding domains for therapeutic and cosmetic uses)

IT Neurotrophic factors  
RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); COS (Cosmetic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(brain-derived, derivs.; binding domain; degradable clostridial toxins comprising PAR ligand, enzymic, translocation, and binding domains for therapeutic and cosmetic uses)

IT Antitumor agents  
Cardiovascular system, disease  
Clostridium botulinum  
Cosmetics  
DNA sequences  
Drugs  
Ear, disease  
Endocrine system, disease  
Eye, disease  
Headache  
Mammalia  
Mental and behavioral disorders  
Molecular cloning  
Neoplasm

Neuromuscular diseases  
Pain  
Protein sequences  
(degradable clostridial toxins comprising PAR ligand, enzymic, translocation, and binding domains for therapeutic and *cosmetic* uses)

IT Polynucleotides  
RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); COS (Cosmetic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(degradable clostridial toxins comprising PAR ligand, enzymic, translocation, and binding domains for therapeutic and *cosmetic* uses)

IT Receptors  
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)  
(degradable clostridial toxins comprising PAR ligand, enzymic, translocation, and binding domains for therapeutic and *cosmetic* uses)

IT Antibodies and Immunoglobulins  
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); COS (Cosmetic use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(degradable clostridial toxins comprising PAR ligand, enzymic, translocation, and binding domains for therapeutic and *cosmetic* uses)

IT Leukemia inhibitory factor  
RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); COS (Cosmetic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(derivs.; binding domain; degradable clostridial toxins comprising PAR ligand, enzymic, translocation, and binding domains for therapeutic and *cosmetic* uses)

IT Neuron  
(dorsal root ganglion; degradable clostridial toxins comprising PAR ligand, enzymic, translocation, and binding domains for therapeutic and *cosmetic* uses)

IT Protein motifs  
(enzymic, translocation or binding domains; degradable clostridial toxins comprising PAR ligand, enzymic, translocation, and binding domains for therapeutic and *cosmetic* uses)

IT Skin, disease  
(hyperkinetic facial lines; degradable clostridial toxins comprising PAR ligand, enzymic, translocation, and binding domains for therapeutic and *cosmetic* uses)

IT Muscle, disease  
(injury; degradable clostridial toxins comprising PAR ligand, enzymic, translocation, and binding domains for therapeutic and *cosmetic* uses)

IT Epitopes  
(lactoseries carbohydrate; degradable clostridial toxins comprising PAR ligand, enzymic, translocation, and binding domains for therapeutic and *cosmetic* uses)

IT Carbohydrates, biological studies  
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)  
(lactoseries; degradable clostridial toxins comprising PAR ligand, enzymic, translocation, and binding domains for therapeutic and *cosmetic* uses)

IT Proteinase-activated receptors  
RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); COS (Cosmetic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(ligand domain; degradable clostridial toxins comprising PAR ligand, enzymic, translocation, and binding domains for therapeutic and cosmetic uses)

IT Antibodies and Immunoglobulins  
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); COS (Cosmetic use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (monoclonal; degradable clostridial toxins comprising PAR ligand, enzymic, translocation, and binding domains for therapeutic and cosmetic uses)

IT Injury  
 (muscular; degradable clostridial toxins comprising PAR ligand, enzymic, translocation, and binding domains for therapeutic and cosmetic uses)

IT Nerve, disease  
 (neuropathy; degradable clostridial toxins comprising PAR ligand, enzymic, translocation, and binding domains for therapeutic and cosmetic uses)

IT Ganglion  
 (spinal, neurons; degradable clostridial toxins comprising PAR ligand, enzymic, translocation, and binding domains for therapeutic and cosmetic uses)

IT Toxins  
 RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); COS (Cosmetic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (tetanus, derivs.; degradable clostridial toxins comprising PAR ligand, enzymic, translocation, and binding domains for therapeutic and cosmetic uses)

IT Cosmetics  
 (wrinkle-preventing; degradable clostridial toxins comprising PAR ligand, enzymic, translocation, and binding domains for therapeutic and cosmetic uses)

IT 878634-81-2P 878634-82-3P 878634-83-4P 878634-84-5P 878634-85-6P  
 878634-86-7P 878634-87-8P 878634-88-9P 878634-89-0P 878634-90-3P  
 878634-91-4P 878634-92-5P 878634-93-6P 878634-94-7P 878634-95-8P  
 878634-96-9P 878634-97-0P 878634-98-1P 878634-99-2P 878635-00-8P  
 878635-01-9P 878635-02-0P 878635-03-1P 878635-04-2P  
 RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); COS (Cosmetic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (amino acid sequence; degradable clostridial toxins comprising PAR ligand, enzymic, translocation, and binding domains for therapeutic and cosmetic uses)

IT 58-82-2DP, Bradykinin, derivs. 9061-61-4DP, Nerve growth factor, derivs. 14521-96-1DP, Etorphine, derivs. 58569-55-4DP, Met-enkephalin, derivs. 58822-25-6DP, Leu-enkephalin, derivs. 60617-12-1DP,  $\beta$ -Endorphin, derivs. 61380-40-3DP, Lofentanil, derivs. 62229-50-9DP, Epidermal growth factor, derivs. 74913-18-1DP, Dynorphin, derivs. 79943-68-3DP, Hydra head activator peptide, derivs. 106096-93-9DP, Basic fibroblast growth factor, derivs. 119418-04-1DP, Galanin, derivs. 130939-66-1DP, Neurotrophin 3, derivs. 141801-26-5DP, Endomorphin 2, derivs. 170713-75-4DP, Nociceptin, derivs. 189388-22-5DP, Endomorphin 1, derivs.  
 RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); COS (Cosmetic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (binding domain; degradable clostridial toxins comprising PAR ligand, enzymic, translocation, and binding domains for therapeutic and cosmetic uses)

IT 9001-92-7DP, Protease, derivs. 9002-04-4DP, Thrombin, derivs. 9002-05-5DP, Blood-coagulation factor Xa, derivs. 9002-07-7DP, Trypsin,

derivs.

RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); COS (Cosmetic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(cleavage site; degradable clostridial toxins comprising PAR ligand, enzymic, translocation, and binding domains for therapeutic and cosmetic uses)

IT 93384-43-1DP, Botulin A, fusion proteins 93384-44-2DP, Botulin B, fusion proteins 93384-45-3DP, Botulin C, fusion proteins 93384-46-4DP, Botulin D, fusion proteins 93384-47-5DP, Botulin E, fusion proteins 107231-15-2DP, Botulin F, fusion proteins 107231-16-3DP, Botulin G, fusion proteins 140436-67-5DP, derivs. 141136-85-8DP, derivs.

164081-25-8DP, derivs. 202933-49-1DP, derivs. 213018-42-9DP, derivs.

225779-44-2DP, derivs. 320347-28-2DP, derivs. 380900-00-5DP, derivs.

380900-02-7DP, derivs. 380900-04-9DP, derivs. 380900-06-1DP, derivs.

380900-12-9DP, derivs. 380900-14-1DP, derivs. 380900-16-3DP, derivs.

380900-22-1DP, derivs. 380900-24-3DP, derivs. 380900-26-5DP, derivs.

380900-28-7DP, derivs. 380900-30-1DP, derivs. 380900-32-3DP, derivs.

380900-58-3DP, derivs. 459123-99-0DP, derivs. 878546-58-8DP, derivs.

878546-68-0DP, derivs. 878546-72-6DP, derivs. 878547-07-0DP, derivs.

878547-08-1DP, derivs. 878547-09-2DP, derivs. 878634-75-4DP, derivs.

878634-76-5DP, derivs. 878634-77-6DP, derivs. 878634-78-7DP, derivs.

878634-79-8DP, derivs. 878634-80-1DP, derivs.

RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); COS (Cosmetic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(degradable clostridial toxins comprising PAR ligand, enzymic, translocation, and binding domains for therapeutic and cosmetic uses)

IT 878635-05-3P 878635-06-4P 878635-07-5P 878635-08-6P 878635-09-7P  
878635-10-0P 878635-11-1P 878635-12-2P 878635-13-3P 878635-14-4P  
878635-15-5P 878635-16-6P 878635-17-7P 878635-18-8P 878635-19-9P  
878635-20-2P 878635-21-3P 878635-22-4P 878635-23-5P 878635-24-6P  
878635-25-7P 878635-26-8P 878635-27-9P 878635-28-0P 878635-29-1P  
878635-30-4P 878635-31-5P 878635-32-6P 878635-33-7P 878635-34-8P  
878635-35-9P 878635-36-0P 878635-37-1P 878635-38-2P 878635-39-3P  
878635-40-6P 878635-41-7P 878635-42-8P 878635-43-9P 878635-44-0P  
878635-45-1P 878635-46-2P 878635-47-3P 878635-48-4P 878635-49-5P  
878635-50-8P 878635-51-9P 878635-52-0P

RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); COS (Cosmetic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(nucleotide sequence; degradable clostridial toxins comprising PAR ligand, enzymic, translocation, and binding domains for therapeutic and cosmetic uses)

IT 878640-10-9 878640-11-0 878640-12-1 878640-13-2 878640-14-3  
878640-15-4 878640-16-5 878640-17-6 878640-18-7 878640-19-8  
878640-20-1 878640-21-2 878640-23-4

RL: PRP (Properties)

(unclaimed protein sequence; degradable clostridial toxins comprising PAR ligand, enzymic, translocation, and binding domains for therapeutic and cosmetic uses)

IT 2543-43-3 54017-28-6 91859-00-6 124388-42-7 158734-08-8  
158760-86-2 164215-03-6 305362-45-2 345643-16-5 878546-80-6  
878546-81-7 878546-82-8 878546-83-9 878546-84-0 878546-85-1  
878546-86-2 878546-87-3 878546-88-4 878546-89-5 878546-90-8  
878546-92-0 878546-93-1 878546-94-2 878546-95-3 878546-96-4  
878546-97-5 878546-98-6 878546-99-7 878547-00-3 878547-01-4  
878547-02-5 878547-03-6 878547-04-7 878547-05-8 878547-06-9

RL: PRP (Properties)

(unclaimed sequence; degradable clostridial toxins comprising PAR ligand, enzymic, translocation, and binding domains for therapeutic and cosmetic uses)

IT 158734-08-8

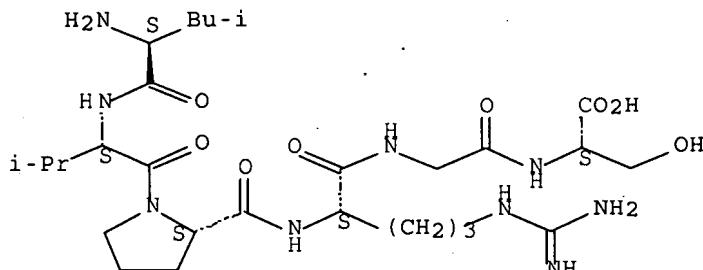
RL: PRP (Properties)

(unclaimed sequence; degradable clostridial toxins comprising PAR ligand, enzymic, translocation, and binding domains for therapeutic and cosmetic uses)

RN 158734-08-8 ZCPLUS

CN L-Serine, L-leucyl-L-valyl-L-prolyl-L-arginylglycyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



REFERENCE COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L95 ANSWER 10 OF 51 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:138453 ZCPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:318461

TITLE: Active fragment GSLL-39 of recombinant human cationic antimicrobial protein 18 (mhCAP-18) and use for treating bacterial infection

INVENTOR(S): Wu, Kefu; Zheng, Guoguang; Yang, Yinghua; Li, Ge; Rao, Qing

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Institute of Hematology, Chinese Academy of Medical Sciences, Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE: Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 31 pp.

CODEN: CNXXEV

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Chinese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

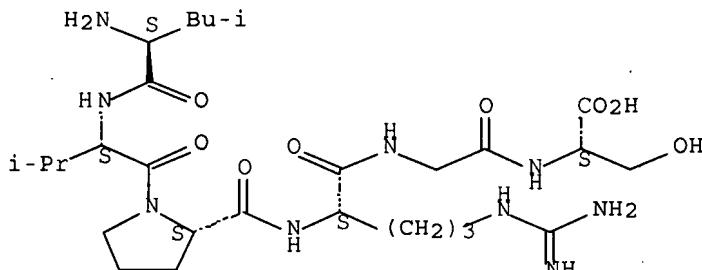
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
CN 1597695	A	20050323	CN 2003-144286	20030917
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				
AB	The invention provides protein sequence of active fragment GSLL-39 produced from recombinant human cationic antimicrobial protein 18 (mhCAP-18) by thrombase digesting. The recombinant mhCAP-18 is generated via PCR method, expressing mhCAP-18 in prokaryotic cell Escherichia coli BL21trxB(DE3) transfected with plasmid pET-mhCAP-18, purifying mhCAP-18 via ultrasonic centrifugation and chromatog., then digesting mhCAP-18 with thrombase to obtain antimicrobial active fragment GSLL-39, purifying GSLL-39 via SP Ni <sup>2+</sup> exchange chromatog., sterilizing, concentrating and freeze drying. The invention also relates to application of GSLL-39 for preventing and treating			

hCAP-18/LL-37 related diseases, such as infective disease, skin injury repair or infective shock caused by gram-neg. bacteria.

IC ICM C07K014-435  
 ICS A61K038-17; C12N015-63; A61P031-04; A61P017-02; C07K014-47  
 CC 63-3 (Pharmaceuticals)  
 Section cross-reference(s): 3, 6, 10, 13  
 IT Injury  
     (cutaneous, healing; active fragment GSLL-39 of recombinant human cationic antimicrobial protein 18 (mhCAP-18) and use for treating bacterial infection)  
 IT 158734-08-8 879227-20-0 879227-21-1 879227-22-2  
     879227-23-3 879227-24-4 879227-25-5  
 RL: PRP (Properties)  
     (unclaimed sequence; active fragment GSLL-39 of recombinant human cationic antimicrobial protein 18 (mhCAP-18) and use for treating bacterial infection)  
 IT 158734-08-8  
 RL: PRP (Properties)  
     (unclaimed sequence; active fragment GSLL-39 of recombinant human cationic antimicrobial protein 18 (mhCAP-18) and use for treating bacterial infection)  
 RN 158734-08-8 ZCPLUS  
 CN L-Serine, L-leucyl-L-valyl-L-prolyl-L-arginylglycyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L95 ANSWER 11 OF 51 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:74856 ZCPLUS Full-text  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:169521  
 TITLE: Heteroclitic peptide analogs of major histocompatibility complex class I antigen epitopes  
 INVENTOR(S): Ishioka, Glenn; Fikes, John; Tangri, Shabnam; Sette, Alessandro  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA  
 SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 130 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 116,118.  
 CODEN: USXXCO  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 4  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2006018915	A1	20060126	US 2005-510101	20050713 <--

US 2003143672	A1	20030731	US 2002-116118	20020405 <--
WO 2003087126	A2	20031023	WO 2003-US10571	20030407 <--
WO 2003087126	A3	20041028		

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW  
 RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2002-116118 A2 20020405 <--  
 US 2002-413471P P 20020926 <--  
 WO 2003-US10571 W 20030407  
 US 1999-166529P P 19991118 <--  
 US 2000-239008P P 20001006 <--  
 WO 2000-US31856 A2 20001120 <--

AB Heteroclitic analogs of major histocompatibility complex (MHC) class I epitopes are prepared by providing conservative, semi-conservative, or non-conservative amino acid substitutions at any combination of positions 3-10 of these epitopes, resulting in peptides having increased stimulatory capacity or potency for a specific T cell. Several different cytotoxic T cell lines screened for reactivity against panels of analogs yielded rules for designing heteroclitics. Modification of T cell stimulatory capacity was achieved with no alteration of the primary MHC anchors. The wild-type epitopes include tumor epitopes derived from self-antigens that are specifically up-regulated in epithelial cell cancers and have been shown to be immunogenic, including CEA (carcinoembryonic antigen), MAGE2 (melanoma antigen 2), the polymerases from HIV and hepatitis B viruses, and p53. Thus, certain analogs of wild-type epitope CEA.691 (IMIGVLGV) stimulated significant release of interferon- $\gamma$  with as little as 0.01 ng/mL of peptide, and on a molar basis are 100,000-fold more potent than their unmodified wild-type counterpart. The analogs are useful in eliciting immune responses with respect to the corresponding wild-type epitopes.

INCL 424184100; 435069100; 435320100; 435325000; 530350000; 536023500

CC 15-2 (Immunochemistry)

Section cross-reference(s): 1

IT Skin

(Langerhans cell; heteroclitic peptide analogs of major histocompatibility complex class I antigen epitopes)

IT 151456-29-0 151808-66-1 341484-43-3 341484-44-4 341484-45-5  
 341484-46-6 342003-29-6 342003-30-9 342003-31-0 342003-32-1  
 342003-34-3

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (analog of p53 wild-type epitope; heteroclitic peptide analogs of major histocompatibility complex class I antigen epitopes)

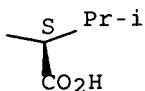
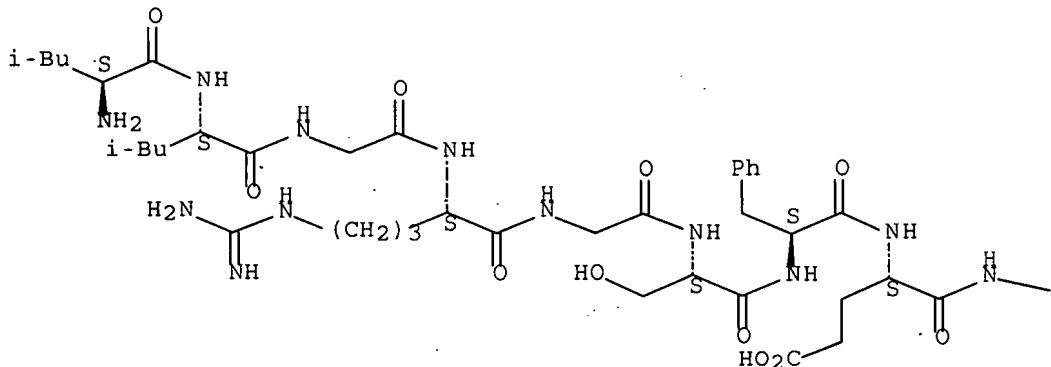
IT 342003-34-3

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (analog of p53 wild-type epitope; heteroclitic peptide analogs of major histocompatibility complex class I antigen epitopes)

RN 342003-34-3 ZCAPLUS

CN L-Valine, L-leucyl-L-leucylglycyl-L-arginylglycyl-L-seryl-L-phenylalanyl-L- $\alpha$ -glutamyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L95 ANSWER 12 OF 51 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:13711 ZCPLUS Full-text  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:106605  
 TITLE: Hybrid peptides comprising II-Key peptide and  
 antigenic epitope as vaccines against infection,  
 allergy and cancer  
 INVENTOR(S): Humphreys, Robert; Xu, Minzhen  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA  
 SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 142 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.  
 Ser. No. 245,871.  
 CODEN: USXXCO  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 4  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2006002947	A1	20060105	US 2005-33039	20050111 <--
US 6432409	B1	20020813	US 1999-396813	19990914 <--
US 2003091582	A1	20030515	US 2002-197000	20020717 <--

US 7205274	B2	20070417		
US 2003235594	A1	20031225	US 2002-245871	20020917 <--
WO 2006076410	A2	20060720	WO 2006-US944	20060111
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:	US 1999-396813	A3 19990914 <--
	US 2002-197000	A2 20020717 <--
	US 2002-245871	A2 20020917 <--
	US 2005-33039	A 20050111

AB Disclosed is an antigen presentation enhancing hybrid polypeptide which includes three elements. The first element is an N-terminal element consisting essentially of 4-16 residues of the mammalian Ii-Key peptide LRMKLPKPPKPVSKMR and non-N-terminal deletion modifications thereof that retain antigen presentation enhancing activity. The second element is a chemical structure covalently linking the N-terminal element described above to the MHC Class II-presented epitope described below. The chemical structure is a covalently joined group of atoms which when arranged in a linear fashion forms a flexible chain which extends up to the length of 20 amino acids likewise arranged in a linear fashion, the chemical structure being selected from the group consisting of: (i) immunol. neutral chemical structures, (ii) a MHC Class I epitope or a portion thereof, and/or (iii) an antibody-recognized determinant or a portion thereof. Finally, the enhancing antigen presentation enhancing hybrid polypeptide includes a C-terminal element comprising an antigenic epitope in the form of a polypeptide or peptidomimetic structure which binds to the antigenic peptide binding site of an MHC class II mol. Methods for the design and testing of these peptides are presented. Provided are protein and nucleic acid sequences for antigens and peptides of the invention. Exemplified proteins are allergen: Ara h 1-3, Fel d 1, Phi p 1, Phl p 5a, Bla q 5, and bee venom phospholipase A2; tumor antigens: CEA, CA-125, PSA, gp100, Pmel17, TRP-2, melanoma tyrosinase, MART-1, and Her-2 neu; pathogenic antigens: anthrax toxin lethal factor, anthrax protective antigen, Variola virus B5R protein, Ebola virus membrane-associated protein VP24, SARS proteins, influenza virus proteins; and autoantigens: myelin basic protein, proteolipid protein, and myelin-oligodendrocyte glycoprotein precursor. Demonstrated are diagnosis and treatment of the early autoimmune phase leading to type I diabetes mellitus.

INCL 424185100; 435069100; 435320100; 435325000; 530350000; 536023500

CC 15-2 (Immunochemistry)

Section cross-reference(s): 63

IT Skin

(dander; hybrid peptides comprising Ii-Key peptide and antigenic epitope as vaccines against infection, allergy and cancer)

IT 676141-12-1	676141-13-2	676141-14-3	676141-15-4	676141-16-5
676141-17-6	676141-18-7	676141-19-8	676141-20-1	676141-21-2
676141-22-3	676141-23-4	676141-24-5	676141-25-6	676141-26-7
676141-27-8	676141-28-9	676141-29-0	676141-30-3	676141-31-4
676141-32-5	676141-33-6	676141-34-7	676141-35-8	676141-36-9
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676141-43-8	676141-44-9	676141-45-0	676141-46-1	676141-47-2
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676141-68-7	676141-69-8	676141-70-1	676141-71-2	676141-72-3
676141-73-4	<b>676141-74-5</b>	676141-75-6	676141-76-7	
676141-77-8	676141-78-9	676141-79-0	676141-80-3	676141-81-4
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676141-87-0	676141-88-1	676141-89-2	676141-90-5	676141-91-6
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676141-98-3	676141-99-4	676142-00-0	676142-01-1	676142-02-2
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RL: PRP (Properties)

(unclaimed protein sequence; hybrid peptides comprising Ii-Key peptide and antigenic epitope as vaccines against infection, allergy and cancer)

IT **676141-74-5**

RL: PRP (Properties)

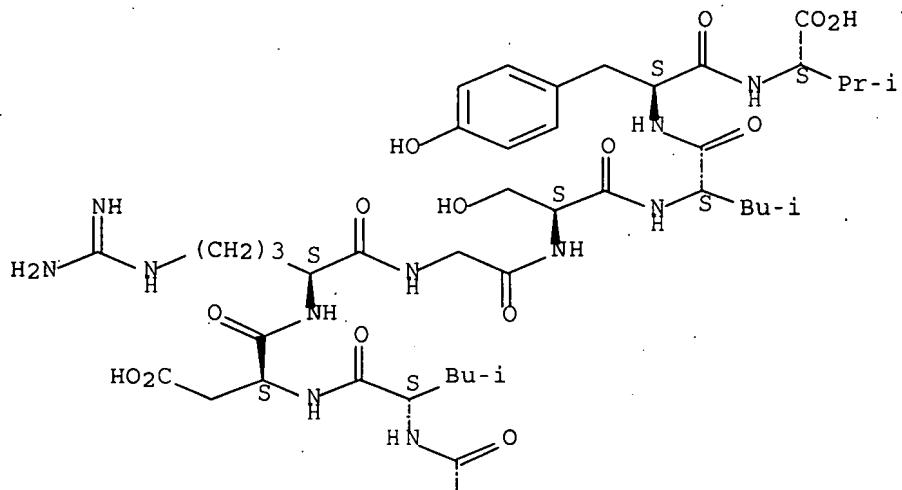
(unclaimed protein sequence; hybrid peptides comprising Ii-Key peptide and antigenic epitope as vaccines against infection, allergy and cancer)

RN 676141-74-5 ZCAPLUS

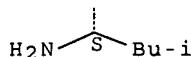
CN L-Valine, L-leucyl-L-leucyl-L- $\alpha$ -aspartyl-L-arginylglycyl-L-seryl-L-leucyl-L-tyrosyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A



L95 ANSWER 13 OF 51 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:422135 ZCPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:133673

TITLE: Determination of Sequence-Specific Intrinsic Size Parameters from Cross Sections for 162 Tripeptides

Hilderbrand, Amy E.; Clemmer, David E.

AUTHOR(S):  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry, Indiana University,  
Bloomington, IN, 47405, USA

SOURCE: Journal of Physical Chemistry B (2005), 109(23),  
11802-11809

CODEN: JPCBFK; ISSN: 1520-6106

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB Ion mobility and mass spectrometry techniques have been used to measure cross sections for 162 tripeptide sequences (27 different sets of six sequence isomers). The isomers have the general forms ABC, ACB, BAC, BCA, CAB, and CBA (A = Asp, Glu, Gly; B = Lys, Arg, Leu; and C = Phe, Tyr, Ser). From these data, the authors have derived a set of size parameters for individual amino acids that reflect the position of the amino acid in the sequence. These sequence-specific intrinsic size parameters (SSISPs) are used to retrodict cross-section values for the 162 measured sequences and to predict cross sections for all remaining tripeptide sequences (567 different sequences) that are comprised of these residues. In several types of peptide compns., the position of the amino acid in the sequence has a significant impact on the parameter that is derived. For example, the sequence-specific intrinsic size parameter for leucine in the third position of a peptide [SSISP(Leu3)] is

.apprx.10% larger than SSISP(Leu1). On average, cross sections that are derived using SSISPs provide a better representation of the exptl. value than those derived from composition only intrinsic size parameters, derived as described previously (Valentine et al. J. Phys. Chemical 1999, 103, 1203). Finally, mol. modeling techniques are used to derive some insight into the origin of cross-section differences that arise from sequence variation.

CC 34-3 (Amino Acids, Peptides, and Proteins)

Section cross-reference(s): 9, 22

IT 2375-01-1P 4306-24-5P 6511-06-4P 7220-68-0P 14317-87-4P  
 15373-56-5P 17608-53-6P 19459-22-4P 20274-92-4P 23642-44-6P  
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 85807-00-7P 85807-17-6P 85807-36-9P 90236-06-9P 91290-35-6P  
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RL: CPN (Combinatorial preparation); PRP (Properties); CMBI (Combinatorial study); PREP (Preparation)

(solid-phase combinatorial synthesis and ion mobility/MS measurements of cross sections of 162 tripeptides for determining sequence-specific intrinsic size parameters)

IT 158734-09-9P

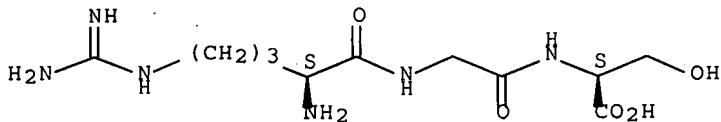
RL: CPN (Combinatorial preparation); PRP (Properties); CMBI (Combinatorial study); PREP (Preparation)

(solid-phase combinatorial synthesis and ion mobility/MS measurements of cross sections of 162 tripeptides for determining sequence-specific intrinsic size parameters)

RN 158734-09-9 ZCAPLUS

CN L-Serine, L-arginylglycyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



REFERENCE COUNT: 74 THERE ARE 74 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L95 ANSWER 14 OF 51 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:259357 ZCPLUS Full-text  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:334946  
 TITLE: Recombinant allergens with mutated IgE epitopes for treating anaphylaxis induced by food, venom, drug and latex allergens  
 INVENTOR(S): Caplan, Michael J.; Bottomly, Kim H.; Sosin, Howard B.; Burks, A. Wesley; Sampson, Hugh A.  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA  
 SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 117 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 100,303.  
 CODEN: USXXCO  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 14  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2005063994	A1	20050324	US 2004-899551	20040726 <--
US 2003035810	A1	20030220	US 2000-731375	20001206 <--
AT 319475	T	20060315	AT 2000-982485	20001206 <--
ES 2260078	T3	20061101	ES 2000-982485	20001206 <--
AU 765211	B2	20030911	AU 2001-43769	20010508 <--
US 2003202980	A1	20031030	US 2002-100303	20020318 <--
US 2004208894	A1	20041021	US 2003-728323	20031204 <--
US 2004234548	A1	20041125	US 2003-728051	20031204 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2000-195035P	P 20000406 <--
			US 2000-731375	A2 20001206 <--
			US 2002-100303	A2 20020318 <--
			US 1995-9455P	P 19951229 <--
			AU 1996-72433	A3 19960923 <--
			US 1996-717933	B1 19960923 <--
			US 1998-73283P	P 19980131 <--
			US 1998-74590P	P 19980213 <--
			US 1998-74624P	P 19980213 <--
			US 1998-74633P	P 19980213 <--
			US 1998-106872	A2 19980629 <--
			US 1998-141220	A2 19980827 <--
			US 1998-191593	A2 19981113 <--
			US 1999-240557	B2 19990129 <--
			US 1999-241101	B2 19990129 <--
			US 1999-248673	B2 19990211 <--
			US 1999-248674	B2 19990211 <--
			US 1999-122450P	P 19990302 <--
			US 1999-122452P	P 19990302 <--
			US 1999-122560P	P 19990302 <--
			US 1999-122565P	P 19990302 <--
			US 1999-122566P	P 19990302 <--

US 1999-267719 B2 19990311 <--  
US 2000-494096 A2 20000128 <--  
US 2001-276822P P 20010316 <--

AB The present invention provides methods and compns. for treating or preventing allergic reactions, particularly anaphylactic reactions. Methods of the present invention involve administering microorganisms to allergic subjects, where the microorganisms contain a recombinant version of the protein allergen. The recombinant version can be wild-type or may include mutations within IgE epitopes of the protein allergen. Preferably the compns. are administered rectally. Particularly preferred microorganisms are bacteria such as *E. coli*. Any allergen may be used in the inventive methods. Particularly preferred allergens are anaphylactic allergens including protein allergens found in foods, venoms, drugs and latex. The inventive compns. and methods are demonstrated in the treatment of peanut-induced anaphylaxis.

IC ICM A61K039-02

INCL 424200100

CC 15-8 (Immunochemistry)

Section cross-reference(s): 3, 63

## IT Skin

(test; recombinant allergens with mutated IgE epitopes for treating anaphylaxis induced by food, venom, drug and latex allergens).

IT 64134-30-1 191857-51-9 245445-88-9 253127-93-4 848652-28-8  
848652-29-9 848652-30-2 848652-32-4 848652-33-5 848652-34-6

## RL: PRP (Properties)

(unclaimed sequence; recombinant allergens with mutated IgE epitopes for treating anaphylaxis induced by food, venom, drug and latex allergens)

IT 848652-28-8

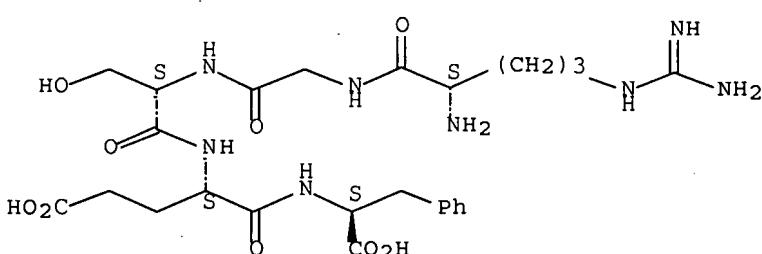
## RI: PRP (Properties)

(unclaimed sequence; recombinant allergens with mutated IgE epitopes for treating anaphylaxis induced by food, venom, drug and latex allergens)

BN 848652-28-8 ZCAPIUS

CN L-Phenylalanine, L-arginylglycyl-L-seryl-L- $\alpha$ -glutamyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

### Absolute stereochemistry



L95 ANSWER 15 OF 51 ZCAPIUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:160813 ZCPLUS Full-text

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005.10001  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:254654

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 112.254054  
TITLE: Uses of VEGF traps made from Ig domains of VEGF receptors 1, 2 and 3 in treating ocular disease

INVENTOR(S): *Recepceny, I., Z. and J. in creating social disease  
Daly, Thomas J.; Fandl, James P.; Papadopoulos,  
Nicholas J.*

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 29 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.  
 Ser. No. 609,775.  
 CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 10

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2005043236	A1	20050224	US 2004-880021	20040629
US 2004014667	A1	20040122	US 2003-609775	20030630 <--
US 7087411	B2	20060808		
US 2006058234	A1	20060316	US 2005-204709	20050816 <--
US 2006030529	A1	20060209	US 2005-218234	20050901 <--
US 2006148705	A1	20060706	US 2006-346008	20060202
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2003-609775	A2 20030630
			US 1999-138133P	P 19990608 <--
			WO 2000-US14142	W 20000523 <--
			US 2001-9852	A2 20011206 <--
			US 2004-880021	A2 20040629
			US 2004-988243	A2 20041112
			US 2004-16097	A2 20041217
			US 2004-16503	A2 20041217
			US 2005-89803	A2 20050325

AB Nucleic acid mols. and multimeric proteins capable of binding vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF) are provided. The VEGF receptor components of the VEGF mini trap consist of the Ig domain 2 of Flt-1 (Flt1D2) (R1), the Ig domain 3 of Flk-1 (Flk1D3) (R2) (together, R1R2), and/or R1 and Ig domain 3 of Flt-4 (Flt1D3) (R3) (together, R1R3). The protein sequences of three VEGF traps are provided. VEGF traps are disclosed which are therapeutically useful for treating VEGF-associated conditions and diseases, such as ocular disease, and are specifically designed for local administration to specific organs, tissues, and/or cells.

IC ICM A61K038-17

ICS C07H021-04; C07K014-71

INCL 514012000; 530350000; 536023500; 435069100; 435320100; 435325000

CC 1-12 (Pharmacology)

Section cross-reference(s): 2, 3

IT 158734-08-8 644994-65-0

RL: PRP (Properties)

(unclaimed sequence; uses of VEGF traps made from Ig domains of VEGF receptors 1, 2 and 3 in treating ocular disease)

IT 158734-08-8

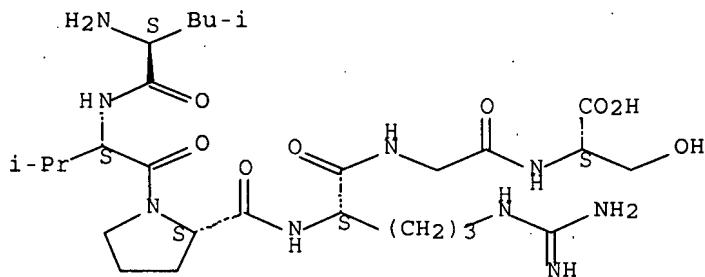
RL: PRP (Properties)

(unclaimed sequence; uses of VEGF traps made from Ig domains of VEGF receptors 1, 2 and 3 in treating ocular disease)

RN 158734-08-8 ZCAPLUS

CN L-Serine, L-leucyl-L-valyl-L-prolyl-L-arginylglycyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L95 ANSWER 16 OF 51 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:252189 ZCPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:286142

TITLE: Hybrid polypeptides comprising Ii-key motif and MHC class I or II-presented epitope of antigen, allergen or tumor antigen as vaccines against infection, allergy and cancer

INVENTOR(S): Humphreys, Robert E.; Xu, Minzhen

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Antigen Express, Inc., USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 90 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 4

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2004058881	A1	20040325	US 2002-253286	20020924 <--
US 7179645	B2	20070220		
CA 2499123	A1	20040415	CA 2003-2499123	20030912 <--
WO 2004030616	A2	20040415	WO 2003-US28574	20030912 <--
WO 2004030616	A3	20041007		
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
AU 2003294220	A1	20040423	AU 2003-294220	20030912 <--
EP 1556072	A2	20050727	EP 2003-789700	20030912 <--
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK				
JP 2006515744	T	20060608	JP 2004-541534	20030912 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2002-245871 A 20020917 <--				
US 2002-253286 A 20020924 <--				
WO 2003-US28574 W 20030912				

AB Disclosed is a nucleic acid mol. comprising a first expressible sequence encoding a protein of interest or polypeptide of interest which contains an MHC Class II-presented epitope. In addition, the nucleic acid mol. comprises a second expressible nucleic acid sequence encoding an antigen presentation-

enhancing hybrid polypeptide. The antigen presentation enhancing hybrid polypeptide includes the following elements: (i) an N-terminal element consisting essentially of 4-16 residues of the mammalian Ii-Key peptide: LRMKLPKPPKPVSKMR and non-N-terminal deletion modifications thereof that retain antigen presentation enhancing activity; (ii) a C-terminal element comprising an MHC Class II-presented epitope in the form of a polypeptide or peptidomimetic structure which binds to the antigenic peptide binding site of an MHC class II mol., the MHC Class II-presented epitope being contained in the protein of interest of step (a); and (iii) an intervening peptidyl structure linking the N-terminal and C-terminal elements of the hybrid, the peptidyl structure having a length of about 20 amino acids or less. Exemplified proteins are allergen: Ara h 1-3, Fel d 1, Phi p 1, Phl p 5a, Bla g 5, and bee venom phospholipase A2; tumor antigen: CEA, CA-125, PSA, gp100, Pmel17, TRP-2, melanoma tyrosinase, MART-1, and Her-2 neu; pathogenic antigen: anthrax toxin lethal factor, anthrax protective antigen, Variola virus B5R protein, and Ebola virus membrane-associated protein VP24; and autoantigen: myelin basic protein, proteolipid protein, and myelin-oligodendrocyte glycoprotein precursor.

IC ICM A61K048-00

ICS C12Q001-68; C07H021-04; C07K014-74

INCL 514044000; 530350000; 435006000; 435069100; 435320100; 435325000; 536023500

CC 15-2 (Immunochemistry)

Section cross-reference(s): 3, 63

IT Skin

(dander; hybrid polypeptides comprising Ii-key motif and MHC class I or II-presented epitope of antigen, allergen or tumor antigen as vaccines against infection, allergy and cancer)

IT 676119-75-8D, chimeric derivs. 676119-76-9D, chimeric derivs.

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676143-05-8D, chimeric derivs.

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); THU  
(Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(hybrid polypeptides comprising Ii-key motif and MHC class I or  
II-presented epitope of antigen, allergen or tumor antigen as vaccines  
against infection, allergy and cancer)

IT 676141-74-5D, chimeric derivs.

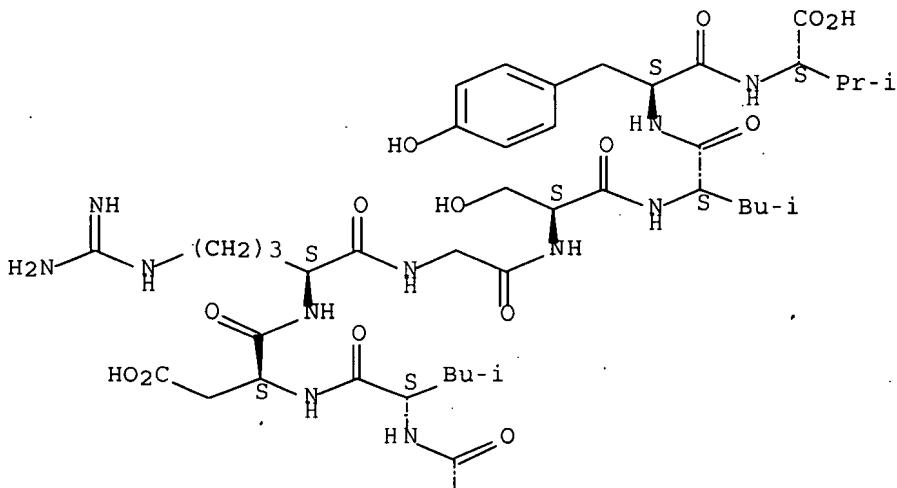
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); THU  
(Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(hybrid polypeptides comprising Ii-key motif and MHC class I or  
II-presented epitope of antigen, allergen or tumor antigen as vaccines  
against infection, allergy and cancer)

RN 676141-74-5 ZCAPLUS

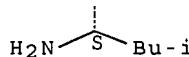
CN L-Valine, L-leucyl-L-leucyl-L- $\alpha$ -aspartyl-L-arginylglycyl-L-seryl-L-  
leucyl-L-tyrosyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2 - A



REFERENCE COUNT: 48 THERE ARE 48 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L95 ANSWER 17 OF 51 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:219828 ZCPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:249007

**TITLE:** Methods for preparing abrogen fusion proteins for inhibition of angiogenesis-related disorders

INVENTOR(S): Nesbit, Mark; Cameron, Beatrice; Blanche, Francis

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fr.

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 88 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.

Ser. No. 233,675.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

DOCUMENT TYPE:

**LANGUAGE:**

**PATENT INFORMATION:**

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. 4,381,320

PATENT NO. \_\_\_\_\_

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2004052810	A1	20040318	US 2003-424999	20030429 <--
WO 2003042354	A2	20030522	WO 2002-US27885	20020904 <--
WO 2003042354	A3	20060105		
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG,				

US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW  
 RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

US 2003228298 A1 20031211 US 2002-233675 20020904 <--

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2002-233675 A2 20020904 <--  
 WO 2002-US27885 A 20020904 <--  
 US 2001-316300P P 20010904 <--

AB The present invention provides methods for preparing abrogen fusion proteins for inhibition of angiogenesis-related disorders. Abrogen activity includes region of urokinase plasminogen activator comprising kringle domain. In preferred embodiments, fusion proteins containing abrogen and immunoglobulin IgG-2a and human serum albumin were prepared. Polypeptides according to the present invention are useful for developing cell growth-modulating compns. and methods and for treating and/or preventing cancer, tumor growth, or other angiogenic dependent or angiogenesis associated diseases.

IC ICM A61K048-00

ICS A61K039-00; C07K014-47

INCL 424185100; X51-4 1.2; X51-4 4.4; X53-035.0

CC 6-3 (General Biochemistry)

Section cross-reference(s): 1, 3

IT 122024-47-9 147395-23-1 158734-08-8 205938-74-5  
 532384-53-5 671184-41-1 671184-42-2 671184-43-3

RL: PRP (Properties)

(unclaimed sequence; methods for preparing abrogen fusion proteins for inhibition of angiogenesis-related disorders)

IT 158734-08-8

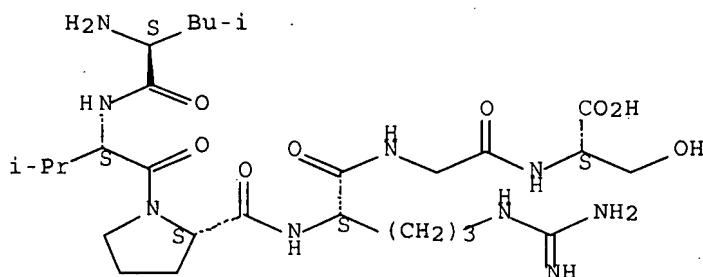
RL: PRP (Properties)

(unclaimed sequence; methods for preparing abrogen fusion proteins for inhibition of angiogenesis-related disorders)

RN 158734-08-8 ZCPLUS

CN L-Serine, L-leucyl-L-valyl-L-prolyl-L-arginylglycyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L95 ANSWER 18 OF 51 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:219823 ZCPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:249006

TITLE: Methods for preparing kringle domain-containing fusion proteins for inhibition of angiogenesis-related disorders

INVENTOR(S): Nesbit, Mark; Cameron, Beatrice; Blanche, Francis

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fr.

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 108 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

3

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2004052777	A1	20040318	US 2003-425000	20030429 <--
WO 2003042354	A2	20030522	WO 2002-US27885	20020904 <--
WO 2003042354	A3	20060105		
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US 2003228298	A1	20031211	US 2002-233675	20020904 <--
<b>PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:</b> US 2002-233675 A2 20020904 <-- WO 2002-US27885 A 20020904 <-- US 2001-316300P P 20010904 <-- 				

**AB** The present invention relates to kringle polypeptides and polynucleotides encoding kringle polypeptides and their use as therapeutic agents and in methods of identifying agonist compds. In effect, the kringle polypeptides according to the present invention are particularly useful for inhibiting in vitro and in vivo proliferation, migration and/or invasion of endothelial cells, recruitment of smooth muscle cells, and/or the formation of vasculature in a tissue. The present invention also relates to the use of kringle polypeptides for treating and/or preventing angiogenesis in tumors and inhibiting the growth of tumors. The present invention further relates to a method of modulating angiogenesis in cells affected by an angiogenic-dependent process and inhibiting unwanted or unregulated angiogenesis in an angiogenesis-associated disease. The present invention also concerns a method of production and purification of kringle polypeptides in a soluble and active form.

**IC** ICM A61K038-43

ICS C12N009-99; A61K039-00; C07K014-54

**INCL** 424094100; 435184000; 424185100; 530351000

**CC** 6-3 (General Biochemistry)

Section cross-reference(s): 1, 3

**IT** 147395-23-1 158734-08-8 205938-74-5 671184-41-1  
671184-42-2 671184-43-3

**RL:** PRP (Properties)

(unclaimed sequence; methods for preparing kringle domain-containing fusion proteins for inhibition of angiogenesis-related disorders)

**IT** 158734-08-8

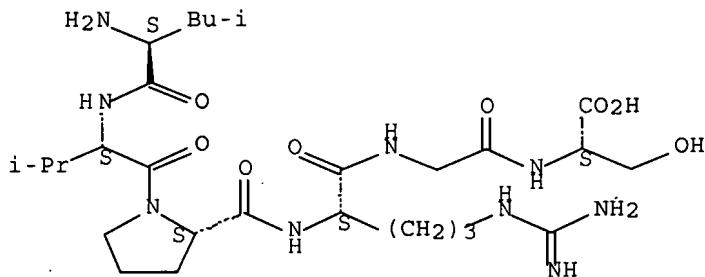
**RL:** PRP (Properties)

(unclaimed sequence; methods for preparing kringle domain-containing fusion proteins for inhibition of angiogenesis-related disorders)

**RN** 158734-08-8 ZCPLUS

**CN** L-Serine, L-leucyl-L-valyl-L-prolyl-L-arginylglycyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L95 ANSWER 19 OF 51 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:101303 ZCPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:180120

TITLE: Alternative reading frame (ncORF) antigenic determinants from viruses and uses in vaccines

INVENTOR(S): Mattner, Frank; Schmidt, Walter; Habel, Andre

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Intercell A.-G., Austria

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 220 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 7

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004011650	A2	20040205	WO 2003-EP8112	20030724
WO 2004011650	A3	20040624		
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
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CA 2484941	A1	20040205	CA 2003-2484941	20030724
WO 2004011650	A2	20040205	WO 2003-XA8112	20030724
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AU 2003254585	A1	20040216	AU 2003-254585	20030724
EP 1523557	A2	20050420	EP 2003-771083	20030724
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK				
CN 1650012	A	20050803	CN 2003-809788	20030724

JP 2005533855	T 20051110	JP 2004-523778	20030724
US 2007134262	A1 20070614	US 2004-512790	20041027
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:		AT 2002-1124	A 20020724
		EP 2003-450171	A 20030711
		WO 2003-EP8112	W 20030724

AB It is an object of the present invention to provide means for replacing or improving existing or proposed vaccines against viral pathogens, especially human pathogens. A specific aim is to provide effective T cell epitopes against viral pathogens. The invention discloses polypeptides encoded by an alternative reading frame (non-coding open-reading frame (ncORF)) of a pathogenic virus, which polypeptides - start with a methionine amino acid residue, -- comprise an antigenic determinant (epitope) and - comprise more than 7 amino acid residues and fragments of said polypeptides comprising more than 7 amino acids. T cell responses against alternatively encoded epitopes are detectable in patients suffering such infections. Such a polypeptide according to the present invention may be defined as an antigenic sequence outside the primarily (main) transcribed ORF of a given pathogenic virus. Alternatively encoded antigens from hepatitis C virus and human immunodeficiency virus are provided. Possible ncORF epitopes with superior immunization properties were identified for hepatitis C virus (HCV), human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) and human papilloma virus (HPV). The immunogenicity of HCV ncORF peptides was demonstrated on HLA-A-allele-transgenic mice and on HCV patient -derived cells.

IC ICM C12N015-33  
 ICS C07K014-005; C07K014-18; A61K039-12  
 CC 15-2 (Immunochemistry)  
 Section cross-reference(s): 3, 10

L95 ANSWER 20 OF 51 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:80402 ZCPLUS Full-text  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:158618  
 TITLE: cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human gene 213P1F11, and diagnostic and therapeutic uses for bladder, prostate, or breast cancer  
 INVENTOR(S): Challita-Eid, Pia M.; Raitano, Arthur B.; Faris, Mary; Hubert, Rene S.; Morrison, Robert Kendall; Ge, Wangmao; Jakobovits, Aya  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA  
 SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 334 pp.  
 CODEN: USXXCO  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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US 2004019915	A1	20040129	US 2002-114432	20020401 <--
US 2007037745	A1	20070215	US 2005-90545	20050325 <--

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2002-114432 A3 20020401 <--  
 AB The invention claims a gene (designated 213P1F11) and its encoded protein, and variants thereof, wherein 213P1F11 exhibits tissue specific expression in normal adult tissue, and is aberrantly expressed in bladder, breast, and prostate cancers. Consequently, 213P1F11 provides a diagnostic, prognostic, prophylactic and/or therapeutic target for cancer. The 213P1F11 gene or fragment thereof, or its encoded protein, or variants thereof, or a fragment thereof, can be used to elicit a humoral or cellular immune response; antibodies or T cells reactive with 213P1F11 can be used in active or passive immunization. The invention provide sequences for 10 cDNA isoforms and 6 protein isoforms of gene 213P1F11. Variants 213P1F11 v.2 and v.3 are splice

variants, 213P1F11 v.4 is an alternative transcript, and variants v.5-v.10 are single nucleotide polymorphisms. Amino acid sequences of 213P1F11 v.1, v.2, v.3, and v.4 are homologous to human and mouse caspase 14 precursor. Gene 213P1F11 mRNAs are highly expressed in bladder, breast, and prostate cancer tissues. In normal tissue, 213P1F11 mRNA was only detected in skin and thymus. The gene was mapped to human chromosome 19 at 19p13.1. [This abstract record is one of several records for this document necessitated by the large number of index entries required to fully index the document and publication system constraints.]

IC ICM A01K067-027  
 ICS A61K039-395; C12N005-06; C07K016-40  
 INCL 800006000; 424146100; 530388260; 435338000  
 CC 3-3 (Biochemical Genetics)  
 Section cross-reference(s): 1, 7, 13, 14, 15  
 IT Skin  
 Thymus gland  
 (gene 213P1F11 mRNA; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human gene 213P1F11, and diagnostic and therapeutic uses for cancer)  
 IT 371761-20-5 546128-98-7 651770-17-1 651770-18-2 651770-19-3  
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RL: ANT (Analyte); DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU  
 (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study);  
 USES (Uses)

(human gene 213P1F11 peptide epitope; cDNA and polypeptide sequences  
 for human gene 213P1F11, and diagnostic and therapeutic uses for  
 cancer)

IT 651772-45-1

RL: ANT (Analyte); DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU  
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 USES (Uses)

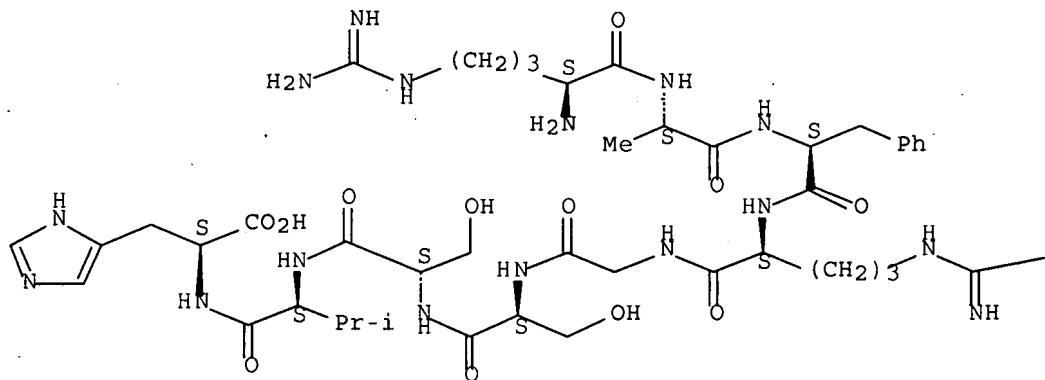
(human gene 213P1F11 peptide epitope; cDNA and polypeptide sequences  
 for human gene 213P1F11, and diagnostic and therapeutic uses for  
 cancer)

RN 651772-45-1 ZCPLUS

CN L-Histidine, L-arginyl-L-alanyl-L-phenylalanyl-L-arginylglycyl-L-seryl-L-  
 seryl-L-valyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

—NH2

L95 ANSWER 21 OF 51 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:60122 ZCPLUS Full-text  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:123179  
 TITLE: Methods for the production and therapeutic uses of  
       VEGF traps made from Ig domains of VEGF receptors 1, 2  
       and 3  
 INVENTOR(S): Daly, Thomas J.; Fandl, James P.; Papadopoulos,  
       Nicholas J.  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Regeneron Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA  
 SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 28 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.  
       Ser. No. 9,852.  
       CODEN: USXXCO  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 10  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2004014667	A1	20040122	US 2003-609775	20030630 <--
US 7087411	B2	20060808		
CA 2588221	A1	20001214	CA 2000-2588221	20000523 <--
WO 2000075319	A1	20001214	WO 2000-US14142	20000523 <--
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CA 2529660	A1	20050106	CA 2004-2529660	20040629
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WO 2005000895	A3	20050915		
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CN 1816566	A	20060809	CN 2004-80018573	20040629
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US 2006030529	A1	20060209	US 2005-218234	20050901 <--
MX 2005PA13641	A	20060224	MX 2005-PA13641	20051214
NO 2006000483	A	20060328	NO 2006-483	20060130

IN 2006CN00381	A 20070706	IN 2006-CN381	20060130
US 2006148705	A1 20060706	US 2006-346008	20060202
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		WO 2000-US14142	W 20000523 <--
		US 2001-9852	A2 20011206 <--
		CA 2000-2376379	A3 20000523 <--
		EP 2000-932721	A3 20000523 <--
		US 2003-609775	A 20030630
		US 2004-880021	A2 20040629
		WO 2004-US21059	W 20040629
		US 2004-988243	A2 20041112
		US 2004-16097	A2 20041217
		US 2004-16503	A2 20041217
		US 2005-89803	A2 20050325

AB Nucleic acid mols. and multimeric proteins capable of binding vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF). VEGF mini-traps are disclosed which are therapeutically useful for treating VEGF-associated conditions and diseases, and are specifically designed for local administration to specific organs, tissues, and/or cells.

IC ICM A61K038-17

ICS C07K014-71; C12P021-02; C12N005-06

INCL 514012000; X53-035.0; X43-5 6.97; X43-532.01; X43-532.5; X53-6 2.35

CC 2-10 (Mammalian Hormones)

Section cross-reference(s): 3

IT 158734-08-8 160597-73-9

RL: PRP (Properties)

(unclaimed sequence; methods for the production and therapeutic uses of VEGF traps made from Ig domains of VEGF receptors 1, 2 and 3)

IT 158734-08-8

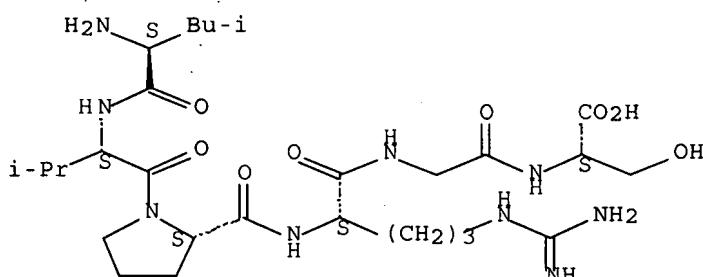
RL: PRP (Properties)

(unclaimed sequence; methods for the production and therapeutic uses of VEGF traps made from Ig domains of VEGF receptors 1, 2 and 3)

RN 158734-08-8 ZCPLUS

CN L-Serine, L-leucyl-L-valyl-L-prolyl-L-arginylglycyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L95 ANSWER 22 OF 51 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:3450 ZCPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:99617

TITLE: Peptide conjugates with drugs as prodrugs for activation by tissue or cell-specific proteinases

INVENTOR(S): Madison, Edwin L.; Semple, Joseph Edward; Vlasuk, George P.; Kemp, Scott Jeffrey; Komandla, Mallareddy; Siev, Daniel Vanna

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Corvas International, Inc., USA  
SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 359 pp.  
CODEN: USXXCO  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2004001801	A1	20040101	US 2002-156214	20020523 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2002-156214	20020523 <--

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 140:99617

AB Conjugates of peptides with drugs that are substrates of a tissue-specific proteinases that can be used to treat diseases associated with abnormal levels of the enzyme. The enzyme may be transmembrane serine proteinase, a urokinase, or an endotheliase. The conjugates are to be substrates for proteinases that may be cell- or tissue-specific. The drug moiety of the conjugate may be cytotoxic. The drug may be bound to the peptide by a labile linker that will eliminate itself after the preliminary hydrolysis.

IC ICM A61K038-20

ICS A61K038-19; A61K038-18; C07K014-52; C07K014-475; C07K014-415;  
A61K039-02

INCL 424085100; 530351000; 530370000; 530395000; 530399000; 424085200;  
514008000; 514012000; 424236100

CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)

Section cross-reference(s): 1, 3, 7

IT Abrins

Anthracyclines

Cytokines

Enediynes

Fas ligand

Growth factors, animal

Interleukin 1

Interleukin 2

Interleukin 6

Nucleic acids

Nucleosides, biological studies

Platelet-derived growth factors

Ricins

Taxanes

Toxins

Tumor necrosis factors

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(peptide conjugates, as prodrugs; peptide conjugates with drugs as prodrugs for activation by tissue or cell-specific proteinases)

IT Connective tissue, disease

(scleroderma, CREST syndrome variant, treatment of; peptide conjugates with drugs as prodrugs for activation by tissue or cell-specific proteinases)

IT Autoimmune disease

Endocrine system, disease

Esophagus, neoplasm

Eye, disease

Glaucoma (disease)

Heart, disease

Infection

Inflammation

Lung, neoplasm

Mammary gland, neoplasm

Melanoma  
 Neoplasm  
 Ovary, neoplasm  
 Pancreas, neoplasm  
 Prostate gland, neoplasm  
 Psoriasis  
 Rheumatoid arthritis  
 Skin, disease  
 Wound

(treatment of; peptide conjugates with drugs as prodrugs for activation by tissue or cell-specific proteinases)

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 642484-80-8D, drug conjugates  
 642484-82-0D, drug conjugates  
 642484-84-2D, drug conjugates  
 642484-86-4D, drug conjugates  
 642484-88-6D, drug conjugates  
 642484-73-9D, drug conjugates  
 642484-75-1D, drug conjugates  
 642484-77-3D, drug conjugates  
 642484-79-5D, drug conjugates  
 642484-81-9D, drug conjugates  
 642484-83-1D, drug conjugates  
 642484-85-3D, drug conjugates  
 642484-87-5D, drug conjugates

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); THU  
 (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(amino acid sequence, as prodrug; peptide conjugates with drugs as prodrugs for activation by tissue or cell-specific proteinases)

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 642484-91-1D, drug conjugates 642484-92-2D, drug conjugates  
 642484-93-3D, drug conjugates 642484-94-4D, drug conjugates  
 642484-95-5D, drug conjugates 642484-96-6D, drug conjugates  
 642484-97-7D, drug conjugates 642484-98-8D, drug conjugates  
 642484-99-9D, drug conjugates 642485-00-5D, drug conjugates  
 642485-01-6D, drug conjugates 642485-02-7D, drug conjugates  
 642485-03-8D, drug conjugates 642485-04-9D, drug conjugates  
 642485-05-0D, drug conjugates 642485-06-1D, drug conjugates  
 642485-07-2D, drug conjugates 642485-08-3D, drug conjugates  
 642485-09-4D, drug conjugates 642485-10-7D, drug conjugates  
 642485-11-8D, drug conjugates 642485-12-9D, drug conjugates  
 642485-13-0D, drug conjugates 642485-14-1D, drug conjugates  
 642485-15-2D, drug conjugates 642485-16-3D, drug conjugates  
 642485-17-4D, drug conjugates 642485-18-5D, drug conjugates  
 642485-19-6D, drug conjugates 642485-20-9D, drug conjugates  
 642485-21-0D, drug conjugates 642485-27-6D, drug conjugates  
 642485-29-8D, drug conjugates 642485-30-1D, drug conjugates  
 642485-31-2D, drug conjugates 642485-32-3D, drug conjugates  
 642485-33-4D, drug conjugates 642485-34-5D, drug conjugates  
 642485-35-6D, drug conjugates 642485-36-7D, drug conjugates  
 642485-37-8D, drug conjugates 642485-38-9D, drug conjugates  
 642485-39-0D, drug conjugates 642485-40-3D, drug conjugates  
 642485-41-4D, drug conjugates 642485-42-5D, drug conjugates  
 642485-43-6D, drug conjugates 642485-44-7D, drug conjugates  
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 642485-49-2D, drug conjugates 642485-50-5D, drug conjugates  
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 642485-58-3D, drug conjugates 642485-59-4D, drug conjugates  
 642485-60-7D, drug conjugates 642485-61-8D, drug conjugates  
 642485-62-9D, drug conjugates 642485-63-0D, drug conjugates  
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 642928-67-4D, drug conjugates 642928-70-9D, drug conjugates  
 642928-73-2D, drug conjugates 642928-76-5D, drug conjugates  
 642928-79-8D, drug conjugates 642928-81-2D, drug conjugates  
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RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); THU  
 (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

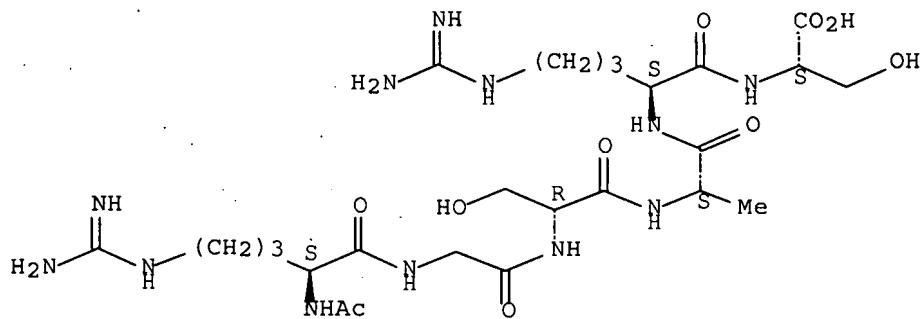
(amino acid sequence, as prodrug; peptide conjugates with drugs as prodrugs for activation by tissue or cell-specific proteinases)

IT 50-07-7D, Mitomycin C, derivs., peptide conjugates 50-18-0D,  
 Cyclophosphamide, derivs., peptide conjugates 50-44-2D,  
 6-Mercaptopurine, derivs., peptide conjugates 51-21-8D, 5-Fluorouracil,  
 derivs., peptide conjugates 54-62-6D, Aminopterin, derivs., peptide  
 conjugates 57-22-7D, Vincristine, derivs., peptide conjugates  
 59-05-2D, Methotrexate, derivs., peptide conjugates 91-18-9D, Pteridine,  
 derivs., peptide conjugates 147-94-4D, Cytosine arabinoside, derivs.,  
 peptide conjugates 148-82-3D, Melphalan, derivs., peptide conjugates  
 518-28-5D, Podophyllotoxin, derivs., peptide conjugates 528-74-5D,  
 DichloroMethotrexate, derivs., peptide conjugates 801-52-5D,  
 Porfiromycin, derivs., peptide conjugates 865-21-4D, Vinblastine,  
 derivs., peptide conjugates 1404-00-8D, Mitomycin, derivs., peptide  
 conjugates 2410-93-7D, Methopterin, derivs., peptide conjugates  
 2998-57-4D, Estramustine, derivs., peptide conjugates 3352-69-0D,  
 4-Desacetylvinblastine, derivs., peptide conjugates 9035-58-9,  
 Blood-coagulation factor III 9061-61-4, Nerve growth factor  
 11056-06-7D, Bleomycin, derivs., peptide conjugates 11096-26-7,  
 Erythropoietin 15228-71-4D, Leurosidine, derivs., peptide conjugates  
 15663-27-1D, Cisplatin, derivs., peptide conjugates 20830-81-3D,  
 Daunorubicin, derivs., peptide conjugates 23360-92-1D, Leurosine,  
 derivs., peptide conjugates 33069-62-4D, Taxol, derivs., peptide  
 conjugates 35846-53-8D, Maytansine, derivs., peptide conjugates  
 39472-31-6D, Carminomycin, derivs., peptide conjugates 57103-68-1D,  
 Maytansinol, derivs., peptide conjugates 62031-54-3, Fibroblast  
 growth factor 62229-50-9, *Epidermal growth*  
 factor 82855-09-2D, Combretastatin, derivs., peptide conjugates  
 83869-56-1, GM-CSF 114977-28-5D, Taxotere, derivs., peptide conjugates  
 117091-64-2D, Etoposide phosphate, derivs., peptide conjugates  
 139639-23-9, Tissue plasminogen activator 143011-72-7, G-CSF  
 152044-53-6D, Epothilone A, derivs., peptide conjugates 152044-54-7D,  
 Epothilone B, derivs., peptide conjugates  
 RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (peptide conjugates, as prodrugs; peptide conjugates with drugs as  
 prodrugs for activation by tissue or cell-specific proteinases)

IT 642484-32-0D, drug conjugates 642484-33-1D, drug  
 conjugates 642484-34-2D, drug conjugates 642484-36-4D,  
 drug conjugates 642484-55-7D, drug conjugates  
 642484-58-0D, drug conjugates 642485-56-1D, drug  
 conjugates  
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); THU  
 (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (amino acid sequence, as prodrug; peptide conjugates with drugs as  
 prodrugs for activation by tissue or cell-specific proteinases)

RN 642484-32-0 ZCAPLUS  
 CN L-Serine, N2-acetyl-L-arginylglycyl-D-seryl-L-alanyl-L-arginyl- (9CI) (CA  
 INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

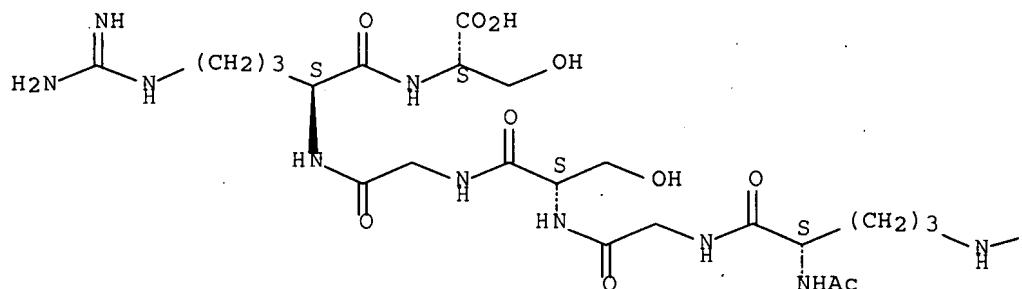


RN 642484-33-1 ZCAPLUS

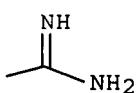
CN L-Serine, N2-acetyl-L-arginyglycyl-L-serylglycyl-L-arginyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

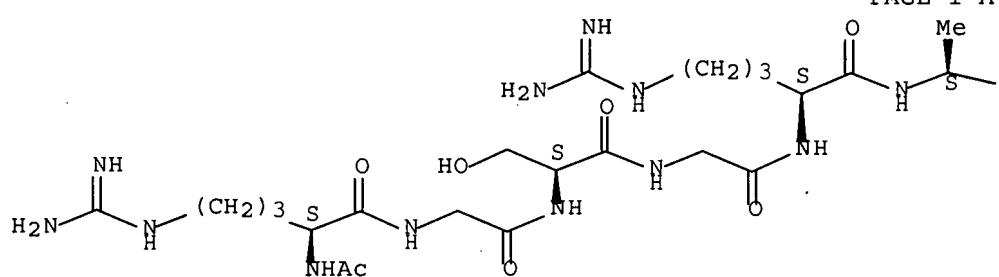


RN 642484-34-2 ZCAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, N2-acetyl-L-arginyglycyl-L-serylglycyl-L-arginyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



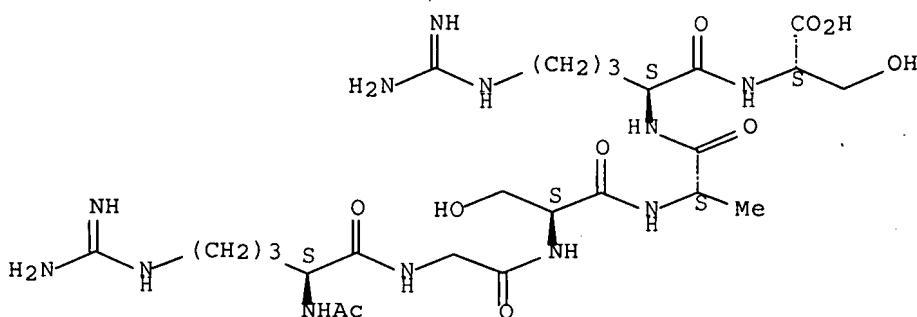
PAGE 1-B

—CO<sub>2</sub>H

RN 642484-36-4 ZCPLUS

CN L-Serine, N<sub>2</sub>-acetyl-L-arginylglycyl-L-seryl-L-alanyl-L-arginyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

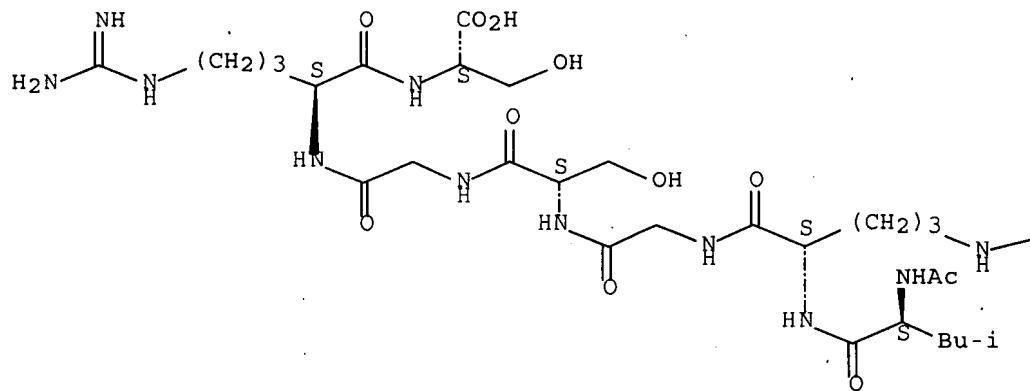


RN 642484-55-7 ZCPLUS

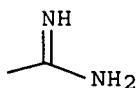
CN L-Serine, N-acetyl-L-leucyl-L-arginylglycyl-L-serylglycyl-L-arginyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

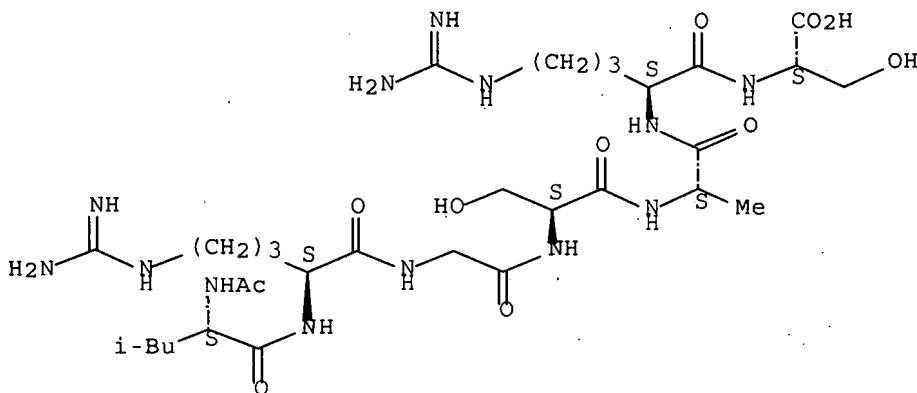


PAGE 1-B



RN 642484-58-0 ZCPLUS  
CN L-Serine, N-acetyl-L-leucyl-L-arginyglycyl-L-seryl-L-alanyl-L-arginyl-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

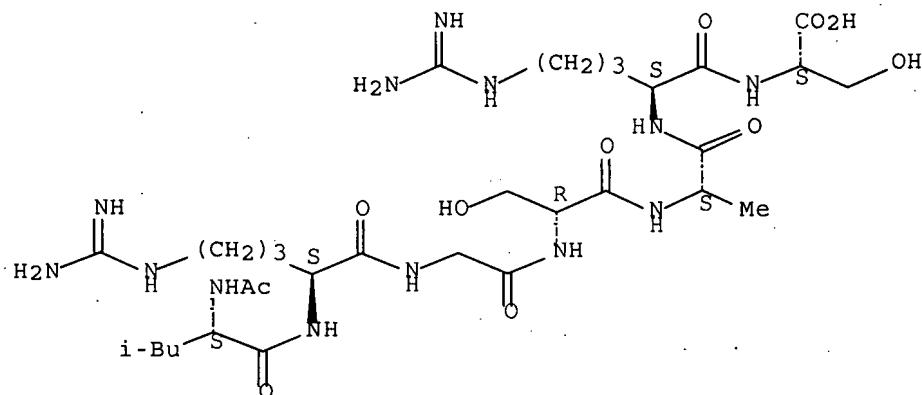
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 642485-56-1 ZCPLUS

CN L-Serine, N-acetyl-L-leucyl-L-arginylglycyl-D-seryl-L-alanyl-L-arginyl-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L95 ANSWER 23 OF 51 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:610601 ZCPLUS Full-text  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:145561  
TITLE: Transport peptides and uses for delivering drugs to target cells  
INVENTOR(S): Giordano, Frank J.; Sessa, William C.  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Yale University, USA  
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 32 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2003064614	A2	20030807	WO 2003-US2715	20030130 <--
WO 2003064614	A3	20031113		
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
CA 2474807	A1	20030807	CA 2003-2474807	20030130 <--
EP 1476176	A2	20041117	EP 2003-705981	20030130 <--
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK				
US 2005181474	A1	20050818	US 2003-502875	20030130 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2002-352745P	P 20020130 <--
			WO 2003-US2715	W 20030130

AB The invention describes isolated transport peptides, which cross the cell membrane of a cell and/or home to a target cell. The invention also describes a transport complex in which a transport peptide is linked to a cargo moiety to be delivered into/to a cell. Methods are disclosed describing delivery of a transport complex into and/or to a cell. Vectors and host cells comprising transport peptides and transport complexes are also described, as well as pharmaceutical compns. including transport complexes of the present invention.

IC ICM C12N

CC 6-3 (General Biochemistry)  
Section cross-reference(s): 63

IT Brain  
Heart  
Muscle  
Skin  
(delivery of drug to; transport peptides and uses for delivering drugs to target cells)

IT 573649-86-2 573649-87-3 573649-88-4 573649-89-5 573649-90-8  
573649-91-9 573649-92-0 573649-93-1 573649-94-2 573649-95-3  
573649-96-4 573649-97-5 573649-98-6 573649-99-7 573650-00-7  
573650-01-8 573650-02-9 573650-03-0 573650-04-1 573650-05-2  
573650-06-3 573650-07-4 573650-08-5 573650-09-6 573650-10-9  
573650-11-0 573650-12-1 573650-13-2 573650-14-3 573650-15-4  
573650-16-5 573650-17-6 573650-18-7 573650-19-8 573650-20-1  
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573650-26-7 573650-27-8 573650-28-9 573650-29-0 573650-30-3  
573650-31-4 573650-32-5 573650-33-6 573650-34-7 573650-35-8  
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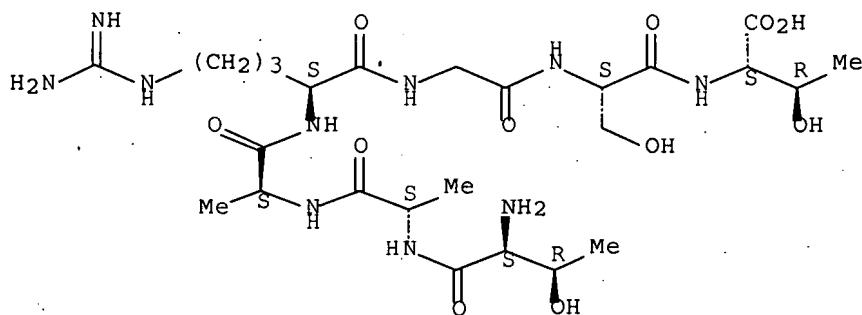
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(transport peptide sequence; transport peptides and uses for delivering drugs to target cells)

IT 573650-00-7  
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(transport peptide sequence; transport peptides and uses for delivering drugs to target cells)

RN 573650-00-7 ZCPLUS

CN L-Threonine, L-threonyl-L-alanyl-L-alanyl-L-arginylglycyl-L-seryl- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:591215 ZCPLUS Full-text  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:144956  
 TITLE: Ligand binding domains of cytokine which are linked  
 via flexible polypeptide linker and uses in therapy  
 INVENTOR(S): Ross, Richard; Artymiuk, Peter; Sayers, Jon  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Asterion Limited, UK  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 37 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2003062276	A2	20030731	WO 2003-GB253	20030124 <--
WO 2003062276	A3	20031016		
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
CA 2510751	A1	20030731	CA 2003-2510751	20030124 <--
EP 1468020	A2	20041020	EP 2003-702702	20030124 <--
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK				
JP 2005529583	T	20051006	JP 2003-562153	20030124 <--
IN 2004KN00972	A	20060505	IN 2004-KN972	20040713 <--
MX 2004PA07160	A	20050331	MX 2004-PAT7160	20040723 <--
BR 2004003173	A	20060321	BR 2004-3173	20040730 <--
US 2005214762	A1	20050929	US 2005-502344	20050511 <--
US 2007054364	A1	20070308	US 2006-595991 GB 2002-1679	20061113 <-- A 20020125 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: WO 2003-GB253 US 2005-502344 B3 20050511				

AB The invention relates to the provision of oligomeric polypeptides (dimers, trimers, etc) comprising the ligand binding domains of cytokines which are linked via flexible polypeptide linker mols. The linker mols. optionally comprise protease sensitive sites to modulate the release of biol. active cytokines when administered to a human or animal subject. The invention also relates to chemical crosslinkers wherein the chemical crosslinkers serve to link the ligand binding domains. The chimeric cytokine can be used for treating acromegaly, gigantism, GH deficiency, Turners syndrome, renal failure, osteoporosis, diabetes mellitus, cancer, obesity, insulin resistance, hyperlipidemia, hypertension, anemia, autoimmune and infectious disease, inflammatory disorders including rheumatoid arthritis.

IC ICM C07K014-52  
 CC 3-2 (Biochemical Genetics)  
 Section cross-reference(s): 1, 2, 15

ST ligand binding domain cytokine therapy; growth hormone linker fusion sequence; leptin linker fusion sequence

IT cDNA sequences  
 (for growth hormone and leptin; ligand binding domains of cytokines which are linked by chemical crosslinkers and uses in therapy)

IT Growth disorders, animal

(gigantism, treatment of; ligand binding domains of cytokines which are linked by chemical crosslinkers and uses in therapy)

IT Protein sequences

(of growth hormone and leptin; ligand binding domains of cytokines which are linked by chemical crosslinkers and uses in therapy)

IT 9002-72-6P, Growth hormone 169494-85-3P, Leptin

RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(ligand binding domains of cytokines which are linked via flexible polypeptide linker and uses in therapy)

IT 2543-43-3 2543-44-4 158734-08-8 571186-35-1 571186-36-2

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(peptide linker; ligand binding domains of cytokines which are linked by chemical crosslinkers and uses in therapy)

IT 158734-08-8

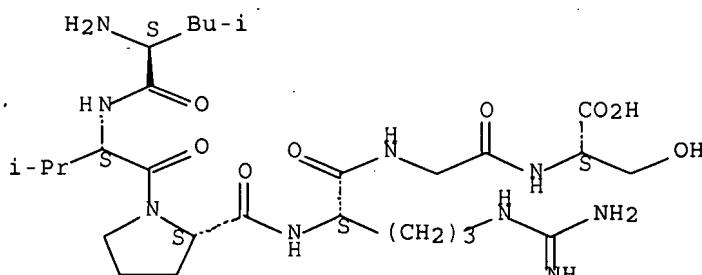
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(peptide linker; ligand binding domains of cytokines which are linked by chemical crosslinkers and uses in therapy)

RN 158734-08-8 ZCPLUS

CN L-Serine, L-leucyl-L-valyl-L-prolyl-L-arginylglycyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L95 ANSWER 25 OF 51 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:117964 ZCPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:165523

TITLE: Hybrid proteins with neuregulin heparin-binding domain for targeting to heparan sulfate proteoglycans and therapeutic uses thereof

INVENTOR(S): Loeb, Jeffrey A.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Wayne State University, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 74 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2003012045	A2	20030213	WO 2002-US24053	20020731 <--
WO 2003012045	A3	20040701		

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CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,  
 GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,  
 LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH,  
 PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,  
 UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW  
 RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,  
 KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES,  
 FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF,  
 CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG  
 CA 2455830 A1 20030213 CA 2002-2455830 20020731 <--  
 AU 2002322762 A1 20030217 AU 2002-322762 20020731 <--  
 EP 1456239 A2 20040915 EP 2002-756777 20020731 <--  
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 IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, SK  
 JP 2005500052 T 20050106 JP 2003-517223 20020731 <--  
 US 2005107601 A1 20050519 US 2003-485206 20020731 <--  
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2001-308563P P 20010731 <--  
 WO 2002-US24053 W 20020731 <--

**AB** The present invention discloses that the neuregulin (NRG) heparin binding domain (N-HBD) functions to keep the EGF-like domain at sufficiently high concns. near erbB receptors for a sufficiently long period of time necessary to induce events downstream from receptor binding. In particular, fusion polypeptides are produced that comprise, as a targeting structure, a N-HBD polypeptide, fragment, homolog or functional derivative and a protein to be targeted. This is fused to a polypeptide or peptide being targeted (Ptrg) to cell surfaces rich in heparan sulfate proteoglycans to either activate or inhibit interactions at tyrosine kinase receptors. Such products are used to treat diseases or conditions where either agonism or antagonism at tyrosine kinase receptors has beneficial effects, including cancer and a multitude of diseases of the nervous system. The present inventor examined how NRG-HSPG interactions affect NRG-erbB receptor binding, erbB receptor auto-phosphorylation and downstream activation of AChR genes and newly-synthesized proteins in primary chick myotube cultures.

**IC** ICM C12N

**CC** 6-3 (General Biochemistry)

Section cross-reference(s): 1, 3

**ST** hybrid protein neuregulin heparin binding domain; fusion protein targeting heparan sulfate proteoglycan; protein hybrid modulating *epidermal growth factor* acetylcholine receptor

**IT** Cytokines

Ephrins

Growth factors, animal

Neurotrophic factors

Transforming growth factors

**RL**: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(as ligand; hybrid proteins with neuregulin heparin-binding domain for targeting to heparan sulfate proteoglycans and therapeutic uses thereof)

**IT** Antibodies and Immunoglobulins

Epidermal growth factor receptors

G protein-coupled receptors

Tyrosine kinase receptors

**RL**: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(as targeted protein; hybrid proteins with neuregulin heparin-binding domain for targeting to heparan sulfate proteoglycans and therapeutic uses thereof)

**IT** 9061-61-4, Nerve growth factor 62031-54-3, Fibroblast

growth factor 127464-60-2, Vascular endothelial growth

factor 130939-66-1, Neurotrophin 3 143375-33-1, Neurotrophin 4

**RL**: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(as ligand; hybrid proteins with neuregulin heparin-binding domain for targeting to heparan sulfate proteoglycans and therapeutic uses thereof)

IT 401895-03-2P 401895-04-3P

RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(fusion protein linker amino acid sequence; hybrid proteins with neuregulin heparin-binding domain for targeting to heparan sulfate proteoglycans and therapeutic uses thereof)

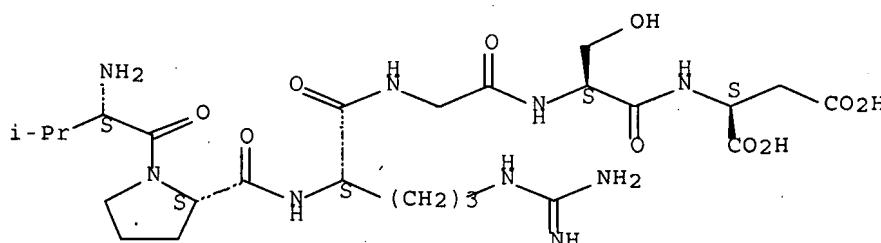
IT 401895-03-2P

RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(fusion protein linker amino acid sequence; hybrid proteins with neuregulin heparin-binding domain for targeting to heparan sulfate proteoglycans and therapeutic uses thereof)

RN 401895-03-2 ZCPLUS

CN L-Aspartic acid, L-valyl-L-prolyl-L-arginyglycyl-L-seryl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L95 ANSWER 26 OF 51 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:315107 ZCPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:339494

TITLE: Monoclonal antibodies or fragments specific to VEGF/PDGF-like factor (VPLF) useful for diagnosis and treatment of angiogenesis-related diseases

INVENTOR(S): Shitara, Kenya; Furuya, Akiko

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Kyowa Hakko Kogyo Co., Ltd., Japan; Helix Research Institute.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 136 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

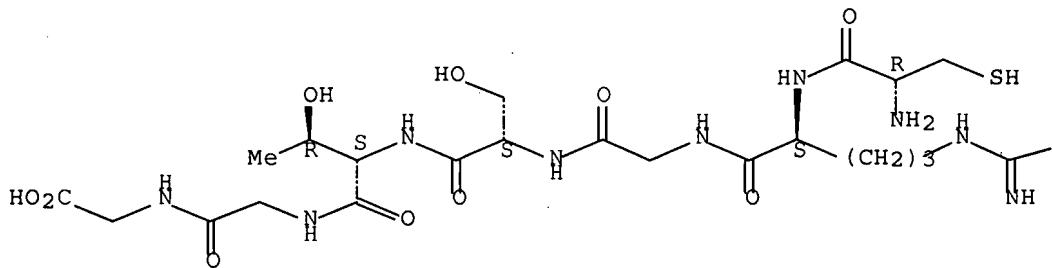
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WO 2002033094	A1	20020425	WO 2001-JP9218	20011019 <--
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 AU 2001094274 A5 20020429 AU 2001-94274 20011019 <--  
 CA 2426384 A1 20030417 CA 2001-2426384 20011019 <--  
 EP 1335024 A1 20030813 EP 2001-974890 20011019 <--  
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 US 2004086507 A1 20040506 US 2003-399673 20030418 <--  
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2000-319985 A 20001019 <--  
 WO 2001-JP9218 W 20011019 <--

AB Provided are monoclonal antibodies which specifically recognizes VPLF proteins and inhibits the activity of VPLF protein. The monoclonal antibodies are IgG1 subclass, secreted by hybridomas KM2764 (FERM BP-7293) and KM2767 (FERM BP-7294), and specifically reacting with human VPLF and inhibiting its activity. This antibody is usable as a remedy or a diagnostic for diseases in which VPLF participates, i.e., diseases associated with abnormal acceleration of angiogenesis, eye diseases based on abnormal angiogenesis, arthritis based on abnormal angiogenesis, skin diseases associated with abnormal angiogenesis, diseases associated with abnormal acceleration of vasopermeability, diseases associated with abnormal differentiation/proliferation of smooth muscular cells, diseases associated with abnormal differentiation/proliferation of kidney mesangial cells, diseases associated with abnormal differentiation/proliferation of blood stem cells, diseases based on abnormality in osteoblasts, diseases based on abnormality in pancreatic sz cells, ischemic diseases and diseases associated with retarded wound healing.  
 IC ICM C12N015-53  
 ICS C12N005-10; C12N001-15; C12N001-19; C12N001-21; C12P021-02;  
 C12P021-08; C07K016-24; A61K039-395; A61P009-10; G01N033-53  
 CC 15-3 (Immunochemistry)  
 Section cross-reference(s): 3, 8, 9  
 IT Arthritis  
 Glaucoma (disease)  
 Hematopoietic disorders  
 Skin, disease  
 (angiogenesis-associated; monoclonal antibodies or fragments specific to VEGF/PDGF-like factor or VPLF useful for diagnosis and treatment of angiogenesis-related diseases)  
 IT 321656-08-0P 321656-09-1P 321656-10-4P 321656-11-5P  
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)  
 (monoclonal antibodies or fragments specific to VEGF/PDGF-like factor or VPLF useful for diagnosis and treatment of angiogenesis-related diseases)  
 IT 321656-11-5P  
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)  
 (monoclonal antibodies or fragments specific to VEGF/PDGF-like factor or VPLF useful for diagnosis and treatment of angiogenesis-related diseases)  
 RN 321656-11-5 ZCAPLUS  
 CN Glycine, L-cysteinyl-L-arginylglycyl-L-seryl-L-threonylglycyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

NH<sub>2</sub>

REFERENCE COUNT: 10 THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L95 ANSWER 27 OF 51 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:185354 ZCPLUS Full-text  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:227913  
TITLE: Biopanning and rapid analysis of selective interactive ligands (BRASIL)  
INVENTOR(S): Arap, Wadih; Pasqualini, Renata  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Board of Regents, the University of Texas System, USA  
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 167 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 5  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002020822	A2	20020314	WO 2001-US28124	20010907 <--
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AU 200188914	A	20020322	AU 2001-88914	20010907 <--
EP 1315840	A2	20030604	EP 2001-968683	20010907 <--
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JP 2004530404	T 20041007	JP 2002-525828	20010907 <--
CA 2496938	A1 20040311	CA 2002-2496938	20021030 <--
WO 2004020999	A1 20040311	WO 2002-US34987	20021030 <--
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AU 2002364501	A1 20040319	AU 2002-364501	20021030 <--
EP 1546714	A1 20050629	EP 2002-799873	20021030 <--
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US 2006094672	A1 20060504	US 2004-489071	20041013 <--
US 2006239968	A1 20061026	US 2006-530168	20060223 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			
US 2000-231266P P 20000908 <--			
US 2001-765101 A 20010117 <--			
US 2001-97651 A 20010117 <--			
WO 2001-US28124 W 20010907 <--			
WO 2002-US27836 A 20020830 <--			
WO 2002-US34987 W 20021030 <--			

AB The present invention concerns novel methods of identifying peptide sequences that selectively bind to targets. In alternative embodiments, targets may comprise cells or clumps of cells, particles attached to chems. compds., mols. or aggregates, or parasites. In preferred embodiments, target cells are sorted before exposure to the phage library. The general method, Biopanning and Rapid Anal. of Selective Interactive Ligands (BRASIL) provides for rapid and efficient separation of phage that bind to targets, while preserving unbound phage. BRASIL may be used in preselection procedure to subtract phage that bind non-specifically to a first target before exposing the subtracted library to a second target. Certain embodiments concern targeting peptides identified by BRASIL and methods of use of such peptides for targeted delivery of therapeutic agents or imaging agents or diagnosis or treatment of diseases. Novel compns. comprising a first phase, second phase, target and a phage library are also disclosed. BASIL is exemplified by screening for targeting peptides for (1) VEGF in HUVEC cells, (2) the Molt-4 leukemia cell line, (3) urothelial tissue (human bladder wall), (4) mesenchymal stem cells, and (5) screening for bone marrow targeting peptides.

IC ICM C12Q

CC 3-1 (Biochemical Genetics)

Section cross-reference(s): 9, 13

ST BASIL biopanning selective interactive ligand; targeting peptide screening  
BASIL biopanning; VEGF targeting peptide screening biopanning; leukemia  
targeting peptide screening biopanning; urothelial tissue targeting  
peptide screening biopanning; bone marrow targeting peptide  
screening biopanning; stem cell targeting peptide screening biopanning

IT Angiogenic factors

Chemokines

Cytokines

Growth factors, animal

Hormones, animal, biological studies

Neurotransmitters

Toxins

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(cells activated by; biopanning and rapid anal. of selective interactive ligands (BRASIL))

IT AIDS (disease)  
 Alzheimer's disease  
 Arthritis  
 Atherosclerosis  
 Autoimmune disease  
 Cardiovascular system, disease  
 Diabetes mellitus  
 Hodgkin's disease  
 Inflammation  
 Leukemia  
 Lung, neoplasm  
 Mammary gland, neoplasm  
 Ovary, neoplasm  
 Parkinson's disease  
 Prostate gland, neoplasm  
 Skin, neoplasm  
 (diagnosis of; biopanning and rapid anal. of selective interactive ligands (BRASIL))

IT Amoeba  
 Angiogenesis  
 Animal cell  
 Bladder  
 Bone marrow  
 Embryo, animal  
 Erythrocyte  
 Escherichia coli  
 Eubacteria  
 Fungi  
 Giardia  
 Hematopoietic precursor cell  
 Legionella  
 Leishmania  
 Leukemia  
 Liver  
 Lymph node  
 Lymphocyte  
 Mold (fungus)  
 Neoplasm  
 Pathogen  
 Plant cell  
 Plasmodium falciparum  
 Salmonella  
 Spleen  
 Trypanosoma brucei  
 Trypanosoma cruzi  
 Yeast  
 (screening for targeting peptides for; biopanning and rapid anal. of selective interactive ligands (BRASIL))

IT 127464-60-2, Vascular endothelial growth factor  
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)  
 (screening for targeting peptides for; biopanning and rapid anal. of selective interactive ligands (BRASIL))

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402754-11-4				

RL: ANT (Analyte); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (targeting peptide; biopanning and rapid anal. of selective interactive ligands (BRASIL))

IT 402753-24-6

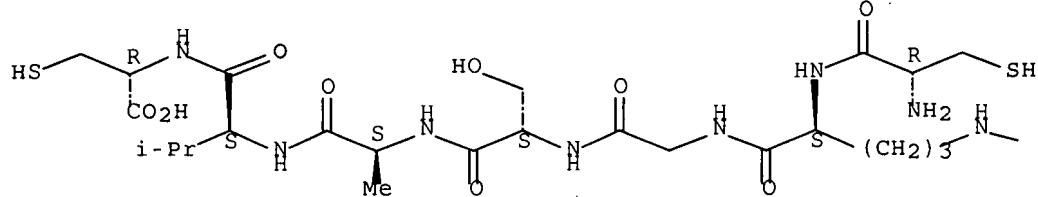
RL: ANT (Analyte); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (targeting peptide; biopanning and rapid anal. of selective interactive ligands (BRASIL))

RN 402753-24-6 ZCAPPLUS

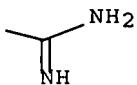
CN L-Cysteine, L-cysteinyl-L-arginylglycyl-L-seryl-L-alanyl-L-valyl- (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1 - B



L95 ANSWER 28 OF 51 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:185277 ZCPLUS Full-text  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:242899  
TITLE: Phage display libraries and methods for identifying  
targeting peptides in humans in vivo  
INVENTOR(S): Arap, Wadih; Pasqualini, Renata  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Board of Regents, the University of Texas System, USA  
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 269 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 5  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002020723	A2	20020314	WO 2001-US28044	20010907 <--
WO 2002020723	A3	20020829		
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US 2000-231266P P 20000908 <-- US 2001-765101 A 20010117 <-- US 2001-97651 A 20010117 <-- WO 2001-US28044 W 20010907 <-- WO 2002-US27836 A 20020830 <-- WO 2002-US34987 W 20021030 <--				

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

AB The present invention concerns methods and compns. for identifying human targeting peptides sequences. The methods used for phage display biopanning in the mouse model system require substantial improvements for use with humans. In general, humans suitable for use with phage display are either brain dead or terminal wean patients. The amount of phage library (preferably primary library) required for administration must be significantly increased, preferably 5 orders of magnitude to 10<sup>14</sup> TU or higher, preferably administered i.v. in .apprx.200 mL of Ringer lactate solution over about a 10-min period. To produce such large phage libraries, the transformed bacterial pellets recovered from up to 500-1000 transformations are amplified up to 10 times in the bacterial host, recovering the phage from each round of amplification and adding LB Tet medium to the bacterial pellet for collection of addnl. phage. Samples of various organs and tissues are collected starting .apprx.15 min after injection of the phage library; samples are processed and phage collected from each organ, tissue or cell type of interest for DNA sequencing to determine the amino acid sequences of targeting peptides. A substantial improvement in the biopanning technique involves polyorgan targeting. It is possible to pool phage collected from multiple organs after a first round of biopanning and inject the pooled sample into a new subject, where each of the multiple organs may be collected for phage rescue, and the protocol repeated for as many rounds of biopanning as desired. In this manner, it is possible to significantly reduce the number of subjects required for isolation of targeting peptides for multiple organs, while still achieving substantial enrichment of the organ-homing phage. Thus, 320 targeting peptides are identified with specificity for bone marrow, adipose tissue, skeletal muscle, prostate, skin, or multiple organs. The peptides are of use for targeted delivery of therapeutic agents, including gene therapy vectors. Such targeted delivery may be used for detection, diagnosis or treatment of human diseases. In certain embodiments, the peptide may be attached to an imaging agent and administered to a human to obtain an image or to diagnose a disease state. Also disclosed are a large number of targeting peptide sequences and consensus motifs that are selective for human organs or tissues, obtained by the methods of the present invention.

IC ICM C12N

CC 3-1 (Biochemical Genetics)

Section cross-reference(s): 9, 13, 63

IT Antibodies and Immunoglobulins  
 Antigens  
 Cytokines  
 Fibronectins  
 Growth factors, animal  
 Hormone antagonists  
 Hormones, animal, biological studies  
 Interferons  
 Interleukin 1  
 Interleukin 10  
 Interleukin 11  
 Interleukin 12  
 Interleukin 18  
 Interleukin 2  
 Interleukin 5  
 Laminins  
 Macrophage inflammatory protein 2 $\alpha$   
 Proteins  
 Thrombospondins  
 Tumor necrosis factors  
 RL: BUU (Biological use; unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (conjugated with targeting peptides; phage display libraries and methods for identifying targeting peptides in humans in vivo)

IT Adipose tissue  
 Animal cell  
 Animal tissue  
 Bone marrow  
 Kidney  
 Muscle  
 Organ, animal  
 Prostate gland  
 Skin  
 (targeting peptides specific for; phage display libraries and methods for identifying targeting peptides in humans in vivo)

IT 556-33-2P 17343-02-1P 17608-53-6P 403701-54-2P 403701-55-3P  
 403701-56-4P 403701-57-5P 403701-58-6P 403701-59-7P 403701-60-0P  
 403701-61-1P 403701-62-2P 403701-63-3P 403701-64-4P 403701-65-5P  
 403701-66-6P 403701-67-7P 403701-68-8P 403701-69-9P 403701-70-2P  
 403703-49-1P 403703-50-4P 403703-51-5P  
 RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (targeting peptide for human bone marrow; phage display libraries and methods for identifying targeting peptides in humans in vivo)

IT 20762-31-6P 54944-27-3P 55488-08-9P 61257-72-5P 178440-08-9P  
 220378-50-7P 403701-07-5P 403701-08-6P 403701-09-7P  
 403701-10-0P 403701-11-1P 403701-12-2P 403701-13-3P 403701-14-4P  
 403701-15-5P 403701-16-6P 403701-17-7P 403701-18-8P 403701-19-9P  
 403701-20-2P 403701-21-3P 403701-22-4P 403701-23-5P 403701-24-6P  
 403701-25-7P 403701-26-8P 403701-27-9P 403701-28-0P 403701-29-1P  
 403701-30-4P 403701-31-5P 403701-32-6P 403701-33-7P 403701-34-8P  
 403701-35-9P 403701-36-0P 403701-37-1P 403701-38-2P 403701-39-3P  
 403701-40-6P 403701-41-7P 403701-42-8P 403701-43-9P 403701-44-0P  
 403701-45-1P 403701-46-2P 403701-47-3P 403701-48-4P 403701-49-5P  
 403701-50-8P 403701-51-9P 403701-52-0P  
 RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(targeting peptide for human skin; phage display libraries  
and methods for identifying targeting peptides in humans in vivo)

IT 403701-07-5P

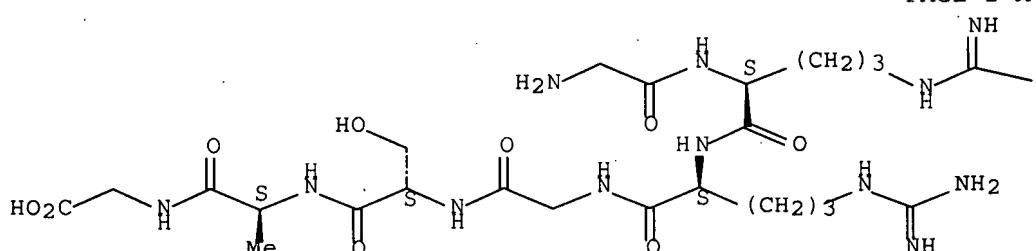
RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BUU (Biological use, unclassified);  
DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use);  
BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(targeting peptide for human skin; phage display libraries  
and methods for identifying targeting peptides in humans in vivo)

RN 403701-07-5 ZCPLUS

CN Glycine, glycyl-L-arginyl-L-arginylglycyl-L-seryl-L-alanyl- (9CI) (CA  
INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

—NH2

L95 ANSWER 29 OF 51 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:185276 ZCPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:242898

TITLE: Screening of peptide libraries to identify highly  
specific ligands and cognate receptors for cell or  
tissue-specific targeting

INVENTOR(S): Arap, Wadih; Pasqualini, Renata

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Board of Regents, the University of Texas System, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 298 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 5

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002020722	A2	20020314	WO 2001-US27702	20010907 <--
WO 2002020722	A3	20030206		
WO 2002020722	A9	20030821		

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,  
CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,

GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,  
 LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PH, PL,  
 PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG,  
 US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW  
 RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG,  
 KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR,  
 IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN,  
 GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG  
 CA 2421191 A1 20020314 CA 2001-2421191 20010907 <--  
 AU 200190652 A 20020322 AU 2001-90652 20010907 <--  
 EP 1315965 A2 20030604 EP 2001-970671 20010907 <--  
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 JP 2004515751 T 20040527 JP 2002-525729 20010907 <--  
 CA 2496938 A1 20040311 CA 2002-2496938 20021030 <--  
 WO 2004020999 A1 20040311 WO 2002-US34987 20021030 <--  
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 RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,  
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 FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF,  
 CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG  
 AU 2002364501 A1 20040319 AU 2002-364501 20021030 <--  
 EP 1546714 A1 20050629 EP 2002-799873 20021030 <--  
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 US 2004048243 A1 20040311 US 2003-363208 20030902 <--  
 US 2006094672 A1 20060504 US 2004-489071 20041013 <--  
 US 2006239968 A1 20061026 US 2006-530168 20060223 <--  
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:  
 US 2000-231266P P 20000908 <--  
 US 2001-765101 A 20010117 <--  
 US 2001-97651 A 20010117 <--  
 WO 2001-US27702 W 20010907 <--  
 WO 2002-US27836 A 20020830 <--  
 WO 2002-US34987 W 20021030 <--

AB Methods of identify cell or tissue-specific peptide ligands and their cognate receptors for use in targeted drug delivery or gene therapy. A large number of targeting peptides directed towards human organs, tissues or cell types are disclosed. The peptides are of use for targeted delivery of therapeutic agents, including but not limited to gene therapy vectors. A novel class of gene therapy vectors is disclosed. Certain of the disclosed peptides have therapeutic use for inhibiting angiogenesis, inhibiting tumor growth, inducing apoptosis, inhibiting pregnancy or inducing weight loss. Methods of identifying novel targeting peptides in humans, as well as identifying endogenous receptor-ligand pairs are disclosed. Methods of identifying novel infectious agents that are causal for human disease states are also disclosed. A novel mechanism for inducing apoptosis is further disclosed. Screening of a phage display library by direct incubation with bone marrow to identify bone marrow-specific ligand peptides is demonstrated. The use of circulating antibodies from prostate cancer patients to identify the antigens. One of the antigens, identified as GRP78, was a strong indicator of survival time and could be used as a prognostic marker. Successful targeting of adeno-associated virus-based vectors to vascular endothelium is demonstrated.

IC ICM C12N

CC 3-1 (Biochemical Genetics)

Section cross-reference(s): 6, 63

IT	Angiogenic factors				
	Chemokines				
	Cytokines				
	Growth factors, animal				
	Hormones, animal, biological studies				
	Neurotransmitters				
	RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)				
	(for cell stimulation in screening peptide libraries by direct cell binding; screening of peptide libraries to identify highly specific ligands and cognate receptors for cell or tissue-specific targeting)				
IT	Bone marrow				
	Prostate gland, neoplasm				
	(selection of peptides targeting; screening of peptide libraries to identify highly specific ligands and cognate receptors for cell or tissue-specific targeting)				
IT	404334-37-8	404334-38-9	404334-39-0	404334-40-3	404334-41-4
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	404334-53-8	404334-92-5	404334-93-6	404334-94-7	404334-96-9
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	404368-94-1	404368-95-2	404368-96-3	404368-97-4	404368-98-5

404368-99-6 404369-00-2 404369-01-3 404369-02-4 404559-14-4

404559-15-5 404559-16-6 404573-98-4

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(amino acid sequence, cell type-specific peptide ligand; screening of peptide libraries to identify highly specific ligands and cognate receptors for cell or tissue-specific targeting)

IT 404368-27-0

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

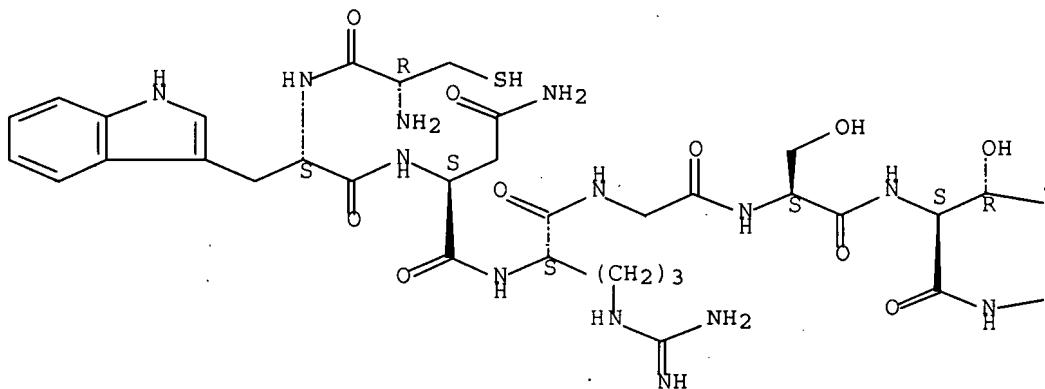
(amino acid sequence, cell type-specific peptide ligand; screening of peptide libraries to identify highly specific ligands and cognate receptors for cell or tissue-specific targeting)

RN 404368-27-0 ZCPLUS

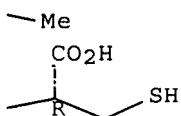
CN L-Cysteine, L-cysteinyl-L-tryptophyl-L-asparaginyl-L-arginylglycyl-L-seryl-L-threonyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



L95 ANSWER 30 OF 51 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:163844 ZCPLUS Full-text  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:221696  
 TITLE: *Bone morphogenetic proteins and their use in bone growth*  
 INVENTOR(S): Nimni, Marcel E.; Hall, Frederick L.; Wu, Lingtau;  
 Han, Bo; Shors, Edwin C.  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA  
 SOURCE: U.S., 31 pp., Cont.-in-part of U. S. 5,800,811.  
 CODEN: USXXAM  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 6352972	B1	20020305	US 1997-868452	19970603 <--
US 5800811	A	19980901	US 1995-470837	19950606 <--
WO 9855137	A1	19981210	WO 1998-US11189	19980602 <--
W: AL, AM, AT, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, CZ, DE, DE, DK, DK, EE, EE, ES, FI, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, GW, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
AU 9877148	A	19981221	AU 1998-77148	19980602 <--
EP 1047442	A1	20001102	EP 1998-925128	19980602 <--
R: DE, FR, GB, IT				
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1995-470837	A2 19950606 <--
			US 1997-868452	A 19970603 <--
			WO 1998-US11189	W 19980602 <--

AB A *bone* morphogenetic fusion protein and a method of preparation of the *bone* morphogenetic fusion protein are disclosed. The *bone* morphogenetic fusion protein comprises a purification tag and a *bone* morphogenetic active fragment. A method of preparing *bone* morphogenetic fusion protein comprises purifying and renaturing *bone* morphogenetic protein to provide an active *bone* morphogenetic fusion protein preparation. Methods of use of the *bone* morphogenetic fusion protein are also provided.

IC ICM A61K038-18  
 ICS C07K014-51

INCL 514012000

CC 63-3 (Pharmaceuticals)

Section cross-reference(s): 1, 2, 3

ST *bone* morphogenetic fusion protein cloning osteogenesis sequence

IT *Bone* formation

Molecular cloning

Protein sequences

Wound healing

Wound healing promoters

cDNA sequences

(*bone* morphogenetic proteins and their use in *bone* growth enhancement)

IT *Bone* morphogenetic protein 10

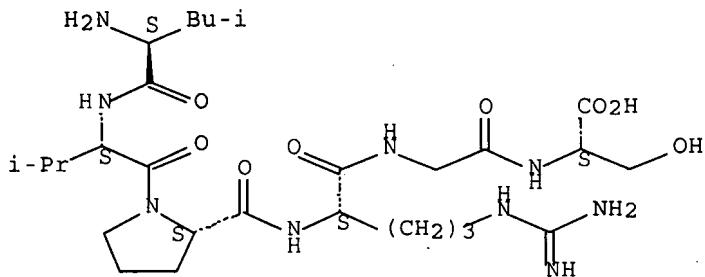
*Bone* morphogenetic protein 2

*Bone* morphogenetic protein 3

*Bone* morphogenetic protein 4

**Bone morphogenetic protein 5**  
**Bone morphogenetic protein 7**  
**Bone morphogenetic protein 8**  
**Bone morphogenetic proteins**  
**Fusion proteins (chimeric proteins)**  
 RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); PAC (Pharmacological activity); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
     (bone morphogenetic proteins and their use in **bone growth enhancement**)  
 IT Human  
     (bone morphogenetic proteins of; bone morphogenetic proteins and their use in **bone growth enhancement**)  
 IT Drug delivery systems  
     (implants; bone morphogenetic proteins and their use in **bone growth enhancement**)  
 IT Escherichia coli  
     (mol. cloning in; bone morphogenetic proteins and their use in **bone growth enhancement**)  
 IT Stem cell  
     (trapping of; bone morphogenetic proteins and their use in **bone growth enhancement**)  
 IT Transforming growth factors  
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)  
     (β-; bone morphogenetic proteins and their use in **bone growth enhancement**)  
 IT 64134-30-1, Hexahistidine  
 RL: ARU (Analytical role, unclassified); ANST (Analytical study)  
     (purification tag; bone morphogenetic proteins and their use in **bone growth enhancement**)  
 IT 402069-82-3 402069-83-4 402069-84-5 402069-85-6 402069-86-7  
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     (unclaimed protein sequence; bone morphogenetic proteins and their use in **bone growth**)  
 IT 7429-70-1 91859-00-6 92000-76-5 99542-45-7 143740-28-7  
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 IT 158734-08-8  
 RL: PRP (Properties)  
     (unclaimed sequence; bone morphogenetic proteins and their use in **bone growth**)  
 RN 158734-08-8 ZCPLUS  
 CN L-Serine, L-leucyl-L-valyl-L-prolyl-L-arginylglycyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



REFERENCE COUNT: 25 THERE ARE 25 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L95 ANSWER 31 OF 51 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:142756 ZCPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:211909

TITLE: Human kininogen D5 domain polypeptides, protein and cDNA sequence, recombinant production and uses in inhibiting angiogenesis

INVENTOR(S): Mazar, Andrew P.; Juarez, Jose C.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Attenuon, LLC, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 84 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

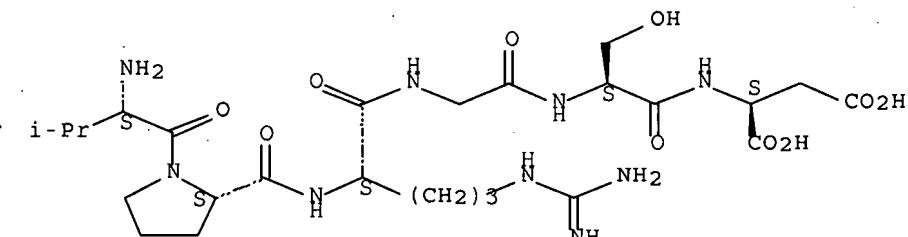
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002014369	A2	20020221	WO 2001-US23185	20010724 <--
WO 2002014369	A9	20030403		
WO 2002014369	A3	20020912		
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW				
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EP 1305342	A2	20030502	EP 2001-954904	20010724 <--
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR				
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PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2000-220194P	P 20000724 <--
			WO 2001-US23185	W 20010724 <--

AB Peptides form the human kininogen D5 domain and fusion peptides thereof having angiogenesis-inhibitory activity. These peptides are used in diagnosis and therapy of diseases associated with endothelial cell migration and proliferation, e.g., the treatment of cancer. The invention further relates to nucleic acid mols. encoding said peptides, antibodies to said peptides and methods for isolating said peptides and cells expressing them. The D5 domain

of human kininogen, has one or more of the following properties: (a) inhibits angiogenesis at a IC<sub>50</sub> of at least about 1 CLM; (b) binds to a D5 binding site on an endothelial cell with an affinity characterized by a K<sub>d</sub> of about 11 M or lower as measured in a direct binding assay to activated endothelial cells or in a competitive binding assay to purified D5 receptor; (c) activates one or more signaling pathways leading to induction of apoptosis in an endothelial cell; or (d) inhibits a signaling pathway required for maintenance of endothelial cell viability. The invention also relates to host cell, genetic vector and methods for recombinant production of said kininogen D5 domain. The invention also relates to isolating and enriching cells expressing D5 domain binding sites from a cell mixture

IC ICM C07K014-81  
 ICS C07K019-00; C12N015-62; C12N015-15; C07K016-38; A61K051-08;  
 A61K038-57; G01N033-68; C12N005-08; C12N005-10; A61K047-48  
 CC 3-3 (Biochemical Genetics)  
 Section cross-reference(s): 1, 6, 13  
 IT **Bone**, disease  
 (fracture, treatment of; human kininogen D5 domain polypeptides,  
 protein and cDNA sequence, recombinant production and uses in inhibiting  
 angiogenesis)  
 IT 401895-03-2 401895-04-3  
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL  
 (Biological study)  
 (linker sequence; human kininogen D5 domain polypeptides, protein and  
 cDNA sequence, recombinant production and uses in inhibiting angiogenesis)  
 IT 401895-03-2  
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 (Biological study)  
 (linker sequence; human kininogen D5 domain polypeptides, protein and  
 cDNA sequence, recombinant production and uses in inhibiting angiogenesis)  
 RN 401895-03-2 ZCPLUS  
 CN L-Aspartic acid, L-valyl-L-prolyl-L-arginyglycyl-L-seryl- (9CI) (CA  
 INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L95 ANSWER 32 OF 51 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:123987 ZCPLUS Full-text  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:88982  
 TITLE: Steps toward mapping the human vasculature by phage  
 display  
 AUTHOR(S): Arap, Wadih; Kolonin, Mikhail G.; Trepel, Martin;  
 Lahdenranta, Johanna; Cardo-Vila, Marina; Giordano,  
 Ricardo J.; Mintz, Paul J.; Ardel, Peter U.; Yao,  
 Virginia J.; Vidal, Claudia I.; Chen, Limor; Flamm,  
 Anne; Valtanen, Heli; Weavind, Lisa M.; Hicks,

Marshall E.; Pollock, Raphael E.; Botz, Gregory H.;  
 Bucana, Corazon D.; Koivunen, Erkki; Cahill, Dolores;  
 Troncoso, Patricia; Baggerly, Keith A.; Pentz, Rebecca  
 D.; Do, Kim-Anh; Logothetis, Christopher J.;  
 Pasqualini, Renata

**CORPORATE SOURCE:** Departments of Genito-Urinary Medical Oncology, Cancer Biology, The University of Texas M.D. Anderson Cancer Center, Houston, TX, USA

**SOURCE:** Nature Medicine (New York, NY, United States) (2002), 8(2), 121-127  
**CODEN:** NAMEFI; **ISSN:** 1078-8956

**PUBLISHER:** Nature America Inc.

**DOCUMENT TYPE:** Journal

**LANGUAGE:** English

**AB** The mol. diversity of receptors in human blood vessels remains largely unexplored. The authors developed a selection method in which peptides that home to specific vascular beds are identified after administration of a peptide library. Here the authors report the first in vivo screening of a peptide library in a patient. The authors surveyed 47, 160 motifs that localized to different organs. This large-scale screening indicates that the tissue distribution of circulating peptides is nonrandom. High-throughput anal. of the motifs revealed similarities to ligands for differentially expressed cell-surface proteins, and a candidate ligand-receptor pair was validated. These data represent a step toward the construction of a mol. map of human vasculature and may have broad implications for the development of targeted therapies.

**CC** 3-1 (Biochemical Genetics)  
 Section cross-reference(s): 13

**IT** Adipose tissue  
 Blood vessel  
 Bone marrow  
 High throughput screening  
 Human  
 Muscle  
 Organ, animal  
 Peptide library  
 Phage display library  
 Prostate gland  
 Skin  
 (in vivo selection of peptides that home to specific vascular beds in human after i.v. administration of phage display random peptide library)

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RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)  
 (in vivo selection of peptides that home to specific vascular beds in  
 human after i.v. administration of phage display random peptide  
 library)

IT 403701-07-5

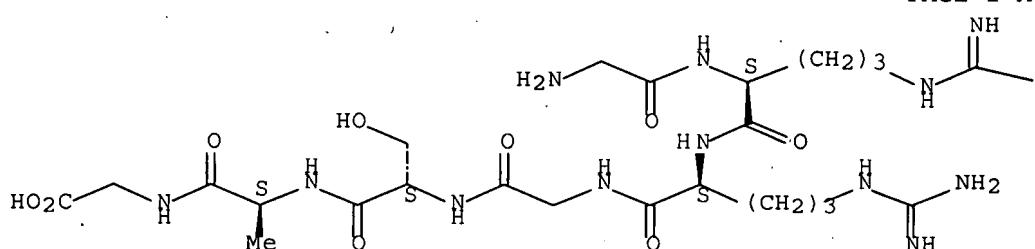
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)  
 (in vivo selection of peptides that home to specific vascular beds in  
 human after i.v. administration of phage display random peptide  
 library)

RN 403701-07-5 ZCAPLUS

CN Glycine, glycyl-L-arginyl-L-arginylglycyl-L-seryl-L-alanyl- (9CI) (CA  
 INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



— NH2

REFERENCE COUNT: 35 THERE ARE 35 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L95 ANSWER 33 OF 51 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:798033 ZCPLUS Full-text  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:356779  
 TITLE: Artificial antigen-presenting cells for manipulation  
           of antigen-specific T-cells  
 INVENTOR(S): Albani, Salvatore  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 195 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2001080833	A1	20011101	WO 2000-IT161	20000420 <--
W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: WO 2000-IT161 20000420 <--  
 AB The authors discloses the preparation and characterization of artificial  
   antigen-presenting cells. These artificial antigen-presenting cells may be  
   used in isolating and expanding T-cell populations as well as modulating T-  
   cell responses. In several examples, the author discloses methods for the  
   construction of liposomes containing MHC-peptide complexes, accessory mols.,  
   co-stimulatory mols., and adhesion mols. In addition, the liposome can  
   contain other mols. irrelevant to T-cell binding or modulation that are used  
   in binding of these artificial antigen-presenting cells to solid support  
   systems that may be used in the retrieval and identification of antigen-  
   specific T-cells. Addnl., the present invention is directed to devices and  
   methods for treating conditions which would benefit from modulation of T-cell  
   response, for example, autoimmune disorders, allergies, cancers, viral  
   infections, and graft rejection.

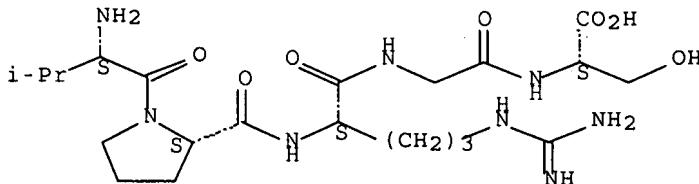
IC ICM A61K009-127  
 ICS A61K047-48; C07K014-705; G01N033-569  
 CC 15-10 (Immunochemistry)  
 Section cross-reference(s): 3, 9  
 IT *Dermatomyositis*  
     (T-cell modulation by artificial antigen-presenting cells in relation  
     to treatment of)  
 IT *Skin*  
     (dander; T-cell modulation by artificial antigen-presenting cells in  
     relation to treatment for allergy to)

IT 92915-79-2 122630-93-7 137756-45-7 141368-69-6 163362-49-0  
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 372073-85-3 372073-86-4 372073-87-5 372073-88-6  
 372134-96-8 372164-51-7  
 RL: PRP (Properties)  
 (unclaimed sequence; artificial antigen-presenting cells for  
 manipulation of antigen-specific T-cells)

IT 372073-87-5  
 RL: PRP (Properties)  
 (unclaimed sequence; artificial antigen-presenting cells for  
 manipulation of antigen-specific T-cells)

RN 372073-87-5 ZCPLUS  
 CN L-Serine, L-valyl-L-prolyl-L-arginylglycyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



REFERENCE COUNT: 9 THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L95 ANSWER 34 OF 51 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:730565 ZCPLUS Full-text  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:283544  
 TITLE: Use of insulin for the treatment of cartilaginous disorders  
 INVENTOR(S): Filvaroff, Ellen H.; Okumu, Franklin W.  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Genentech, Inc., USA  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 154 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 155  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2001072323	A2	20011004	WO 2001-US9230	20010322 <--
WO 2001072323	A3	20020606		
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ES 2253320	T3	20060601	ES 2001-127791	19980916 <--
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CA 2450824	A1	20000420	CA 1999-2450824	19991005 <--
EP 1466977	A1	20041013	EP 2004-7618	19991202 <--
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CA 2402191	A1	20011004	CA 2001-2402191	20010322 <--
US 2002058614	A1	20020516	US 2001-815229	20010322 <--
US 6689747	B2	20040210		
EP 1265630	A2	20021218	EP 2001-922571	20010322 <--
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AT 328605	T	20060615	AT 2001-922571	20010322 <--
ES 2266187	T3	20070301	ES 2001-1922571	20010322 <--
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AU 759004	B2	20030403	AU 2001-57765	20010801 <--
CA 2420193	A1	20020228	CA 2001-2420193	20010823 <--
JP 2004520810	T	20040715	JP 2002-522275	20010823 <--
US 2003073129	A1	20030417	US 2001-946374	20010904 <--
US 2003207803	A1	20031106	US 2001-143026	20011019 <--
US 2003199021	A1	20031023	US 2001-13924	20011025 <--
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AU 778585	B2	20041209	AU 2002-14753	20020201 <--
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US 2005214819	A1	20050929	US 2005-30464	20050105 <--
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US 2005170396	A1	20050804	US 2005-36869	20050114 <--
US 2005202475	A1	20050915	US 2005-38328	20050118 <--
US 2005176046	A1	20050811	US 2005-46650	20050128 <--
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US 2005214846	A1	20050929	US 2005-117757	20050427 <--
AU 2005205752	A1	20050922	AU 2005-205752	20050831
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AU 2005205755	A1	20050922	AU 2005-205755	20050831
AU 2005205758	A1	20050922	AU 2005-205758	20050831
US 2007191270	A1	20070816	US 2005-234694	20050922 <--
JP 2007037551	A	20070215	JP 2006-221327	20060814 <--
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		US 2000-192103P	P 20000324 <--	
		US 1997-63128P	P 19971024 <--	
		US 1998-82704P	P 19980422 <--	
		US 1998-83742P	P 19980430 <--	
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		US 1998-85339P	A1 19980513 <--	
		US 1998-85579P	P 19980515 <--	
		US 1998-87106P	P 19980528 <--	
		US 1998-88326P	P 19980604 <--	

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US 1998-88655P	P 19980609	<--
US 1998-89947P	P 19980619	<--
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US 1998-91982P	P 19980707	<--
AU 1998-84850	A3 19980714	<--
US 1998-94651P	A1 19980730	<--
US 1998-96012P	P 19980810	<--
US 1998-97022P	P 19980818	<--
US 1998-97954P	P 19980826	<--
US 1998-97974P	P 19980826	<--
US 1998-97979P	P 19980826	<--
AU 1998-93881	A3 19980914	<--
AU 1998-93178	A3 19981002	<--
AU 1999-10703	A3 19981007	<--
US 1998-105169P	P 19981022	<--
US 1998-63561P	P 19981028	<--
AU 1999-11260	A3 19981029	<--
AU 1999-12883	A3 19981029	<--
US 1998-113621P	P 19981223	<--
AU 1999-30721	A3 19990308	<--
US 1999-131293P	P 19990427	<--
US 1999-133459P	P 19990511	<--
US 1999-140650P	P 19990622	<--
US 1999-149395P	P 19990817	<--
US 1999-151689P	P 19990831	<--
AU 1999-55908	A3 19990901	<--
CA 1999-2344465	A3 19991005	<--
AU 2000-17482	A3 19991130	<--
AU 2000-17499	A3 19991202	<--
EP 1999-960644	A3 19991202	<--
AU 2000-28794	A3 20000211	<--
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US 2000-196000P	P 20000411	<--
US 2000-196187P	P 20000411	<--
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US 2000-198585P	P 20000418	<--
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US 2000-201516P	P 20000503	<--
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US 2000-232887P	P 20000915	<--
US 2000-685823	B1 20001009	<--
US 2000-690189	A3 20001016	<--
JP 2002-576286	A3 20010322	<--
US 2001-815229	A1 20010322	<--
US 2001-816920	B1 20010322	<--
WO 2001-US9230	W 20010322	<--
EP 2001-939834	A3 20010601	<--
EP 2004-5726	A3 20010601	<--
US 2001-880457	A 20010612	<--
US 2001-882636	B1 20010614	<--
US 2001-927796	B1 20010809	<--
WO 2001-US26626	W 20010823	<--
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US 2001-992521	B1 20011114	<--
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WO	2002-US10513	W	20020403	<--
US	2002-123155	A1	20020415	<--
US	2002-127825	A1	20020422	<--
US	2002-127966	B1	20020423	<--
US	2002-141703	A1	20020508	<--
US	2002-145627	A1	20020514	<--
US	2002-145751	A	20020514	<--
US	2002-146793	A1	20020515	<--
US	2002-197703	B1	20020717	<--
US	2002-197708	A1	20020717	<--
US	2002-197942	B1	20020718	<--
US	2002-199666	A1	20020718	<--
US	2002-199464	B1	20020719	<--
US	2002-211858	A1	20020802	<--
AU	2003-200137	A3	20030115	
AU	2003-261484	A	20031106	
US	2003-740098	A1	20031217	
US	2004-797366	A1	20040309	

AB The present invention relates to methods for the treatment and repair of cartilage, including cartilage damaged by injury or cartilaginous disorders, including arthritis, comprising the administration of insulin and/or insulin variants. Optionally, the administration may be in combination with a cartilage agent (e.g., peptide growth factor, catabolism antagonist, osteo-, synovial, anti-inflammatory factor), in an extended- or sustained-release form. Alternatively, the method provides for the treatment and repair of cartilage damaged by injury or cartilaginous disorders comprising the administration of insulin and/or insulin in combination with standard surgical techniques. Alternatively, the method provides for the treatment and repair of cartilage damaged by injury or cartilaginous disorders comprising the administration of chondrocytes previously treated with an effective amount of insulin and/or insulin variant.

IC ICM A61K038-00

CC 2-6 (Mammalian Hormones)

IT Bone morphogenetic proteins

Growth factors, animal

Interleukin 1 receptor antagonist

Interleukin 1 receptors

Interleukin 10

Interleukin 13

Interleukin 4

Interleukin 6

Interleukin 8

Leukemia inhibitory factor

Tetracyclines

Tumor necrosis factor receptors

Tumor necrosis factors

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(addnl. active ingredient; use of formulations containing insulin or insulin variants for treatment of cartilaginous disorders)

IT 24800-07-5, Insulin (human-A reduced) 27597-36-0, Insulin (human-B reduced) 67413-38-1 364604-37-5 364604-38-6 364604-39-7

364604-40-0 364604-41-1

RL: PRP (Properties)

(unclaimed sequence; use of insulin for the treatment of cartilaginous disorders)

IT 364604-37-5

RL: PRP (Properties)

(unclaimed sequence; use of insulin for the treatment of cartilaginous

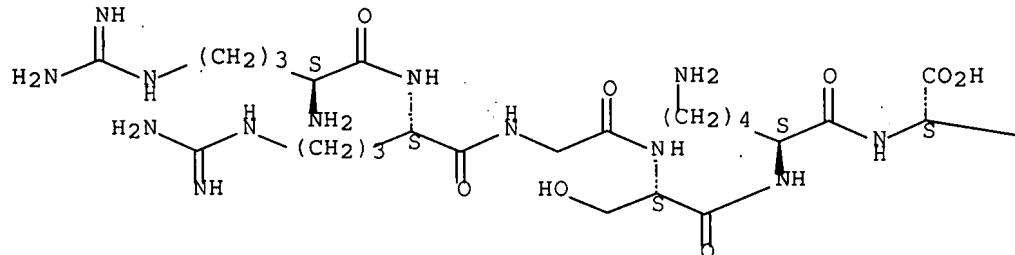
disorders)

RN 364604-37-5 ZCPLUS

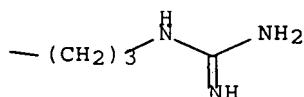
CN L-Arginine, L-arginyl-L-arginylglycyl-L-seryl-L-lysyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX  
NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



L95 ANSWER 35 OF 51 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:703735 ZCPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:269629

TITLE: Protein fragment complementation assays for the detection of biological or drug interactions

INVENTOR(S): Michnick, Stephen William Watson; Remy, Ingrid

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Odyssey Pharmaceuticals Inc., USA

SOURCE: U.S., 41 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.6,290,964.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 13

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 6294330	B1	20010925	US 1998-124850	19980730 <--
CA 2196496	A1	19980731	CA 1997-2196496	19970131 <--
US 6270964	B1	20010807	US 1998-17412	19980202 <--
EP 1605042	A2	20051214	EP 2005-17291	19980202 <--
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI				
CA 2244349	A1	20000130	CA 1998-2244349	19980730 <--
WO 2000007038	A2	20000210	WO 1999-CA702	19990730 <--
WO 2000007038	A3	20000504		

W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

EP 1027608 A2 20000816 EP 1999-936199 19990730 <--

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI

US 2001047526 A1 20011129 US 2001-851084 20010509 <--

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US 2005255452 A1 20051117 US 2005-90215 20050328 <--

AU 2005203580 A1 20050908 AU 2005-203580 20050811 <--

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

CA 1997-2196496 A 19970131 <--  
US 1998-17412 A2 19980202 <--  
EP 1998-901905 A3 19980202 <--  
CA 1998-2244349 A 19980730 <--  
US 1998-124850 A 19980730 <--  
WO 1999-CA702 W 19990730 <--  
US 2000-499464 A2 20000207 <--  
US 2000-203937P P 20000512 <--  
US 2000-208485P P 20000602 <--  
US 2001-851084 A3 20010509 <--  
US 2001-870018 A3 20010531 <--  
AU 2002-38204 A3 20020506 <--

AB The invention provides a general protein-fragment complementation assays to detect biomol. interactions in vivo and in vitro. The protein-complementation assay/universal reporter system can be used to detect and screen an agonist and an antagonist of a membrane receptor system. The assay can be used to study protein-protein, protein-DNA, protein-RNA, protein-carbohydrate, and protein-small mol. interactions. The assay can be used to screen cDNA libraries for binding of a target protein with unknown proteins or libraries of small organic mols. for biol. activity. Dihydrofolate reductase fragments with leucine zipper motifs were constructed for the reporter system.

IC ICM C12Q001-68  
ICS C12N005-10; C12N001-21; C12N015-11; C12N015-63

INCL 435006000

CC 9-2 (Biochemical Methods)

Section cross-reference(s): 1, 3, 6, 7

IT Bone morphogenetic protein receptors

CD30 (antigen)

CD40 (antigen)

Chemokine receptors

Cytokine receptors

Erythropoietin receptors

Fas antigen

Fibroblast growth factor receptors

G protein-coupled receptors

Growth factor receptors

Hepatocyte growth factor receptors

Hormone receptors

Insulin-like growth factor receptors

Interleukin 2 receptors

Interleukin 3 receptors

Interleukin 4 receptors

Interleukin 5 receptors

Interleukin 6 receptors  
Interleukin 7 receptors  
Interleukin 8 receptors  
Interleukin receptors  
Leukemia inhibitory factor receptors  
Ligands  
Nerve growth factor receptors  
Neurotrophic factor receptors  
Nuclear receptors  
Platelet-derived growth factor receptors  
Proteins, general, biological studies  
Receptors  
Steroid receptors  
Transferrin receptors  
Tumor necrosis factor receptors  
Vitamin D receptors  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
(protein fragment complementation assays for detection of biol. or drug interactions)

IT Bone morphogenetic proteins  
Chemokines  
Fas ligand  
Hepatocyte growth factor  
Interleukin 1  
Interleukin 10  
Interleukin 11  
Interleukin 12  
Interleukin 13  
Interleukin 14  
Interleukin 15  
Interleukin 16  
Interleukin 17  
Interleukin 18  
Interleukin 1 $\alpha$   
Interleukin 1 $\beta$   
Interleukin 2  
Interleukin 3  
Interleukin 4  
Interleukin 5  
Interleukin 6  
Interleukin 7  
Interleukin 8  
Interleukin 9  
Leukemia inhibitory factor  
Lymphotoxin  
Macrophage inflammatory protein 1 $\alpha$   
Macrophage inflammatory protein 1 $\beta$   
Monocyte chemoattractant protein-1  
Natural products  
Natural products, pharmaceutical  
Nucleic acids  
Peptides, biological studies  
Platelet-derived growth factors  
Pleiotrophins  
Retinoids  
Tumor necrosis factors  
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL

(Biological study); PROC (Process)  
· (protein fragment complementation assays for detection of biol. or drug interactions)

IT 362614-77-5

## RL: PRP (Properties)

(unclaimed sequence; protein fragment complementation assays for the detection of biol. or drug interactions)

IT 362614-77-5

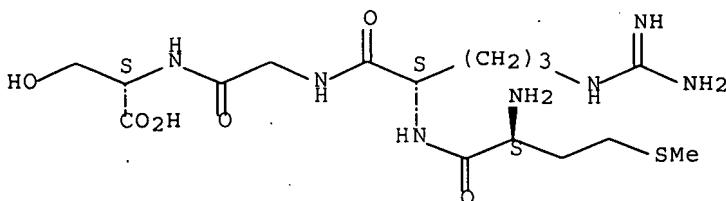
## RL: PRP (Properties)

(unclaimed sequence; protein fragment complementation assays for the detection of biol. or drug interactions)

RN 362614-77-5 ZCAPLUS

CN L-Serine, L-methionyl-L-arginylglycyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

## Absolute stereochemistry.



I-95 ANSWER 36 OF 51 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:55205 ZCPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:127572

**TITLE:** New human VEGF/PDGF like factor, VPLF, and uses in diagnosis and therapy

INVENTOR(S): Shitara, Akinari; Sato, Mitsuo; Sakakibara, Toshihiro; Furuya, Akiko; Hirota, Maiko; Shinkai, Akio; Shibata, Takeshi; Ohta, Norio; Nishikawa, Tetsuo; Isogai, Takao; Sugiyama, Tomoyasu; Ishii, Shizuko

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Kyowa Hakko Kogyo Co., Ltd., Japan; Helix Research Institute

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 52 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

**PATENT INFORMATION:**

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2001017188	A	20010123	JP 2000-122994	20000424 <--

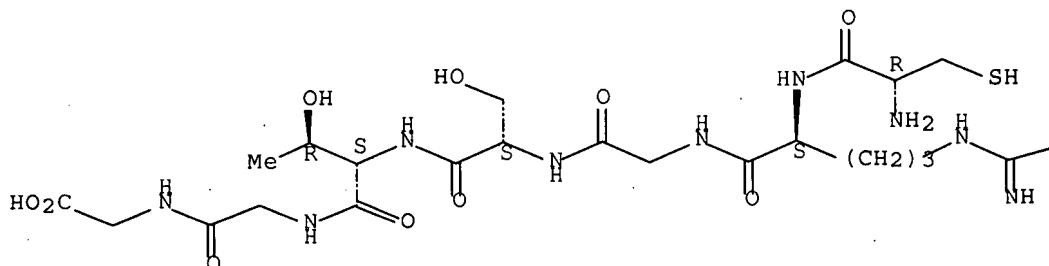
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1999-115516 A 19990422 <--  
AB A new human VEGF/PDGF like protein factor having proliferative activity on rat smooth muscle cells, recombinant expression, are disclosed. Antibodies, and hybridomas for their production are claimed. Oligonucleotide as probes for hybridization and primers for PCR for detecting its gene expression or abnormality, are also claimed. Use of the gene for diagnosis of and therapy for diseases associated with angiogenesis abnormality, particularly eye disease, joint inflammation, skin disease, abnormality of differentiation and proliferation of smooth muscle cells, kidney mesangial cells, blood stem cells, osteoblast, pancreas  $\beta$  cell abnormality, ischemic disease, or delay of

wound healing, is claimed. Screening of its receptors, and immunol. detection of the protein is claimed. Transgenic animals are claimed. A cDNA clone for a VEGF/PDGF like factor, VPLF, was obtained and sequenced. VPLF gene expression was examined by RT-PCR. Full length and N-terminally truncated VPLF recombinantly expressed in Sf9 cells, CHO cells, showed proliferative activity on rat smooth muscle cells and human microtubule vascular endothelial cells. ELISA for VPLF detection and hybridomas for anti-VPLF monoclonal antibody production were established.

IC ICM C12N015-09  
 ICS A01K067-027; A61K031-711; A61K038-22; A61K039-395; A61K048-00;  
 A61P003-10; A61P007-00; A61P007-06; A61P009-10; A61P009-14;  
 A61P013-12; A61P015-00; A61P017-00; A61P019-00; A61P019-02;  
 A61P019-10; A61P021-00; A61P027-02; A61P029-00  
 CC 6-3 (General Biochemistry)  
 Section cross-reference(s): 2, 3, 13  
 IT Skin, disease  
 (proliferative; new human VEGF/PDGF like factor, VPLF, and uses in  
 diagnosis and therapy)  
 IT 321656-07-9 321656-08-0 321656-09-1 321656-10-4 321656-11-5  
 321656-12-6 321656-13-7 321656-14-8  
 RL: PRP (Properties)  
 (unclaimed sequence; new human VEGF/PDGF like factor, VPLF, and uses in  
 diagnosis and therapy)  
 IT 321656-11-5  
 RL: PRP (Properties)  
 (unclaimed sequence; new human VEGF/PDGF like factor, VPLF, and uses in  
 diagnosis and therapy)  
 RN 321656-11-5 ZCPLUS  
 CN Glycine, L-cysteinyl-L-arginylglycyl-L-seryl-L-threonylglycyl- (9CI) (CA  
 INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

—NH<sub>2</sub>

L95 ANSWER 37 OF 51 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:50820 ZCPLUS Full-text  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:126821  
 TITLE: Antigenic determinants of antigenic proteins of  
       Neisseria meningitidis and their diagnostic,  
       prophylactic and therapeutic use  
 INVENTOR(S): Massignani, Vega; Scarlato, Vincenzo; Scarselli, Maria;  
               Galeotti, Cesira; Mora, Mariarosa  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Chiron S.p.A., Italy  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 80 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2001004316	A2	20010118	WO 2000-IB1026	20000713
WO 2001004316	A3	20010809		
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
CA 2378547	A1	20010118	CA 2000-2378547	20000713
EP 1196587	A2	20020417	EP 2000-944161	20000713
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BR 2000012424	A	20020702	BR 2000-12424	20000713
JP 2003504062	T	20030204	JP 2001-509520	20000713
CN 1590404	A	20050309	CN 2004-10048988	20000713
RU 2253678	C2	20050610	RU 2002-103604	20000713
MX 2002PA00463	A	20020702	MX 2002-PA463	20020114
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			GB 1999-16529	A 19990714
			CN 2000-812746	A3 20000713
			WO 2000-IB1026	W 20000713

AB Antigenic determinants of known antigenic proteins of *Neisseria meningitidis* are characterized. The peptides can be used as diagnostic reagents or as antigens for vaccines and they may be manufactured by expression of a natural or synthetic gene encoding the protein. Homologous sequences and proteins comprising these fragments are also disclosed.

IC ICM C12N015-31  
 ICS C07K014-22; G01N033-53; C12Q001-68; C07K016-12; A61K039-095;  
       A61K039-395; A61K048-00

CC 3-3 (Biochemical Genetics)

Section cross-reference(s): 6, 10, 15, 63

IT 3146-40-5	6511-06-4	13448-27-6	16422-05-2	16716-54-4	17662-44-1
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RL: **BAC** (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); **BSU** (Biological study, unclassified); **PRP** (Properties); **THU** (Therapeutic use); **BIOL** (Biological study); **USES** (Uses)

(amino acid sequence, antigenic peptide of *Neisseria meningitidis*; antigenic determinants of antigenic proteins of *Neisseria meningitidis* and their diagnostic, prophylactic and therapeutic use)

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RL: *BAC* (*Biological activity or effector, except adverse*); *BSU* (*Biological study, unclassified*); *PRP* (*Properties*); *THU* (*Therapeutic use*); *BIOL* (*Biological study*); *USES* (*Uses*)

(amino acid sequence, antigenic peptide of *Neisseria meningitidis*;  
antigenic determinants of antigenic proteins of *Neisseria meningitidis*  
and their diagnostic, prophylactic and therapeutic use)

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RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(amino acid sequence, antigenic peptide of *Neisseria meningitidis*;  
antigenic determinants of antigenic proteins of *Neisseria meningitidis*  
and their diagnostic, prophylactic and therapeutic use)

IT 158734-09-9 321872-71-3 321880-88-0

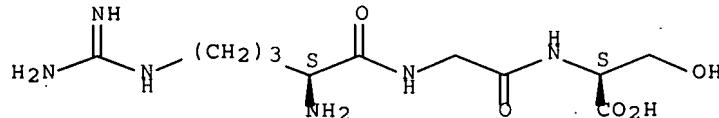
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(amino acid sequence, antigenic peptide of *Neisseria meningitidis*;  
antigenic determinants of antigenic proteins of *Neisseria meningitidis*  
and their diagnostic, prophylactic and therapeutic use)

RN 158734-09-9 ZCPLUS

CN L-Serine, L-arginylglycyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

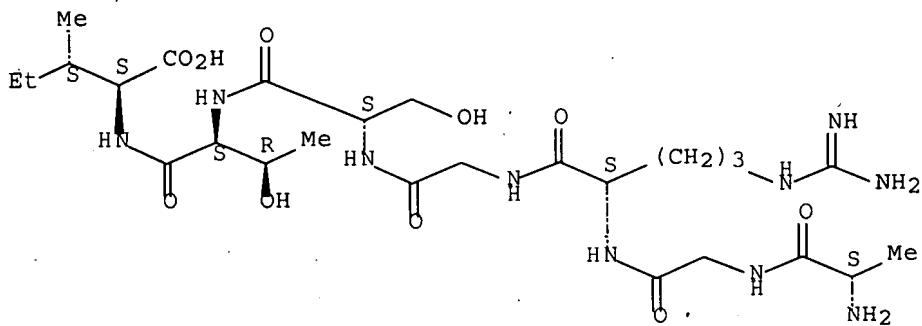
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RN 321872-71-3 ZCPLUS

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(CA INDEX NAME)

## Absolute stereochemistry.

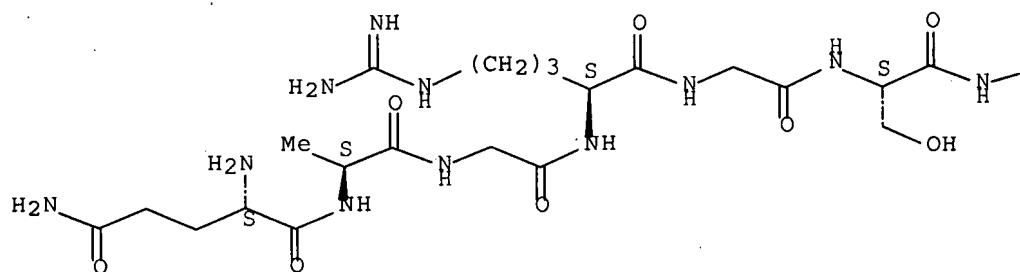


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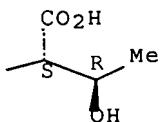
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(CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



L95 ANSWER 38 OF 51 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:493704 ZCPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:115152

TITLE: Method for designing protein kinase inhibitors for therapeutic use

INVENTOR(S): Hangauer, David G., Jr.; Marsilje, Thomas H.; Milkiewicz, Karen L.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): The Research Foundation of State University of New York, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 110 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2000042213	A1	20000720	WO 2000-US803	20000113 <--
W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, ÜZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW				
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EP 1147214	A1	20011024	EP 2000-909899	20000113 <--
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JP 2002534132	T	20021015	JP 2000-593770	20000113 <--
US 7070936	B1	20060704	US 2000-482585	20000113 <--
MX 2001PA07099	A	20020327	MX 2001-PA7099	20010712 <--
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PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1999-115643P	P 19990113 <--
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			WO 2000-US803	W 20000113 <--

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 133:115152

AB A method is provided for identifying inhibitors of protein kinases. Methods are also provided for inhibiting protein kinase activity. Specific non-peptide protein tyrosine kinase inhibitor are provided. The protein kinases produced using the method of the present invention may be used to treat a number of conditions in patients, including cancer, psoriasis, arthrosclerosis, or immune system activity.

IC ICM C12Q001-00

ICS C12Q001-48; G01N033-543

CC 1-12 (Pharmacology)

Section cross-reference(s): 7, 25, 27

IT 91-20-3D, Naphthalene, derivs., biological studies 92-52-4D, Biphenyl, derivs. 95-15-8D, Benzothiophene, derivs. 119-65-3D, Isoquinoline, derivs. 120-18-3, 2-Naphthalenesulfonic acid 120-72-9D, Indole, derivs. 271-89-6D, Benzofuran, derivs. 518-82-1, Emodin 606-25-7, 1-Naphthalenesulfonamide 1576-47-2, 2-Naphthalenesulfonamide 5122-94-1 5122-95-2 7402-93-9 10083-24-6, Piceatannol 10345-06-9 13922-41-3 21521-77-7 32316-92-0 98437-23-1 98437-24-2 107761-24-0, ST 638 205808-04-4 205808-06-6 284660-58-8 284660-59-9 284660-60-2 284660-61-3 284660-62-4 284660-63-5 284660-64-6 284660-65-7 284660-66-8 284660-67-9 284660-68-0 284660-69-1 284660-70-4 284660-71-5 284660-72-6 284660-73-7 284660-74-8 284660-75-9 284660-76-0 284660-77-1 284660-78-2 284660-79-3 284660-80-6 284660-81-7 284660-82-8 284660-85-1

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(protein kinase inhibitor design for therapeutic use)

IT 9026-43-1, Protein kinase 79079-06-4, EGF receptor tyrosine kinase 80449-02-1, Protein tyrosine kinase 101463-26-7, Platelet-derived growth factor receptor tyrosine protein kinase 114051-78-4 138238-67-2, Bcr-abl tyrosine kinase 141350-03-0 141436-78-4, Protein

kinase C 142008-29-5, Cyclic AMP-dependent protein kinase 142243-02-5,  
MAP kinase 144697-17-6, Pp60c-src-protein tyrosine kinase 150428-23-2,  
CDK kinase

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL  
(Biological study); PROC (Process)  
(protein kinase inhibitor design for therapeutic use)

IT 284660-59-9 284660-63-5 284660-64-6

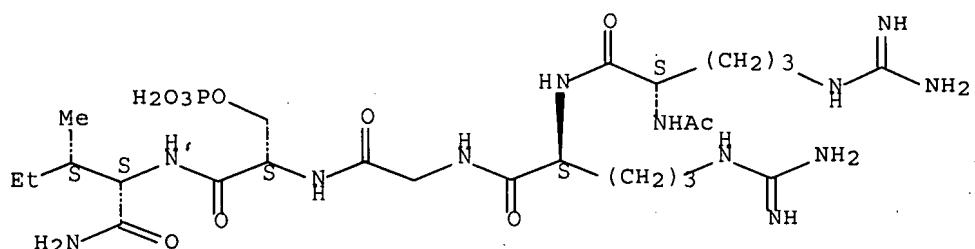
284660-65-7 284660-66-8

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU  
(Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL  
(Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(protein kinase inhibitor design for therapeutic use)

RN 284660-59-9 ZCAPLUS

CN L-Isoleucinamide, N2-acetyl-L-arginyl-L-arginylglycyl-O-phosphono-L-seryl-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

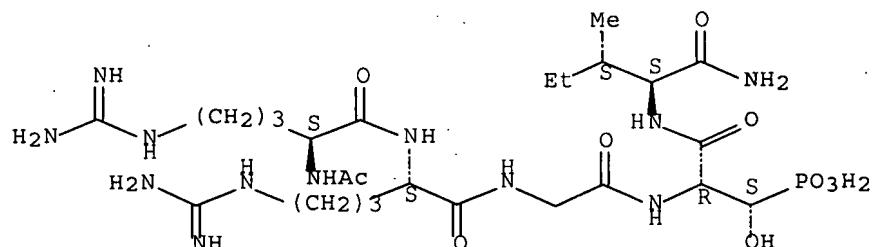
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 284660-63-5 ZCAPLUS

CN L-Isoleucinamide, N2-acetyl-L-arginyl-L-arginylglycyl-(3S)-3-phosphono-L-  
seryl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

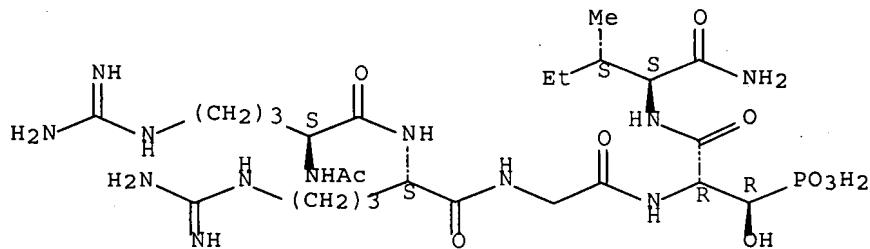
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 284660-64-6 ZCAPLUS

CN L-Isoleucinamide, N2-acetyl-L-arginyl-L-arginylglycyl-(3R)-3-phosphono-L-  
seryl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

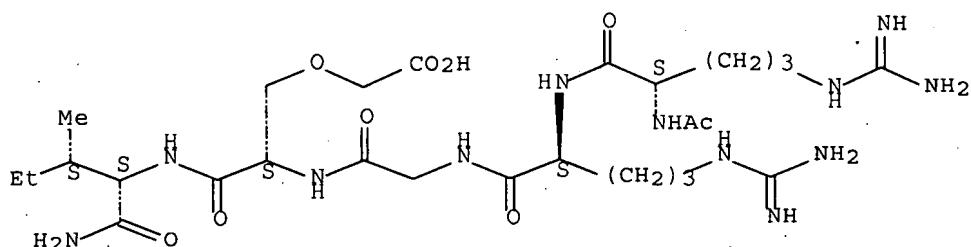
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 284660-65-7 ZCPLUS

CN L-Isoleucinamide, N2-acetyl-L-arginyl-L-arginylglycyl-O-(carboxymethyl)-L-seryl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

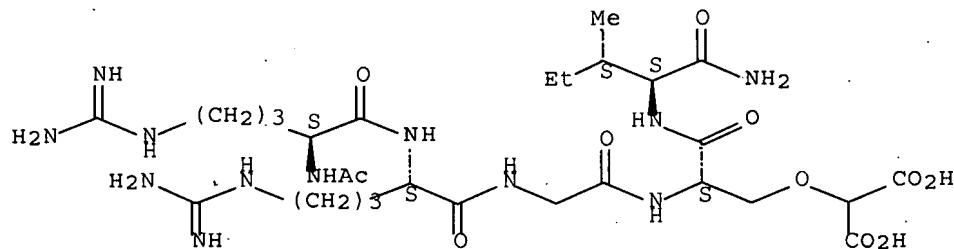
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 284660-66-8 ZCPLUS

CN L-Isoleucinamide, N2-acetyl-L-arginyl-L-arginylglycyl-O-(dicarboxymethyl)-L-seryl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



REFERENCE COUNT:

1

THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L95 ANSWER 39 OF 51 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:493164 ZCPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:134163

TITLE: Minor histocompatibility antigens and their use in the diagnosis and treatment of tumors

INVENTOR(S): Dolstra, Harmen; Van de Wiel-Van Kemenade, Petronella; Verlinden, Stefan Frederick Franciscus

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Introgen B.V., Neth.  
 SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 31 pp.  
 CODEN: EPXXDW  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 1020519	A1	20000719	EP 1999-200112	19990115 <--
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
CA 2359367	A1	20000720	CA 2000-2359367	20000117 <--
WO 2000042181	A1	20000720	WO 2000-NL29	20000117 <--
W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
EP 1141280	A1	20011010	EP 2000-902202	20000117 <--
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI				

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: EP 1999-200112 A 19990115 <--  
WO 2000-NL29 W 20000117 <--

AB Human minor histocompatibility Ags (mHag) play an important role in the induction of CTL reactivity against tumors after HLA-identical allogeneic bone marrow transplantation (BMT). As most mHag are not tumor specific but also expressed by normal tissues, anti-tumor reactivity is often associated with life-threatening graft-vs.-host disease (GVHD). Here, we describe the use of newly found tumor specific mHag for the development of novel means and methods for the treatment of cancer. In one example we identified a novel mHag, HB-1, that elicits donor-derived CTL reactivity in a B-cell acute lymphoblastic leukemia (B-ALL) patient treated by HLA-matched BMT. We identified the gene encoding the antigenic peptide recognized by a HB-1 specific CTL. Expression of the HB-1 gene was only observed in B-ALL cells and EBV-transformed B cells. Anal. revealed that the HB-1 gene is polymorphic. The restricted expression of the polymorphic HB-1 Ag by B-ALL cells was used in one example of the invention to generate HB-1 specific CTL in vitro using peptide-loaded dendritic cells. HB-1 specific CTL against B-ALL were used to combat B-ALL and were shown to at least in part reduce the growth of said leukemia without evoking GVHD.

IC ICM C12N015-12

ICS C07K014-705; C12N015-86; C12N005-10; A61K039-00; A61K031-70;  
C12N005-08; A61K035-14; C07K016-28; G01N033-574; G01N033-577;  
A61K039-395; C12Q001-68

CC 15-2 (Immunochemistry)

Section cross-reference(s): 3

IT 139087-73-3 285979-90-0 286025-03-4 286025-04-5  
286025-05-6

RL: PRP (Properties)

(unclaimed sequence; minor histocompatibility antigens and their use in the diagnosis and treatment of tumors)

IT 285979-90-0

RL: PRP (Properties)

(unclaimed sequence; minor histocompatibility antigens and their use in

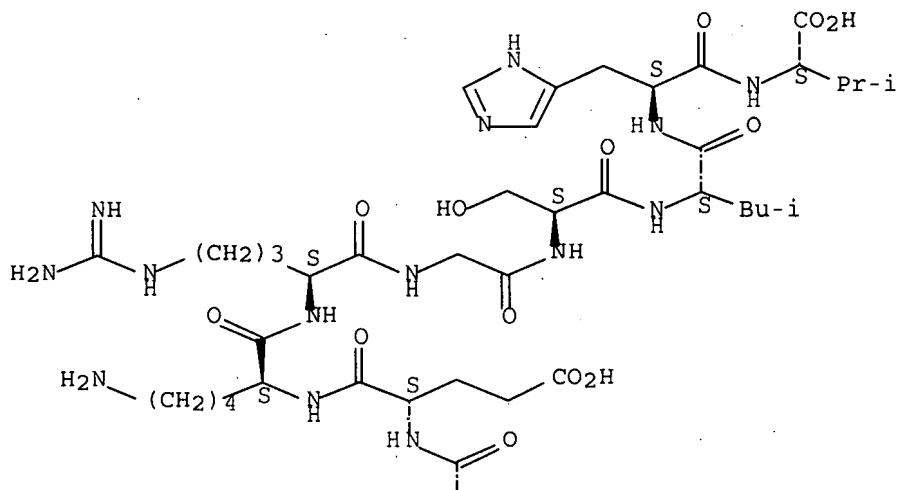
the diagnosis and treatment of tumors)

RN 285979-90-0 ZCPLUS

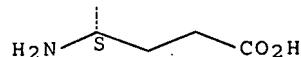
CN L-Valine, L- $\alpha$ -glutamyl-L- $\alpha$ -glutamyl-L-lysyl-L-arginylglycyl-L-seryl-L-leucyl-L-histidyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A



REFERENCE COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L95 ANSWER 40 OF 51 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:155065 ZCPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:304989

TITLE: Specificity of the wound-induced leucine aminopeptidase (LAP-A) of tomato: activity on dipeptide and tripeptide substrates

AUTHOR(S): Gu, Yong-Qiang; Walling, Linda L.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Botany and Plant Sciences and Interdepartmental Program in Genetics, University of California, Riverside, CA, 92521-0124, USA

SOURCE: European Journal of Biochemistry (2000), 267(4), 1178-1187

PUBLISHER: CODEN: EJBCAI; ISSN: 0014-2956  
Blackwell Science Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English

AB. Wounding of tomato leaves results in the accumulation of an exoprotease called leucine aminopeptidase (LAP-A) that preferentially hydrolyzes amino acid-p-nitroanilide and - $\beta$ -naphthylamide substrates with N-terminal Leu, Met and Arg residues. To determine the substrate specificity of LAP-A on more natural substrates, the rates of hydrolysis of 60 dipeptide and seven tripeptide substrates were determined. For comparison, the specificities of the porcine and *Escherichia coli* LAPs were evaluated in parallel. Several marked differences in substrate specificities for the animal, plant and prokaryotic LAP enzymes were observed. Substrates with variable N-terminal (P1) residues (Xaa) were evaluated; these substrates had Leu or Gly in the penultimate (P1') position. The plant, animal, and prokaryotic LAPs hydrolyzed dipeptides with N-terminal nonpolar aliphatic (Leu, Val, Ile, and Ala), basic (Arg), and sulfur-containing (Met) residues rapidly, while P1 Asp or Gly were cleaved inefficiently from peptides. Significant differences in the cleavage of dipeptides with P1 aromatic residues (Phe, Tyr, and Trp) were noted. To systematically evaluate the impact of the P1' residue on cleavage of dipeptides, three series of dipeptides (Leu-Xaa, Gly-Xaa, and Arg-Xaa) were evaluated. The P1' residue strongly influenced hydrolysis of dipeptides and the magnitude of its effect was dependent on the P1 residue. P1' Pro, Asp, Lys and Gly slowed the hydrolysis rates of the tomato LAP-A, porcine LAP, and *E. coli* PepA markedly. Anal. six Arg-Gly-Xaa tripeptides showed that more diversity was tolerated in the P2' position. P2' Arg inhibited tripeptide cleavage by all three enzymes, while P2' Asp enhanced hydrolysis rates for the porcine and prokaryotic LAPs.

CC 7-2 (Enzymes)

Section cross-reference(s): 11

IT 556-50-3 686-50-0 869-19-2 1187-50-4, Leu-gly-gly 1188-24-5  
2418-67-9 3303-31-9 20274-92-4 23576-41-2 27169-55-7 55033-29-9  
99896-85-2 158734-09-9

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
(specificity of wound-induced leucine aminopeptidase (LAP-A) of tomato)

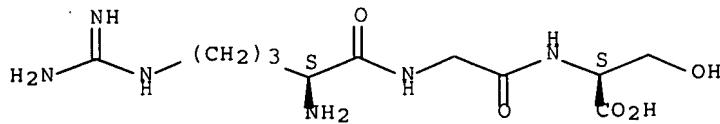
IT 158734-09-9

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
(specificity of wound-induced leucine aminopeptidase (LAP-A) of tomato)

RN 158734-09-9 ZCPLUS

CN L-Serine, L-arginylglycyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



REFERENCE COUNT: 55 THERE ARE 55 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L95 ANSWER 41 OF 51 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:83091 ZCPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:136407

TITLE: Peptides of human T cell reactive feline protein (TRFP)

INVENTOR(S): Gefter, Malcolm L.; Garman, Richard D.; Greenstein, Julia L.; Kuo, Mei-chang; Morville, Malcolm; Briner,

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Thomas J.  
 Immulogic Pharmaceutical Corp., USA  
 SOURCE: U.S., 105 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 5,547,669.  
 CODEN: USXXAM  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 8  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 6019972	A	20000201	US 1994-300928	19940902 <--
US 5547669	A	19960820	US 1991-807529	19911213 <--
ZA 9302122	A	19950425	ZA 1993-2122	19930325 <--
AU 9341026	A	19941108	AU 1993-41026	19930414 <--
AU 680820	B2	19970814		
EP 694067	A1	19960131	EP 1993-910592	19930414 <--
EP 694067	B1	20060208		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
JP 09501043	T	19970204	JP 1994-523074	19930414 <--
AT 317433	T	20060215	AT 1993-910592	19930414 <--
US 6048962	A	20000411	US 1995-430014	19950427 <--
US 6025162	A	20000215	US 1995-430944	19950428 <--
US 6120769	A	20000919	US 1995-431184	19950428 <--
FI 9504895	A	19951013	FI 1995-4895	19951013 <--
NO 9504095	A	19951213	NO 1995-4095	19951013 <--
NO 316922	B1	20040628		
FI 9603331	A	19960827	FI 1996-3331	19960827 <--
FI 104906	B1	20000428		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				
		US 1989-431565	B2 19891103 <--	
		US 1991-662276	B2 19910228 <--	
		US 1991-807529	A2 19911213 <--	
		US 1992-857311	B2 19920325 <--	
		US 1992-884718	B2 19920515 <--	
		US 1993-6116	B2 19930115 <--	
		EP 1993-910592	A 19930414 <--	
		WO 1993-US3471	W 19930414 <--	
		US 1994-300928	A3 19940902 <--	
		FI 1995-4895	A 19951013 <--	

AB A substantially pure, covalently linked human T cell reactive feline protein (TRFP) has been isolated from vacuum bag extract obtained by affinity purification of house dust collected from several homes with cats; DNA encoding all or a portion of the TRFP or peptide; compns. containing such a protein or peptide or portions thereof; and antibodies reactive with the TRFP or peptide are disclosed. Also disclosed are recombinant TRFP or peptide; modified or mutated TRFP peptides; their use for diagnostic or therapeutic purposes.

IC ICM A61K039-35  
 ICS C07K007-00; C07K007-06; C07K007-08; C07K014-47

INCL 424185100

CC 15-2 (Immunochemistry)

Section cross-reference(s): 3, 63

IT Salivary gland

Skin

(allergen; peptides of human T cell reactive feline protein or TRFP for diagnosis and therapy of cat allergy)

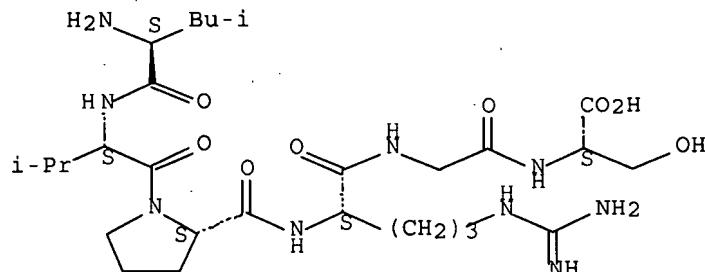
IT Skin

(dander; peptides of human T cell reactive feline protein or TRFP for diagnosis and therapy of cat allergy)

IT 149013-73-0 158734-08-8 197170-32-4

RL: PRP (Properties)  
 (unclaimed protein sequence; peptides of human T cell reactive feline protein (TRFP))  
 IT 158734-08-8  
 RL: PRP (Properties)  
 (unclaimed protein sequence; peptides of human T cell reactive feline protein (TRFP))  
 RN 158734-08-8 ZCPLUS  
 CN L-Serine, L-leucyl-L-valyl-L-prolyl-L-arginylglycyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



REFERENCE COUNT: 21 THERE ARE 21 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L95 ANSWER 42 OF 51 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:595206 ZCPLUS Full-text  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:223515  
 TITLE: Molecules that home to various selected organs or tissues for therapeutic and diagnostic use  
 INVENTOR(S): Rajotte, Daniel; Pasqualini, Renata; Ruoslahti, Erkki I.  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): The Burnham Institute, USA  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 193 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9946284	A2	19990916	WO 1999-US5284	19990310 <--
WO 9946284	A3	20000406		
W: AU, CA, JP				
RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
US 6232287	B1	20010515	US 1998-42107	19980313 <--
US 6174687	B1	20010116	US 1999-258754	19990226 <--
CA 2323071	A1	19990916	CA 1999-2323071	19990310 <--
AU 9930783	A	19990927	AU 1999-30783	19990310 <--
AU 762991	B2	20030710		
EP 1062232	A2	20001227	EP 1999-912400	19990310 <--
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI				
JP 2002506079	T	20020226	JP 2000-535660	19990310 <--

US 6784153	B1	20040831	US 2000-676475	20000929 <--
US 6610651	B1	20030826	US 2000-722250	20001122 <--
US 2005074812	A1	20050407	US 2003-607595	20030627 <--
US 6933281	B2	20050823		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1998-42107	A 19980313 <--
			US 1999-258754	A 19990226 <--
			WO 1999-US5284	W 19990310 <--
			US 2000-722250	A3 20001122 <--

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 131:223515

AB Mols. are provided that selectively home to various normal organs or tissues, including to lung, pancreas, skin, retina, prostate, ovary, lymph node, adrenal gland, liver, and gut. Also provided are mols. that selectively home to tumor-bearing organs or tissues, including to pancreas bearing a pancreatic tumor or to lung bearing a lung tumor. The invention also provides conjugates, comprising an organ- or tissue-homing mol. linked to a moiety. Such a moiety can be e.g. a therapeutic agent or a detectable agent. The invention also provides a method of identifying a membrane dipeptidase (MDP)-binding homing mol. that selectively homes to lung endothelium. The method includes contacting MDP with one or more mols. and determining specific binding of a mol. to the MDP, where the presence of specific binding identifies the mol. as a MDP-binding homing mol. that selectively homes to lung endothelium. Such MDP-binding homing mols. can be linked to a moiety and, when administered to a subject as a conjugate, can selectively direct the moiety to lung endothelium in the subject.

IC C07K007-06; C07K007-08; A61K038-08; A61K038-10; A61K031-195

CC 1-12 (*Pharmacology*)

Section cross-reference(s): 9, 34

IT Adrenal gland

Adrenal gland, disease

Blood vessel

Digestive tract

Drug screening

Drug targeting

Gene therapy

Liver

Liver, disease

Lung

Lung, disease

Lymph node

Ovary

Ovary, disease

Pancreas

Pancreas, disease

Peptide library

Phage display library

Prostate gland

Protein sequences

Skin

Skin, disease

(mols. that home to various selected organs or tissues for therapeutic and diagnostic use)

IT	243961-35-5	243961-36-6	243961-37-7	243961-38-8	243961-39-9
	243961-40-2	243961-41-3	243961-42-4	243961-43-5	243961-44-6
	243961-45-7	243961-46-8	243961-47-9	243961-48-0	243961-51-5
	243961-52-6	243961-53-7	243961-54-8	243961-55-9	243961-56-0
	243961-57-1	243961-58-2	243961-59-3	243961-60-6	243961-61-7
	243961-63-9	243961-64-0	243961-65-1	243961-66-2	243961-67-3
	243961-68-4	243961-69-5	243961-70-8	243961-71-9	243961-72-0
	243961-73-1	243961-74-2	243961-75-3	243961-76-4	243961-77-5
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243961-81-1 243961-82-2 243961-83-3 243961-84-4  
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 243962-22-3 243962-34-7

RL: *BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)*

(mols. that home to various selected organs or tissues for therapeutic and diagnostic use)

IT 131134-25-3 158734-09-9 206558-85-2 243961-49-1

243962-15-4 243962-16-5

RL: *BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (peptides containing sequence fragment of; mols. that home to various selected organs or tissues for therapeutic and diagnostic use)*

IT 243961-78-6 243961-80-0 243961-81-1

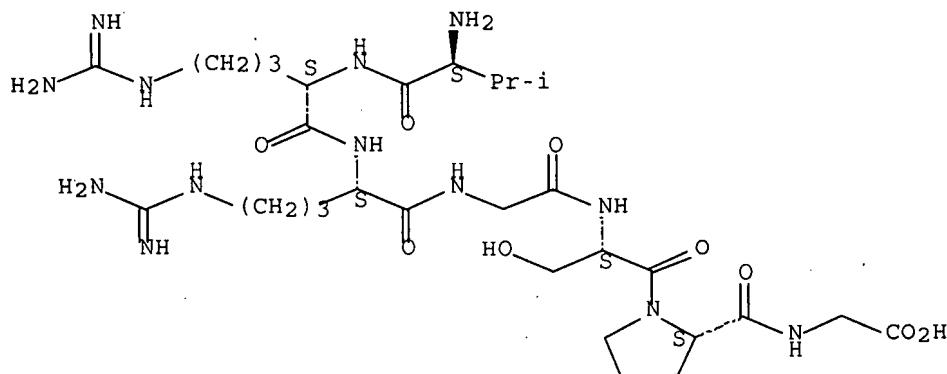
RL: *BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)*

(mols. that home to various selected organs or tissues for therapeutic and diagnostic use)

RN 243961-78-6 ZCAPLUS

CN Glycine, L-valyl-L-arginyl-L-arginylglycyl-L-seryl-L-prolyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

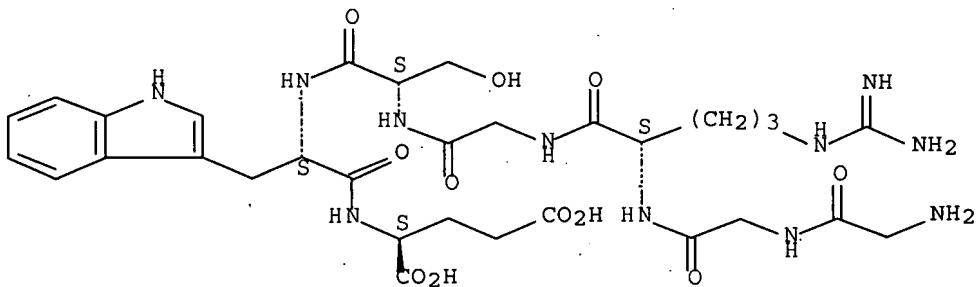
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 243961-80-0 ZCAPLUS

CN L-Glutamic acid, glycylglycyl-L-arginylglycyl-L-seryl-L-tryptophyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

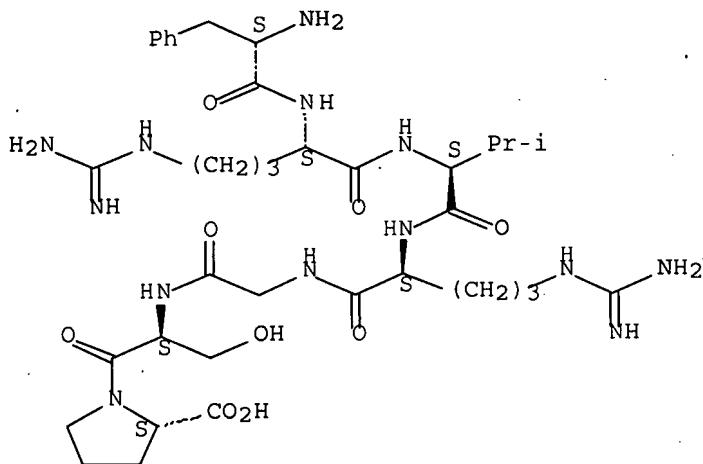
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 243961-81-1 ZCPLUS

CN L-Proline, L-phenylalanyl-L-arginyl-L-valyl-L-arginylglycyl-L-seryl- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



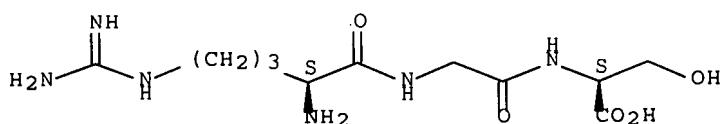
IT 158734-09-9

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)  
(peptides containing sequence fragment of; mols. that home to various  
selected organs or tissues for therapeutic and diagnostic use)

RN 158734-09-9 ZCPLUS

CN L-Serine, L-arginylglycyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:804196 ZCPLUS Full-text  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:49530  
 TITLE: *Bone morphogenetic proteins and their use in bone growth*  
 INVENTOR(S): Nimni, Marcel E.; Hall, Frederick L.; Wu, Lingtao;  
 Han, Bo; Shors, Edwin C.  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 64 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9855137	A1	19981210	WO 1998-US11189	19980602 <--
W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, CZ, DE, DE, DK, DK, EE, EE, ES, FI, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, GW, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
US 6352972	B1	20020305	US 1997-868452	19970603 <--
AU 9877148	A	19981221	AU 1998-77148	19980602 <--
EP 1047442	A1	20001102	EP 1998-925128	19980602 <--
R: DE, FR, GB, IT				
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1997-868452	A 19970603 <--
			US 1995-470837	A2 19950606 <--
			WO 1998-US11189	W 19980602 <--

AB A *bone* morphogenetic fusion protein and a method of preparation of the *bone* morphogenetic fusion protein are described. The *bone* morphogenetic fusion protein comprises a purification tag and a *bone* morphogenetic active fragment. A method of preparing *bone* morphogenetic fusion protein comprises purifying and renaturing *bone* morphogenetic protein to provide an active *bone* morphogenetic fusion protein preparation. Methods of use of the *bone* morphogenetic fusion protein are also provided.

IC ICM A61K038-18  
 ICS C07H021-04; C12N001-21; C12P021-00; G01N033-53

CC 9-16 (Biochemical Methods)

ST Section cross-reference(s): 3, 6, 13, 14

IT *Bone* morphogenetic protein chimera prepn

IT *Bone* morphogenetic proteins

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); PUR (Purification or recovery); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)  
 (10; *bone* morphogenetic proteins and their use in  
*bone* growth)

IT *Bone* morphogenetic proteins

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); PUR (Purification or recovery); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)  
 (2; *bone* morphogenetic proteins and their use in *bone* growth)

IT *Bone* morphogenetic proteins

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); PUR (Purification or recovery); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)  
(3; **bone** morphogenetic proteins and their use in **bone** growth)

IT **Bone** morphogenetic proteins  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); PUR (Purification or recovery); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)  
(4; **bone** morphogenetic proteins and their use in **bone** growth)

IT **Bone** morphogenetic proteins  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); PUR (Purification or recovery); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)  
(5; **bone** morphogenetic proteins and their use in **bone** growth)

IT **Bone** morphogenetic proteins  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); PUR (Purification or recovery); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)  
(6; **bone** morphogenetic proteins and their use in **bone** growth)

IT **Bone** morphogenetic proteins  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); PUR (Purification or recovery); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)  
(7; **bone** morphogenetic proteins and their use in **bone** growth)

IT **Bone** morphogenetic proteins  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); PUR (Purification or recovery); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)  
(8; **bone** morphogenetic proteins and their use in **bone** growth)

IT **Bone** morphogenetic proteins  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); PUR (Purification or recovery); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)  
(9; **bone** morphogenetic proteins and their use in **bone** growth)

IT **Fusion** proteins (chimeric proteins)  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); PUR (Purification or recovery); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)  
(**bone** morphogenetic protein; **bone** morphogenetic proteins and their use in **bone** growth)

IT **Bone**  
    **Bone** formation  
    Cell proliferation  
    Chelating agents  
    DNA sequences

Genetic vectors  
Mammal (Mammalia)  
Protein sequences  
Reducing agents  
*Schistosoma japonicum*  
Skin  
(*bone* morphogenetic proteins and their use in *bone*  
growth)  
IT Osteopontin  
RL: ARU (Analytical role, unclassified); BSU (Biological study,  
unclassified); MFM (Metabolic formation); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL  
(Biological study); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative)  
(*bone* morphogenetic proteins and their use in *bone*  
growth)  
IT Fibronectins  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological  
process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BUU (Biological use,  
unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)  
(*bone* morphogenetic proteins and their use in *bone*  
growth)  
IT Bone morphogenetic proteins  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological  
process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BUU (Biological use,  
unclassified); PUR (Purification or recovery); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL  
(Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)  
(*bone* morphogenetic proteins and their use in *bone*  
growth)  
IT Collagens, biological studies  
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL  
(Biological study); PROC (Process)  
(*bone* morphogenetic proteins and their use in *bone*  
growth)  
IT Gelatins, biological studies  
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BUU  
(Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process);  
USES (Uses)  
(*bone* morphogenetic proteins and their use in *bone*  
growth)  
IT Promoter (genetic element)  
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BUU (Biological use,  
unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(*bone* morphogenetic proteins and their use in *bone*  
growth)  
IT DNA  
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL  
(Biological study)  
(*bone* morphogenetic proteins and their use in *bone*  
growth)  
IT Growth, animal  
Wound healing  
(*bone*; *bone* morphogenetic proteins and their use in  
*bone growth*)  
IT Chromatography  
(chelation; *bone* morphogenetic proteins and their use in  
*bone growth*)  
IT Conformation  
Denaturation  
(protein, renaturation; *bone* morphogenetic proteins and their  
use in *bone growth*)  
IT Mesenchyme

(stem cell; **bone** morphogenetic proteins and their use in  
**bone growth**)

IT Transforming growth factors  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)  
 ( $\beta$ -; **bone** morphogenetic proteins and their use in  
**bone growth**)

IT Transforming growth factors  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)  
 ( $\beta_1$ -; **bone** morphogenetic proteins and their use in  
**bone growth**)

IT 9001-99-4  
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (S, purification tag; **bone** morphogenetic proteins and their use in  
**bone growth**)

IT 134548-22-4P, Glycoprotein (human **bone** morphogenetic 5 subunit protein moiety reduced) 134548-23-5P, Glycoprotein (human **bone** morphogenetic 6 subunit protein moiety reduced) 134548-24-6P, Glycoprotein (human **bone** morphogenetic 7 subunit protein moiety reduced) 146869-98-9P, Osteogenin (human B subunit reduced)  
 163547-17-9P 217443-72-6P  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); PRP (Properties); PUR (Purification or recovery); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)  
 (amino acid sequence; **bone** morphogenetic proteins and their use in **bone growth**)

IT 5874-90-8 18635-55-7 26698-64-6 61430-14-6 78641-59-5 99542-45-7  
 154485-12-8 158734-08-8 185844-61-5 185844-62-6  
 185844-63-7 185844-64-8 185844-65-9 185844-66-0  
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)  
 (amino acid sequence; **bone** morphogenetic proteins and their use in **bone growth**)

IT 9001-75-6, Pepsin 9001-90-5, Plasmin 9001-98-3, Chymosin 9002-04-4, Thrombin 9002-05-5, Blood-coagulation factor Xa 9002-07-7, Trypsin 9004-06-2, Elastase 9004-07-3, Chymotrypsin 9073-78-3, Thermolysin  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)  
 (**bone** morphogenetic proteins and their use in **bone growth**)

IT 1306-06-5, Hydroxyapatite  
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
 (**bone** morphogenetic proteins and their use in **bone growth**)

IT 56-81-5, 1,2,3-Propanetriol, biological studies 57-13-6, Urea, biological studies 60-24-2 70-18-8, Reduced glutathione, biological studies 77-86-1, Tris (buffering agent) 7632-05-5, Sodium phosphate 7647-14-5, Sodium chloride, biological studies 9005-32-7, Alginic acid 9016-45-9 27025-41-8, Oxidized glutathione 34346-01-5, Poly(DL-lactic acid-glycolic acid)  
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BUU

(Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process);  
 USES (Uses)  
 (bone morphogenetic proteins and their use in bone  
 growth)

IT 9004-67-5, Methylcellulose  
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BUU  
 (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process);  
 USES (Uses)  
 (gel; bone morphogenetic proteins and their use in  
 bone growth)

IT 163547-16-8 217306-12-2 217306-16-6 217306-17-7 217306-18-8  
 217443-73-7 217443-74-8 217443-75-9 217443-76-0 217443-80-6  
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL  
 (Biological study)  
 (nucleotide sequence; bone morphogenetic proteins and their  
 use in bone growth)

IT 7429-70-1 64134-30-1 92000-76-5  
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological  
 study); USES (Uses)  
 (purification tag, amino acid sequence; bone morphogenetic  
 proteins and their use in bone growth)

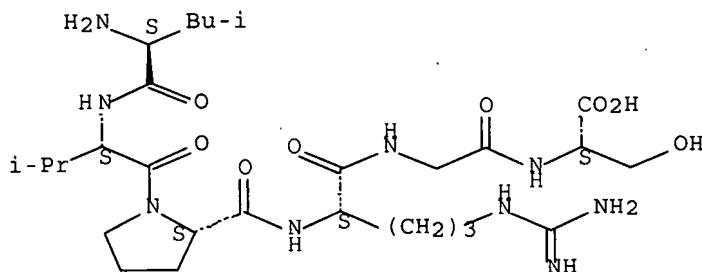
IT 71-00-1D, L-Histidine, poly-, biological studies 50812-37-8, Glutathione  
 S-transferase  
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES  
 (Uses)  
 (purification tag; bone morphogenetic proteins and their use in  
 bone growth)

IT 9001-92-7, Proteinase  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological  
 process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BUU (Biological use,  
 unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)  
 (site; bone morphogenetic proteins and their use in  
 bone growth)

IT 158734-08-8  
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BUU  
 (Biological use, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study);  
 PROC (Process); USES (Uses)  
 (amino acid sequence; bone morphogenetic proteins and their  
 use in bone growth)

RN 158734-08-8 ZCAPLUS  
 CN L-Serine, L-leucyl-L-valyl-L-prolyl-L-arginylglycyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



REFERENCE COUNT:

3. THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS  
 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

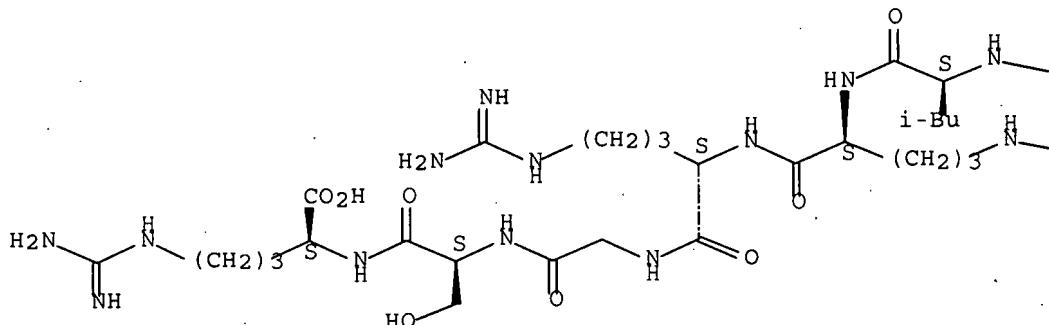
L95 ANSWER 44 OF 51 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:666318 ZCPLUS Full-text  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:22083  
TITLE: In vivo selection of protease cleavage sites from  
retrovirus display libraries  
AUTHOR(S): Buchholz, Christian J.; Peng, Kah-Whye; Morling,  
Frances J.; Zhang, Jie; Cosset, Francois-Loic;  
Russell, Stephen J.  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Cambridge Centre for Protein Engineering, Medical  
Research Council Centre, Cambridge, CB2 2QH, UK  
SOURCE: Nature Biotechnology (1998), 16(10), 951-954  
CODEN: NABIF9; ISSN: 1087-0156  
PUBLISHER: Nature America  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English

AB Phage display libraries are widely used for selection and optimization of polypeptide ligands or protease substrates. Because they are expressed and amplified in bacterial hosts, phage are not ideal for displaying eukaryotic polypeptides or for probing mammalian cells. As retroviruses do not suffer from these limitations we constructed plasmids encoding replication-competent murine leukemia viruses displaying a virally encoded *epidermal growth factor* (EGF) domain at the N-terminus of the envelope glycoprotein. The EGF-displaying viruses replicated freely on EGF receptor-poor cells without deleting the displayed EGF domain but did not propagate on EGF receptor-rich cells because they were sequestered by the EGF receptors. A retrovirus display library was then generated by diversifying the seven-residue linker between the envelope glycoprotein and the displayed EGF domain. Selective pressure for loss of EGF receptor-binding activity was applied to the library by serial passage on EGF receptor-rich HT1080 cells. The selected viruses propagated on these cells with wild-type efficiencies, a phenotype that was conferred by intracellular cleavage of their displayed linker sequences. The selected linker sequences invariably presented arginine-rich motifs matching the consensus cleavage signal for furin-like proteases. Retrovirus display libraries can be used for the selection of polypeptides interacting with components of living mammalian cells.

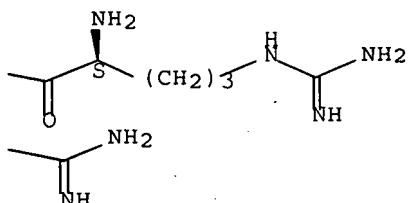
CC 7-3 (Enzymes)  
Section cross-reference(s): 3  
IT 62229-50-9, *Epidermal growth factor*  
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES  
(Uses)  
    (in vivo selection of cellular proteinase cleavage sites from  
    retrovirus display libraries)  
IT 216301-14-3 216301-15-4 216301-16-5 216301-17-6  
    216301-18-7 216301-19-8  
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP  
(Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
    (linker peptide cleavage site; in vivo selection of cellular proteinase  
    cleavage sites from retrovirus display libraries)  
IT 216301-14-3  
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP  
(Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
    (linker peptide cleavage site; in vivo selection of cellular proteinase  
    cleavage sites from retrovirus display libraries)  
RN 216301-14-3 ZCPLUS  
CN L-Arginine, L-arginyl-L-leucyl-L-arginyl-L-arginylglycyl-L-seryl- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



REFERENCE COUNT: 18 THERE ARE 18 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L95 ANSWER 45 OF 51 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:42310 ZCPLUS Full-text  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:119708  
TITLE: Heparinized medical devices containing heparin-binding growth factor conjugates  
INVENTOR(S): Pierce, Glenn; Baird, J. Andrew  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Prizm Pharmaceuticals, Inc.; USA  
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 100 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9749434	A2	19971231	WO 1997-US10685	19970620 <--
WO 9749434	A3	19980226		

W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE,  
DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ,  
LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL,  
PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ,  
VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM  
RW: GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR,  
GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA,

GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
CA 2258154	A1	19971231	CA 1997-2258154	19970620 <--
AU 9736412	A	19980114	AU 1997-36412	19970620 <--
EP 923387	A2	19990623	EP 1997-933150	19970620 <--
EP 923387	B1	20010926		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI				
AT 206059	T	20011015	AT 1997-933150	19970620 <--
JP 2002515784	T	20020528	JP 1998-503367	19970620 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1996-672353 A 19960624 <--				
			WO 1997-US10685 W 19970620 <--	

AB Medical devices are coated with heparin and a heparin-binding *growth factor*-cytotoxic agent conjugate is bound to the heparin. The devices, including stents, are used to inhibit undesired cell proliferation or kill unwanted cells. A stent coated with heparin and bound with conjugate may be used to inhibit restenosis.

IC ICM A61L

CC 63-7 (Pharmaceuticals)

IT Nucleic acids

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (-binding domains, of glycosaminoglycan-cytocide conjugates; heparinized medical devices containing heparin-binding *growth factor* conjugates with cytotoxic agents to inhibit restenosis)

IT Proteins, specific or class

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (RIP (ribosome-inactivating protein); heparinized medical devices containing heparin-binding *growth factor* conjugates with cytotoxic agents to inhibit restenosis)

IT Artery

(angioplasty; heparinized medical devices containing heparin-binding *growth factor* conjugates with cytotoxic agents to inhibit restenosis)

IT Artery

(endarterectomy; heparinized medical devices containing heparin-binding *growth factor* conjugates with cytotoxic agents to inhibit restenosis)

IT Medical goods

(grafts, synthetic; heparinized medical devices containing heparin-binding *growth factor* conjugates with cytotoxic agents to inhibit restenosis)

IT Fluoropolymers, biological studies

RL: DEV (Device component use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (grafts; heparinized medical devices containing heparin-binding *growth factor* conjugates with cytotoxic agents to inhibit restenosis)

IT Growth factors, animal

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (heparin-binding; heparinized medical devices containing heparin-binding *growth factor* conjugates with cytotoxic agents to inhibit restenosis)

IT Molecular cloning

Protein sequences

cDNA sequences

(heparinized medical devices containing heparin-binding *growth factor* conjugates with cytotoxic agents to inhibit restenosis)

IT Cytotoxic agents  
 Fibroblast growth factor receptors  
 Glycosaminoglycans, biological studies  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)  
 (heparinized medical devices containing heparin-binding growth factor conjugates with cytotoxic agents to inhibit restenosis)

IT Cell proliferation  
 (inhibition of, of vascular smooth muscle; heparinized medical devices containing heparin-binding growth factor conjugates with cytotoxic agents to inhibit restenosis)

IT Proteins, specific or class  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)  
 (saporins; heparinized medical devices containing heparin-binding growth factor conjugates with cytotoxic agents to inhibit restenosis)

IT Blood vessel  
 (smooth muscle, inhibition of proliferation of; heparinized medical devices containing heparin-binding growth factor conjugates with cytotoxic agents to inhibit restenosis)

IT Medical goods  
 (stents; heparinized medical devices containing heparin-binding growth factor conjugates with cytotoxic agents to inhibit restenosis)

IT Vein  
 Vein  
 (transplant; heparinized medical devices containing heparin-binding growth factor conjugates with cytotoxic agents to inhibit restenosis)

IT Transplant and Transplantation  
 Transplant and Transplantation  
 (vein; heparinized medical devices containing heparin-binding growth factor conjugates with cytotoxic agents to inhibit restenosis)

IT 9002-84-0, Polytetrafluoroethylene  
 RL: DEV (Device component use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (grafts; heparinized medical devices containing heparin-binding growth factor conjugates with cytotoxic agents to inhibit restenosis)

IT 9005-49-6, Heparin, biological studies 106096-92-8 106096-93-9,  
 Fibroblast growth factor 2 123584-45-2, Fibroblast  
 growth factor 4 129653-64-1, Fibroblast growth factor  
 5 130939-41-2, Fibroblast growth factor 6 148348-14-5,  
 Fibroblast growth factor 3 148348-15-6, Fibroblast  
 growth factor 7 151185-16-9, Fibroblast growth factor  
 9 164003-41-2, Fibroblast growth factor 8  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)  
 (heparinized medical devices containing heparin-binding growth factor conjugates with cytotoxic agents to inhibit restenosis)

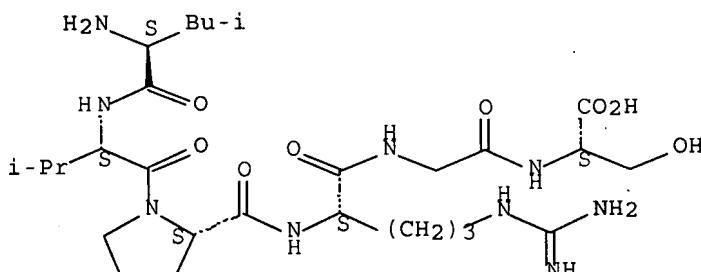
IT 9002-04-4, Thrombin 9002-05-5, Factor xa 9014-74-8, Enterokinase  
 9025-26-7, Cathepsin D 9047-22-7, Cathepsin B  
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)  
 (linker for substrate of; heparinized medical devices containing heparin-binding growth factor conjugates with cytotoxic

IT 2543-43-3 54017-28-6 91859-00-6 158734-08-8 192805-56-4  
201533-87-1 201533-88-2  
RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)  
(linker peptide; heparinized medical devices containing heparin-binding growth factor conjugates with cytotoxic agents to inhibit restenosis)

IT 158734-08-8  
RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)  
(linker peptide; heparinized medical devices containing heparin-binding growth factor conjugates with cytotoxic agents to inhibit restenosis)

RN 158734-08-8 ZCPLUS  
CN L-Serine, L-leucyl-L-valyl-L-prolyl-L-arginylglycyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

### Absolute stereochemistry.



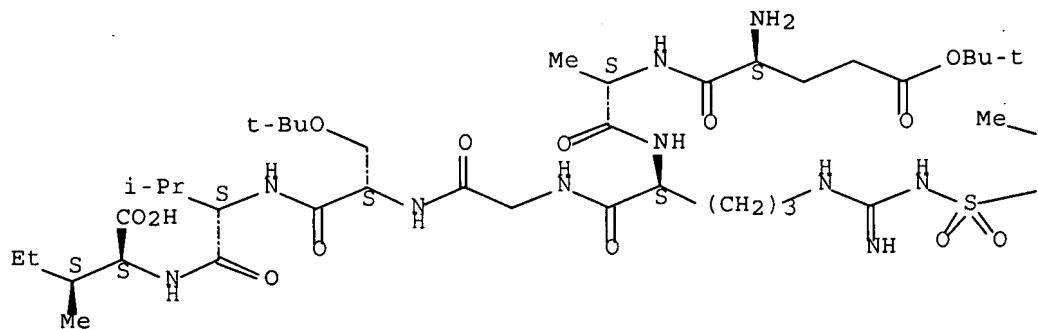
L95 ANSWER 46 OF 51 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:667377 ZCPLUS Full-text  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:278451  
TITLE: Magic Angle Spinning Nuclear Magnetic Resonance in  
Solid-Phase Peptide Synthesis  
AUTHOR(S): Dhalluin, Christophe; Boutillon, Christophe; Tartar,  
Andre; Lippens, Guy  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Institut Pasteur de Lille, CNRS URA 1309, Lille,  
59019, Fr.  
SOURCE: Journal of the American Chemical Society (1997  
, 119(43), 10494-10500  
CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863  
PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English  
AB Solid-phase peptide synthesis of certain sequences (commonly called "difficult  
sequences") suffers from the occurrence of incomplete coupling reactions  
and/or partial *unmaskings* of  $\text{Na}^+$ -protection. The underlying reasons for these  
problems are thought to be a structuration and/or a poor solvation of the  
growing peptide chains. Few methods are available to study the structural  
aspects of the peptide chains when still anchored to the solid support. In  
most cases, they rely on the incorporation of a specific label and examine  
therefore a modified peptide analog. The complete characterization by  
homonuclear and heteronuclear magic angle spinning NMR (MAS NMR) of the solid-  
phase synthesis of a 10-residue peptide is described. A detailed secondary  
structure determination of the growing peptide on the resin beads, based on

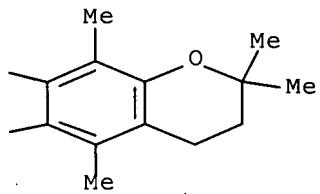
the NOE anal. and the  $^1\text{H}$  and  $^{13}\text{C}$  chemical shift deviations, indicated an extended structure on the whole length of the sequence. At critical synthesis steps, a correlation between the coupling difficulties and the aggregation of the peptide chains was established by chemical measurements and MAS NMR. Upon titration with the hydrogen bond-accepting solvent DMSO, the mobility of the peptide chains on the resin beads increased, resulting in a significant line narrowing of the MAS NMR spectra. This increased mobility is linked to an enhanced peptidyl-resin solvation as reflected by the better coupling efficiency at the critical synthesis steps.

CC 34-3 (Amino Acids, Peptides, and Proteins)  
 IT 196702-94-0DP, C-terminal resin-bound 196702-95-1DP,  
 C-terminal resin-bound 196702-96-2DP, C-terminal resin-bound  
 196702-97-3DP, C-terminal resin-bound 196702-98-4DP, C-terminal  
 resin-bound  
 RL: PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP  
 (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (magic angle spinning NMR of resin-bound intermediates in solid-phase  
 peptide synthesis)  
 IT 196702-94-0DP, C-terminal resin-bound 196702-95-1DP,  
 C-terminal resin-bound 196702-96-2DP, C-terminal resin-bound  
 RL: PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP  
 (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (magic angle spinning NMR of resin-bound intermediates in solid-phase  
 peptide synthesis)  
 RN 196702-94-0 ZCAPLUS  
 CN L-Isoleucine, L- $\alpha$ -glutamyl-L-alanyl-N5-[[[(3,4-dihydro-2,2,5,7,8-pentamethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-6-yl)sulfonyl]amino]iminomethyl]-L-ornithylglycyl-O-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-L-seryl-L-valyl-1-(1,1-dimethylethyl) ester (9CI). (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

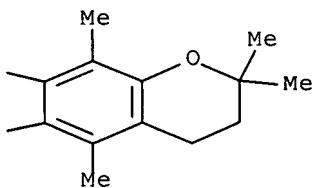
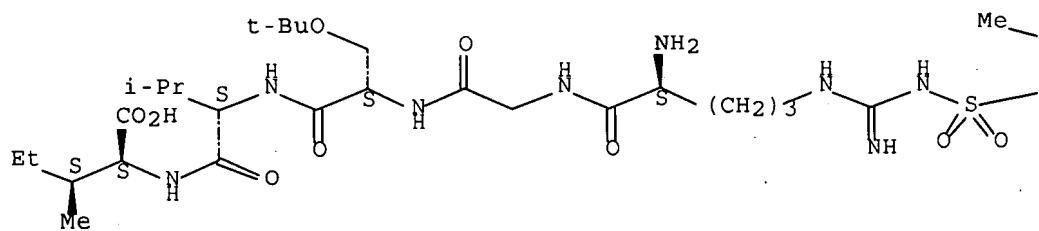




RN 196702-95-1 ZCPLUS

CN L-Isoleucine, N5-[[[(3,4-dihydro-2,2,5,7,8-pentamethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-6-yl)sulfonyl]amino]iminomethyl]-L-ornithylglycyl-O-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-L-seryl-L-valyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

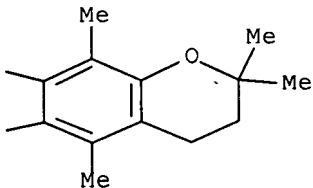
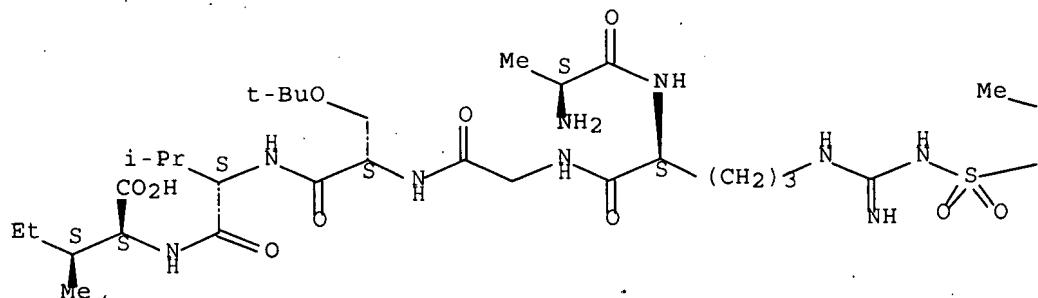
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 196702-96-2 ZCPLUS

CN L-Isoleucine, L-alanyl-N5-[[[(3,4-dihydro-2,2,5,7,8-pentamethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-6-yl)sulfonyl]amino]iminomethyl]-L-ornithylglycyl-O-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-L-seryl-L-valyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



REFERENCE COUNT: 59 THERE ARE 59 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L95 ANSWER 47 OF 51 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:105210 ZCPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:113714

TITLE: Transforming growth factor- $\beta$  fusion proteins and their use in wound healing

INVENTOR(S): Hall, Frederick L.; Nimni, Marcel E.; Tuan, Tai-Lan; Wu, Lintao; Cheung, David T.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 58 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9639430	A1	19961212	WO 1996-US8973	19960605 <--
W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG				
RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA				
US 5800811	A	19980901	US 1995-470837	19950606 <--

AU 9661529 A 19961224 AU 1996-61529 19960605 <--  
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1995-470837 A 19950606 <--  
 WO 1996-US8973 W 19960605 <--

AB Disclosed is a method of preparing a fusion protein comprising a purification tag,  $\geq 1$  proteinase site, an extracellular matrix binding site, and an active transforming growth factor  $\beta$  (TGF- $\beta$ ) fragment. The method also includes purifying and renaturing TGF- $\beta$  protein to provide an active TGF- $\beta$  fusion protein preparation. Methods of using TGF- $\beta$  fusion protein are also provided. Preparation of a few fusion proteins consisting of C-terminal 112 amino acids of human TGF- $\beta$ 1 was shown. Biol. activities of TGF- $\beta$  fusion proteins and use of the proteins as wound healing agents were also described.

IC ICM C07K014-495  
 ICS C12N015-62

CC 2-10 (Mammalian Hormones)  
 Section cross-reference(s): 1, 3

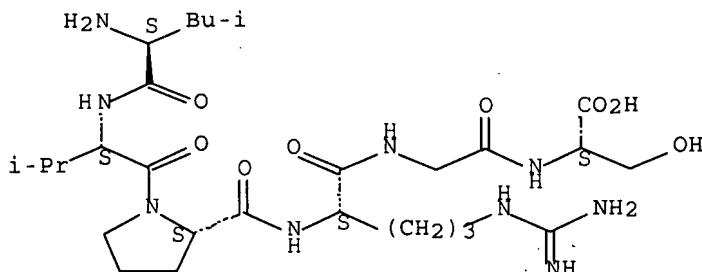
IT 5874-90-8 18635-55-7 26698-64-6 61430-14-6 78641-59-5 99542-45-7  
 154485-12-8 158734-08-8 185844-61-5 185844-62-6  
 185844-63-7 185844-64-8 185844-65-9  
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (proteinase site peptide; preparation of transforming growth factor- $\beta$  fusion proteins and use in wound healing)

IT 158734-08-8  
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (proteinase site peptide; preparation of transforming growth factor- $\beta$  fusion proteins and use in wound healing)

RN 158734-08-8 ZCAPLUS

CN L-Serine, L-leucyl-L-valyl-L-prolyl-L-arginylglycyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

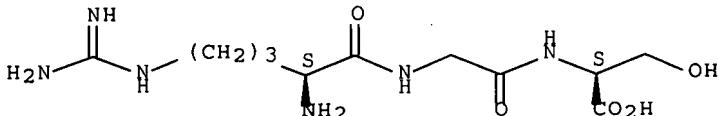
## Absolute stereochemistry.



L95 ANSWER 48 OF 51 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:991212 ZCPLUS Full-text  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:79796  
TITLE: Isolation of a tripeptide from a random phage peptide  
library that inhibits P1,P4-diadenosine  
5'-tetraphosphate binding to its receptor  
AUTHOR(S): Liu, Guang; Bryant, Robby T.; Hilderman, Richard H.  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Biological Sciences, Clemson University,  
Clemson, SC, 29634-1903, USA  
SOURCE: Biochemistry (1996), 35(1), 197-201  
CODEN: BICHAW; ISSN: 0006-2960

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 AB Extracellular P1,P4-diadenosine 5'-tetraphosphate (Ap4A) has been implicated as a modulator of cell stress. The authors have previously demonstrated specific receptors for Ap4A at the surface of cardiac myocytes. In addition, the authors have isolated a monoclonal antibody (mAb TL4) that recognized the Ap4A receptor and inhibited binding of Ap4A to its receptor. As part of the effort to characterize the Ap4A receptor building domain, the authors screened a random phage peptide library with mAb TL4. After affinity purification of specifically bound phage, the authors isolated 38 individual phage clones. Twenty-eight of these clones bound mAb TL4 in ELISA and dot blot analyses. Twenty-two of the twenty-eight individual clones contained inserts with an RGS tripeptide sequence. Synthetic RGS peptide specifically inhibits the binding of mAb TL4 to its membrane receptor. Furthermore, the RGS peptide also inhibits [<sup>3</sup>H]Ap4A binding to its receptor. These data are consistent with the RGS peptide mimicking part of the mAb TL4 recognition site on the Ap4A receptor. The RGS peptide may be used to help characterize the Ap4A receptor binding domain and to help determine the physiol. significance of the interaction between Ap4A and its receptor.  
 CC 6-3 (General Biochemistry)  
 IT 158734-09-9  
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
 (RGS tripeptide from random phage peptide library inhibits P1,P4-diadenosine 5'-tetraphosphate (Ap4A) binding to receptor)  
 IT 158734-09-9  
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
 (RGS tripeptide from random phage peptide library inhibits P1,P4-diadenosine 5'-tetraphosphate (Ap4A) binding to receptor)  
 RN 158734-09-9 ZCPLUS  
 CN L-Serine, L-arginylglycyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L95 ANSWER 49 OF 51 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:570940 ZCPLUS Full-text  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 122:307396  
 TITLE: Receptor mediated label transfer assay  
 INVENTOR(S): Beutler, Bruce A.; Poltorak, Alexander; Peppel, Karsten  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Board of Regents, University of Texas System, USA  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 46 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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 WO 9506257 A1 19950302 WO 1994-US9553 19940823 <--  
 W: AM, AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, ES, FI, GB,  
 GE, HU, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MN, MW,  
 NL, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SI, SK, TJ, TT, UA, UZ, VN  
 RW: KE, MW, SD, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC,  
 NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG  
 AU 9476031 A 19950321 AU 1994-76031 19940823 <--  
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1993-111075 A 19930823 <--  
 WO 1994-US9553 W 19940823 <--

AB A new method for the detection of subpicogram amounts of soluble receptors and receptor-ligands is disclosed. The method is exceedingly sensitive and has been used to detect tumor necrosis factor (TNF) in plasma samples by using a <sup>131</sup>I-labeled recombinant TNF receptor capture ligand that is crosslinked to the TNF, then isolated and detected by PAGE. The technique takes advantage of the resolving power of PAGE combined with specificity imparted by receptor-ligand interaction. Limitations imposed only by the affinity constant of interaction between ligand and receptor are circumvented by forming a covalent bond between the receptor and the ligand. The assay is in principle applicable to the detection of many protein hormones for which soluble receptors exist and is particularly suited to detection of proteins that engage multiple receptor subunits. The methods represent a major improvement over conventional methods for the assay of trace proteins and specific detection of only a few hundred thousand active mols.

IC ICM G01N033-68  
 ICS G01N033-566; G01N033-531

CC 2-1 (Mammalian Hormones)  
 Section cross-reference(s): 3, 9, 14

IT Animal growth regulators  
 Hormones  
 Interferons  
 Ligands  
 Lymphokines and Cytokines  
 Proteins, biological studies  
 Receptors  
 RL: ANT (Analyte); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (receptor-mediated label transfer assay)

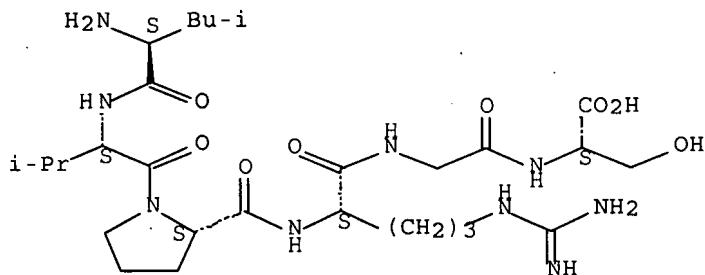
IT 9002-72-6, Growth hormone  
 RL: ANT (Analyte); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (receptor-mediated label transfer assay)

IT 50-00-0, Formaldehyde, biological studies 111-30-8, Glutaraldehyde  
 30525-89-4, Paraformaldehyde 68528-80-3, Disuccinimidyl suberate  
 158734-08-8 163517-20-2 163517-21-3 163517-22-4  
 163517-23-5 163517-24-6  
 RL: ARU (Analytical role, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use);  
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (receptor-mediated label transfer assay)

IT 158734-08-8  
 RL: ARU (Analytical role, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use);  
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (receptor-mediated label transfer assay)

RN 158734-08-8 ZCPLUS  
 CN L-Serine, L-leucyl-L-valyl-L-prolyl-L-arginylglycyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L95 ANSWER 50 OF 51 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:673013 ZCPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 121:273013

TITLE: Manufacture of vasoactive intestinal peptide as an oligomer linked by labile peptides in a fusion protein

INVENTOR(S): Lavergne, Fabienne; Muller, Jean-Marc; Meunier, Annie-Claire Marie Helene; Cenatiempo, Yves; Julien, Raymond Alphonse; Raingeaud, Joel

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Centre National de la Recherche Scientifique, Fr.; Universite de Limoges

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 45 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: French

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9419469	A1	19940901	WO 1994-FR111	19940128
W: CA, JP, US				
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
FR 2701953	A1	19940902	FR 1993-1988	19930222
FR 2701953	B1	19950524		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			FR 1993-1988	A 19930222

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 121:273013

AB Fusion proteins X-T-(A-VIP-B-C)n-A-VIP-B-Y (VIP = vasoactive intestinal peptide = HSDAVFTDNYTRLRKQMAVKKYLN SILN; X is a marker protein or the peptide MHGCRSIDS, T = LVPRGS when X is a marker protein, otherwise RGS; A = IER; B = GSTPR; C = serine; Y = GIHRD; n is an integer from 0. to 31) are manufactured by expression of the cloned gene with the VIP peptides released from the fusion protein by cleavage with a combination of factor Xa and hydroxylamine. The preferred marker protein (X) is glutathione-S-transferase. The construction of expression cassettes based on pGEX2 and the manufacture, purification, and site-specific cleavage of the fusion protein are demonstrated. The VIP recovered from the fusion protein with the B or B-C-A extension has biol. activities comparable to natural VIP.

IC ICM C12N015-62  
ICS C12N015-70; C12N015-63; C07K013-00; C12N001-21; C12P021-02

ICI C12N001-21, C12R001-19

CC 2-6 (Mammalian Hormones)

IT 56-45-1DP, Serine, oligomeric fusion products containing vasoactive intestinal peptide and 60703-95-9DP, oligomeric fusion products 91859-00-6DP, oligomeric fusion products containing vasoactive intestinal peptide and 158734-07-7DP, oligomeric fusion products containing vasoactive intestinal

peptide and 158734-08-8DP, oligomeric fusion products containing vasoactive intestinal peptide and 158734-09-9DP, oligomeric fusion products containing vasoactive intestinal peptide and 158734-10-2DP, oligomeric fusion products containing vasoactive intestinal peptide and 158734-11-3DP, oligomeric fusion products containing vasoactive intestinal peptide and  
RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(manufacture of vasoactive intestinal peptide as an oligomer linked by labile peptides in a fusion protein)

IT 158734-09-9DP, oligomeric fusion products containing vasoactive intestinal peptide and

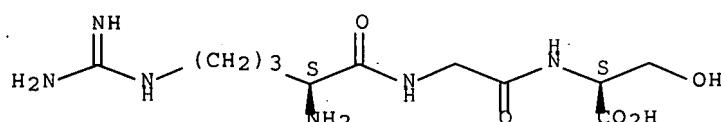
RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(manufacture of vasoactive intestinal peptide as an oligomer linked by labile peptides in a fusion protein)

RN 158734-09-9 ZCPLUS

CN L-Serine, L-arginylglycyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L95 ANSWER 51 OF 51 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1990:421379 ZCPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 113:21379

TITLE: Persistent spreading of ligament cells on osteopontin/bone sialoprotein-I or collagen enhances tolerance to heat shock

AUTHOR(S): Sauk, John J.; Van Kampen, Craig L.; Norris, Kathleen; Moehring, Jennifer; Foster, Ruth A.; Somerman, Martha J.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dent. Sch., Univ. Maryland, Baltimore, MD, 21201, USA

SOURCE: Experimental Cell Research (1990), 188(1),

105-10

CODEN: ECREAL; ISSN: 0014-4827

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB Fibronectin (FN), bone sialoprotein-I (BSP-I), type I collagen, and a number of synthetic peptides containing the integrin attachment sequence (RGD) were evaluated for their ability to affect stress tolerance in osteoligament cells (OL). The attachment and spreading of OL cells was determined and survival from heat shock was evaluated by known methods. These studies showed that FN, BSP-I, and synthetic RGD peptides enhance attachment of OL cells. Increased survival from heat was limited to cells spread on fibronectin, BSP-I, and type I collagen. OL cells that persistently spread on BSP-I and type I collagen had more survivors than cells demonstrating transient spreading on FN. These studies indicate that (1) cell spreading is a prerequisite for stress tolerance and (2) enhanced stress tolerance is mediated by protein sequences other than those immediately surrounding the RGD sites in native proteins.

CC 13-6 (Mammalian Biochemistry)

IT 91037-66-0, VTGRGDSPASSKPIC 127780-09-0, VTGRGSPAC

127780-11-4, EDRGDTYRAVEDEK 127780-12-5, QVTRGDVFTMPEDEK 127780-13-6, PDGRGDSLAYGLRSK

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(ligament cell attachment and spreading on, heat shock tolerance  
response to)

IT 127780-09-0, VTGRGSPAC

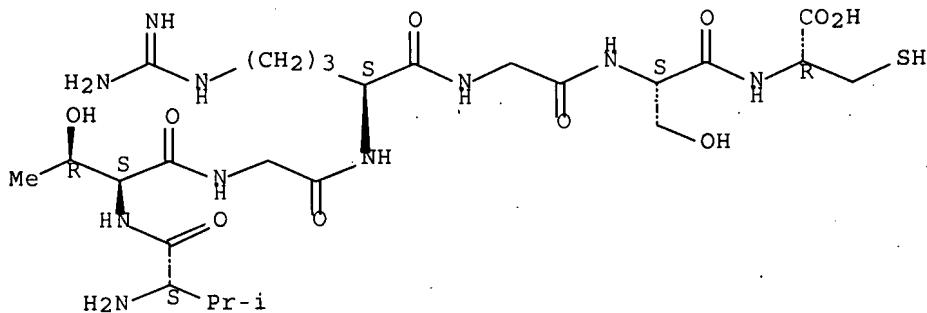
RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(ligament cell attachment and spreading on, heat shock tolerance  
response to)

RN 127780-09-0 ZCAPLUS

CN L-Cysteine, N-[N- [N- [N2- [N- (N-L-valyl-L-threonyl)glycyl] -L-arginyl]glycyl]-  
L-seryl] - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



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(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 10:48:02 ON 05 SEP 2007)

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E US2005-534355/APPS

L1 2 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON US2005-534355/AP  
D SCA  
SEL RN

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L3 10 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (158734-09-9/BI OR 25265-71-8/BI OR  
25265-75-2/BI OR 56-65-5/BI OR 57-55-6/BI OR 64-17-5/BI OR  
67-63-0/BI OR 71-23-8/BI OR 7440-70-2/BI OR 9003-11-6/BI)  
D SCA L2

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FILE 'ZCPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:05:08 ON 05 SEP 2007  
L5 10 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L2  
D SCA

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 11:09:37 ON 05 SEP 2007  
L6 186 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON ^.{0-3}RGS.{0-3}^/SQSP  
L7 0 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L6 AND L2  
L8 186 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L6 AND SQL<10  
L9 0 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L6 AND SQL<4  
L10 11 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L6 AND SQL<5  
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L11 0 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON 158734-09-9/CRN  
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L18 175128 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON ?COSMET?/SC, SX  
L19 2257205 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON PHARM?/CC, SX, SC  
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L20 115 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L15 AND (L16 OR L18 OR L19)  
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L22 3 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L21 AND L16  
L23 3 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L21 AND L18  
L24 5 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L21 AND L19  
L25 6 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (L22 OR L23 OR L24)  
L26 1741414 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (THU OR BAC OR PKT OR PAC OR DMA) /RL  
L27 4 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L2 (L) L26  
L28 6 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L25 OR L27  
L29 4 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L5 NOT L28  
L30 85846 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON ?COSMET?/BI

L31	215552	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	?DERM?/BI
L32	315606	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	?SKIN?/BI
L33	907	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	?CELLULIT?/BI
L34	206046	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	AGING?/BI OR ANTIAGING?/BI
L35	1	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 AND L30 D SCA
L36	16	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 AND L31
L37	22	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 AND L32
L38	0	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 AND L33
L39	1	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 AND L34 D SCA
L40	65	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 (L) L26
L41	12	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L40 AND (L30 OR L31 OR L32 OR L33 OR L34)
L42	2	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 AND L18 D SCA
L43	49	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L19 AND L40
L44	16	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L40 NOT L43
L45	33	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	(L36 OR L37 OR L38 OR L39)
L46	21	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L45 NOT L41
L47	1375243	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	GROWTH/BI
L48	54	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L47 AND L15
L49	129	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 AND PY<2003
L50	138	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 AND PRY<2003
L51	126	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 AND AY<2003
L52	166	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	(L49 OR L50 OR L51)
L53	20	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L52 AND (L35 OR L36 OR L37 OR L38 OR L39)
L*** DEL	107	S L52 (L) L26		
L54	52	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L40 AND L52
L55	63	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L53 OR L54
L56	33	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L48 AND L52
L57	81	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	(L55 OR L56)
L58	4163	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	BONE GROWTH?/BI
L59	1630	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	BODY GROWTH?/BI
L60	2	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	(L58 OR L59) AND L52 D SCA
L61	218210	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	BONE#/BI
L62	11	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L61 AND L52
L63	3	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L40 AND L62
L64	9	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L53 AND L40
L65	69	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L52 AND L19
L66	36	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L65 AND L54
L67	52	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L40 AND L52
L68	10	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L67 AND L47
L69	37	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L35 OR L41 OR L42 OR L60 OR L62 OR L63 OR L53 OR L64 OR L68
L70	9	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L53 AND L40
L71	33	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L52 AND L47
L72	51	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L69 OR L71
L73	1138160	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	GROWTH/AB
L74	13	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L73 AND L52
L75	44	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L69 OR L74
L76	0	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L15 (L) COS/RL E DALF/AU E DAL F/AU
L77	62	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	DAL FARRA C?/AU
L78	59	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	DOMLOGE N?/AU
L79	31	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	BOTTO J?/AU
L80	57	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L77 AND (L78 OR L79)
L81	7	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L78 AND L79
L82	58	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	(L80 OR L81)

L83 6 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L80 AND L81  
D STAT QUE L69  
L84 44 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L69 OR L70 OR L74  
L85 0 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L84 AND (L77 OR L78 OR L79)  
L86 3 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L5 AND (L77 OR L78 OR L79)  
D SCA  
L87 6 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L5 AND ((L16 OR L17 OR L18 OR L19) OR L30  
OR L40 OR (L31 OR L32 OR L33 OR L34) OR L47 OR (L58 OR L59) OR  
L61 OR L73)  
L88 3 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L87 AND (L77 OR L78 OR L79)  
L89 26504 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON CUTANEOUS/BI  
L90 0 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L52 AND L89  
L91 1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L15 AND L89  
D SCA  
L92 0 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L91 AND (L77 OR L78 OR L79)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:01:44 ON 05 SEP 2007

FILE 'ZCPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:01:49 ON 05 SEP 2007

D STAT QUE L83  
D STAT QUE L86  
D STAT QUE L88  
L93 0 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (L77 OR L78 OR L79) AND L15  
L94 7 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L83 OR L86 OR L88  
D IBIB ABS HITIND HITSTR L94 1-7

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:03:47 ON 05 SEP 2007

FILE 'ZCPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:03:52 ON 05 SEP 2007

D STAT QUE L25  
D STAT QUE L27  
D STAT QUE L5  
D STAT QUE L87  
D STAT QUE L35  
D STAT QUE L41  
D STAT QUE L42  
D STAT QUE L60  
D STAT QUE L62  
D STAT QUE L63  
D STAT QUE L53  
D STAT QUE L64  
D STAT QUE L68  
D STAT QUE L70  
D STAT QUE L74  
D STAT QUE L91  
L95 51 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (L25 OR L27 OR L5 OR L87 OR L35 OR L41 OR  
L42 OR L60 OR L62 OR L63 OR L53 OR L64 OR L68 OR L70 OR L74 OR  
L91) NOT L94  
D IBIB ABS HITIND HITSTR L95 1-51

FILE HOME

FILE ZCPLUS

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